# Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program

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# **Logistics and Introductions**

Roy Richardson – SCC Sherri Law – SCC Steve Bloser - PSU

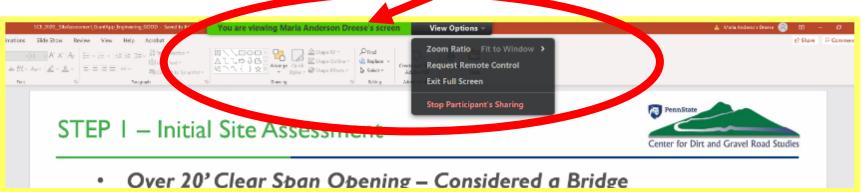
www.dirtandgravelroads.org



## Top of your screen:

- Viewing options
- Get out of full screen mode, etc.

Your buttons will look different, just look for the lime green tab

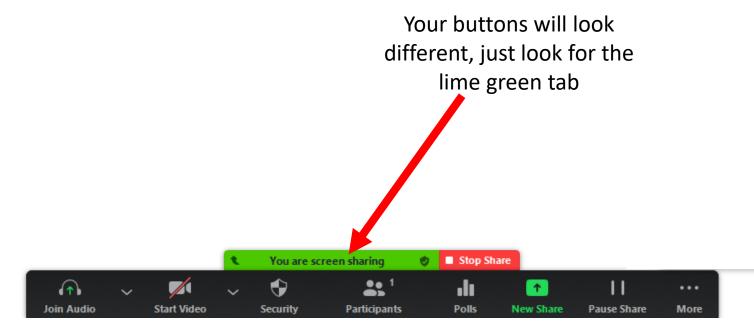


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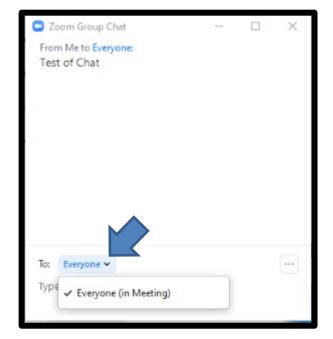
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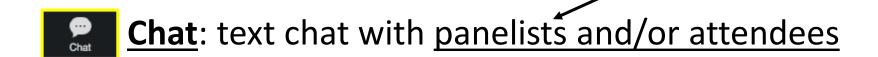
Three options to communicate:

Chat: text chat with panelists and/or attendees



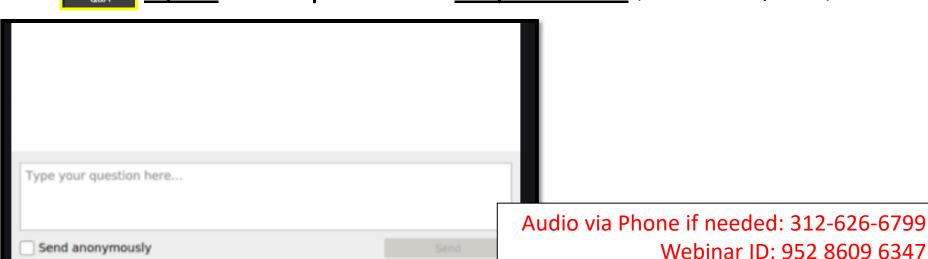
Roy\Justin\Steve

- You are muted by default.
- Three options to communicate:



Roy\Justin\Steve

Q&A: Ask questions to panelists (can be anonymous)



- You are muted by default.
- Three options to communicate:
- Chat: text chat with panelists and/or attendees
- Q&A: Ask questions to panelists
- Raise Hand: We will assume you wish to speak and unmute you

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# **Admin Training Schedule**

## **Today**

Will take 1-2 breaks

Let's Get Started
PLEASE ASK QUESTIONS

This is the full (directors cut)
DGLVR admin training, not a shortened refresher.

# Logistical questions?

Audio via Phone if needed: 312-626-6799

Webinar ID: 952 8609 6347





## **Administrative Training**

#### Roy Richardson

- PROGRAM Coordinator
- State Conservation Commission
- Pa Department of Agriculture
- rrichardso@pa.gov
- **–** 717-787-2013

#### Sherri Law

- State Conservation Commission
- Pa Department of Agriculture
- shlaw@pa.gov
- 223 666 2567 / Cell: 717-480-2303

#### • Vacant

#### **Steve Bloser**

**CENTER Director** 

PSU Center for Dirt and Gravel

Roads

smb201@psu.edu

814-865-5355

# **Goals today:**

- Provide guidance for Districts to run their Program.
- Clear up "grey areas" in existing Program.
- Outline new topics.



# **Program Fundamentals**

 Focus on environmental and road improvement projects

## Local control

- Conservation District runs local Program
- Quality Assurance Boards at County
- State guidance and local policies
- Application and Grant Process, 90%+ of applicants are townships.

# What do we mean by "Local Control"?

# What do we mean by "Local Control"?

# **0% Local Control**



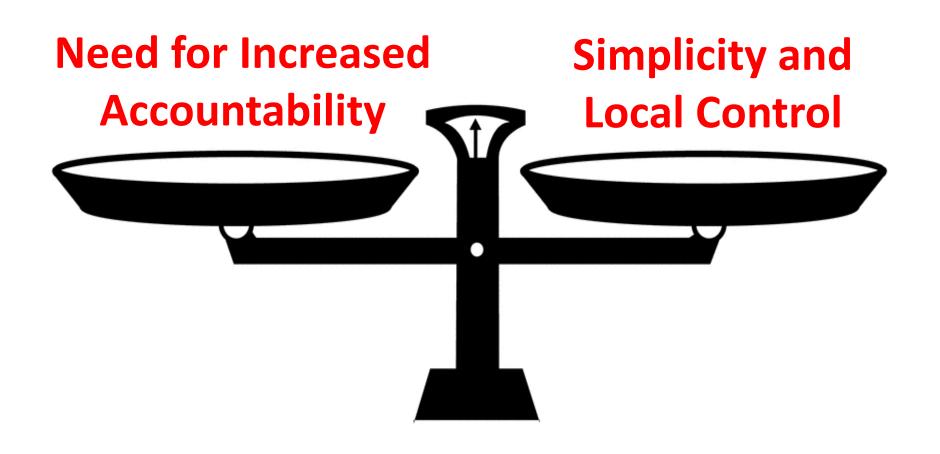
# What do we mean by "Local Control"? 100% Local Control



# What do we mean by "Local Control"? Effective local control



# Overall balancing act



#### **Administrative Manual**

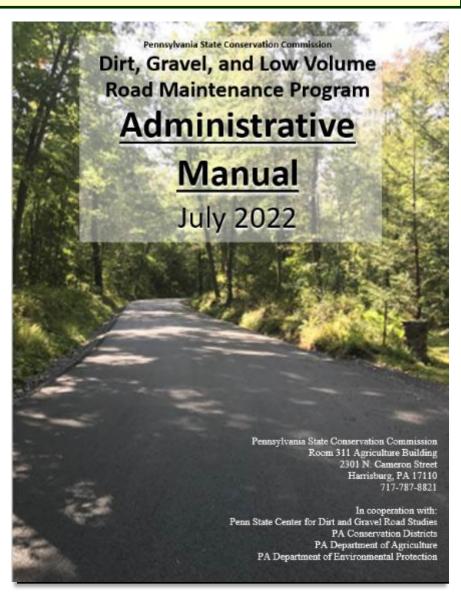
# DG&LVR Administrative Manual Approved by SCC 5/10/22

- 1) Introduction
- 2) SCC Role
- 3) Conservation District Role
- 4) Quality Assurance Board Role
- 5) Applicant Role
- 6) Center for Dirt and Gravel Roads
- 7) Additional Policies
- 8) Permits and Other Requirements Appendices

Available online.

Hard copies sent on request.

**Training Follows Manual!** 



#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **DG&LVR Administrative Manual**

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#### 1) Introduction

6-page "Abstract" of the Program and the rest of the manual.

**Program Structure** 

**Program History** 

**ESM Overview** 

#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **DG&LVR Administrative Manual**

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#### 1) SCC Role

4-page summary of SCC role

**SCC Structure** 

**Program Administration** 

**QAQC** 

#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **DG&LVR Administrative Manual**

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### 3) District Role

Over ½ of manual

**Receiving Funds** 

**Accounting for Funds** 

**Dispersing Funds to Grantees** 

**CD Educational Opportunities** 

**Education/Training by CDs** 

**Program Eligibility** 

**Administering Projects** 

**GIS** system

**Quarterly Reports** 

**Annual Reports** 

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4) QAB Role

**Defines composition and function of QAB** 

Composition

**Meeting Requirements** 

**QAB Role in Projects** 

**QAB** Role in Policy

#### **Administrative Manual**

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## 5) Applicant Role

Intentionally repeats previous material

Written "to" the applicant audience

Intended to be standalone to give to applicants.

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### 6) Center Role

3-page overview of Center role and available services

**Education** 

**Outreach** 

**Technical Assistance** 

**Documentation** 

#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **DG&LVR Administrative Manual**

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## 7) Additional Policies

Policies that apply to certain circumstances:

**Stream Crossing Replacement** 

**Driving Surface Aggregate** 

**Paved LVR-Specific Policies** 

**Full Depth Reclamation** 

#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **DG&LVR Administrative Manual**

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## 8) Permits

Brief overview of permit issues related to Program projects.

#### **Administrative Manual**

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## **Appendices**

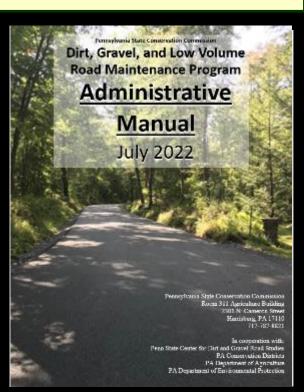
#### Program forms and policies...

- A. DIRT, GRAVEL, AND LOW-VOLUME ROAD
- B. COMMISSION STATEMENT OF POLICY......
- C. GRANT APPLICATION.....
- D. TRAFFIC COUNT VALIDATION AND INSTR
- E. COST ALLOCATION METHOD EXAMPLES..
- F. DRIVING SURFACE AGGREGATE STANDAF
- G. STREAM CROSSING DESIGN AND INSTALL
- H. STREAM CROSSING ELIGIBILITY DETERM
- I. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE STREAM CROSSI
- J. STREAM CROSSING PROJECT LIFECYCL
- K. DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS.....

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**Appendices** 



- 1.1 Program Purpose
- 1.2 Program Structure
- 1.3 Program History
- 1.4 Worksites

Topic List: Program Overview

# **Introduction Contents**

- Overview of Program and rest of manual
- Brief Program history
- Explanation of Worksites
- Brief Explanation of Environmentally Sensitive Maintenance practices

# **Introduction Contents**

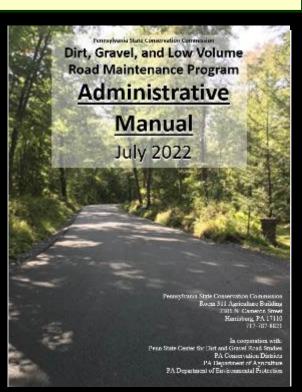
- Overview of Program and rest of manual
- Brief Program history
- Explanation of Worksites
- Explanation of ESM practices

Note manual section and title on top of slide. Follow along or take notes in manual.

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**Appendices** 



# **State Conservation Commission (SCC)**

- 14-member board in PA Department of Agriculture
- Doug M. Wolfgang: Executive Secretary
- Roy Richardson: DGLVR Program Coordinator
- Sherri Law: DGLVR Staff
- vacant: DGLVR Staff

# **SCC Role**

- SCC Structure
- Program Coordinator
- Allocations
- Replenishments
- Establishing Policy
- Quality Assurance / Quality Control

### **Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QAQC)**

- 1-2 day visit to review county Program.
- Financial, Administration & Functionality, Projects.
- Involves SCC, Center, and Field Reps.
- Planning to visit ~22 districts annually.
- Complete details on website www.dirtandgravelroads.org

#### **QAQC Round 1:**

Every County visited 2003-2011

#### **QAQC Round 2:**

Every County visited 2015-2017

#### **QAQC Round 3:**

Every County visited 2018-2020

#### **QAQC Round 4:**

- 2021 to 2023
- 48 completed so far

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**Appendices** 



#### District Role:

- -Run the Program within each County.
- Receive \$ from SCC
- Provide grants to applicants

# SHERRI

- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview

Topic List: follow the money

- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility

# 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility

## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

#### **Receiving Funds from SCC**

- 5-year agreement (FY 2022-23 is year 5)
- Timeline for allocations
  - Approved by SCC in May
  - Approved in State Budget for July 1
  - Advances received by CDs by September
- Allocations are formula-based:
  - DGR: miles of unpaved roads and worksites and proximity to streams
  - LVR: miles of urban and non-urban roads and proximity to streams
  - Complete details: www.dirtandgravelroads.org

#### **Advanced Working Capital**

- 50% of allocations advanced to districts
  - Will come as separate deposits (DGR and LVR)
  - Allocation worksheet explains breakdowns

ank Partner No: BN01	ATTACHMENT D	Invoice Number	
		Invoice Date:	05-19-2022
County	Conservation District Docum	nent Number:	410008
EIN:	Vendor ID:	FY	7:22/23
(Low)	et and Gravel Roads) Apportion  Volume Roads allocation is in a separa	ate worksheet)	
CCD Dut and G	ravel Roads Maintenance Program Ap	portionment Allocatio	n Total:
Dirt and Gravel Roads (DGR) Base Allocation		\$	100,000.00
Maximum that can be used for Administrative expenses (10%)		\$	10,000.00
Maximum that can be used for Education and Outreach expenses (10%)		6)\$	10,000.00
Minimum that must be spent on projects (80%)		\$	80,000.00
Working Capital Advanced Payment* (Total Allocation X 0.5) *advance payment is at the discretion of the State Conservation Commission advances may be withheld from districts with existing account balances		\$	50,000.00

# DGLVR funds will be direct deposited into each conservation district's account

- Required by PA State Treasury
- Separate deposits for DGR and LVR

- Districts receive replenishments of remaining 50% of funds based on actual spending
  - Replenishments handled in GIS quarterly reporting system
    - Automatically generated each quarter
    - DGR and LVR replenishment will come in separate deposits



#### **Spending Requirements**

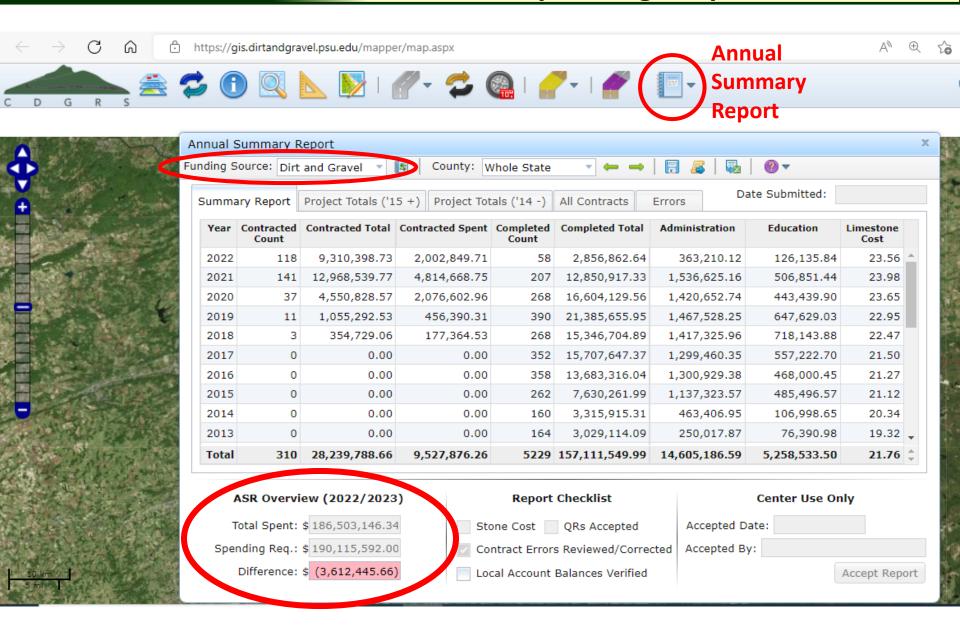
- DGR and LVR spending tracked separately.
- All funds must be spent within two years of state budget approval to be eligible for future allocations.
  - Administration and Education funds must be utilized within the fiscal year they are allotted
  - At the end of the fiscal year, unspent admin and edu funds become project funds (which still must be spent by the end of the 2-year time frame)
- If a District misses a year, can be eligible in future years if they meet future requirements.

#### **Spending Requirements**

- Tracked in the GIS
- Contact the SCC for assistance with meeting spending requirements

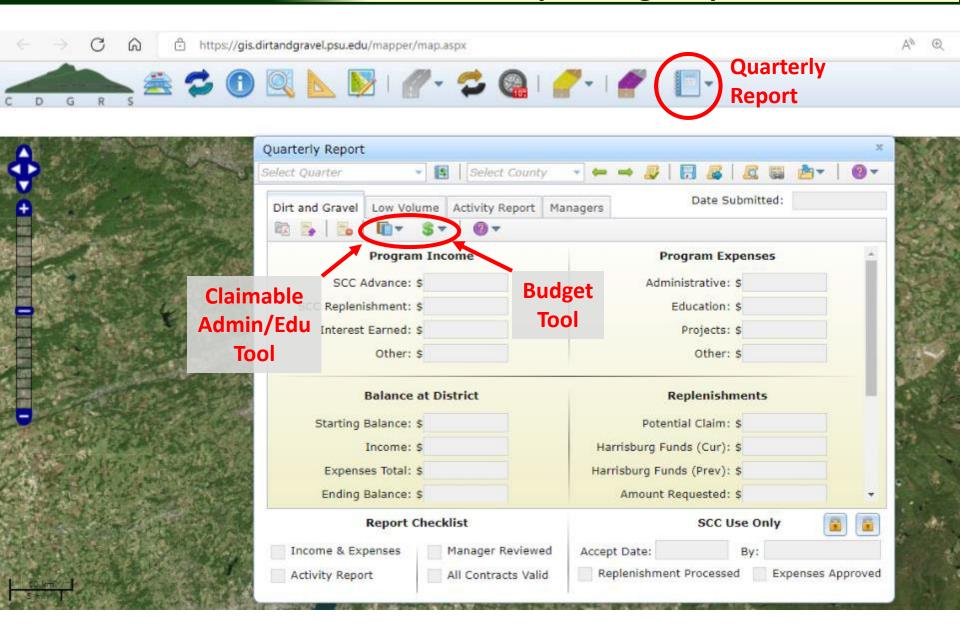
#### Chap 3. CD Role

#### 3.3.4: Spending Requirements



#### Chap 3. CD Role

#### 3.3.4: Spending Requirements

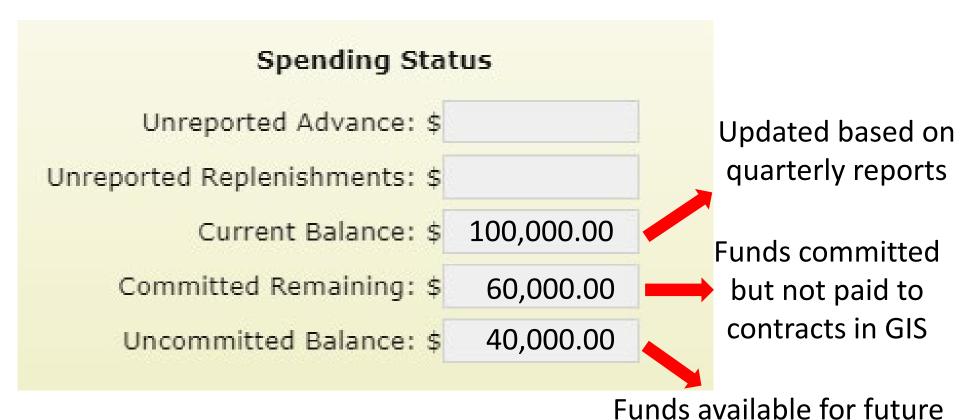




NOTE: This ONLY accounts for administrative and education spending reported in quarterly reports (Does not include budgeted/planned admin or edu spending)

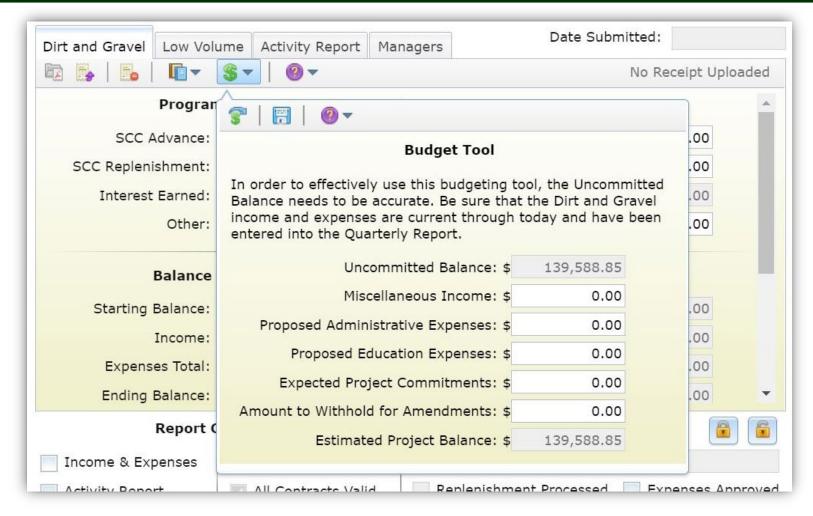
spending

(project, admin, and edu)



NOTE: Does not include budgeted/planned admin or edu spending

#### 3.3.4: Spending Requirements



NOTE: This tool resets every quarter

Make sure quarterly report is up to date before starting

See 7/7/22 webinar recording for details



- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility

# 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

- DGLVR funds must be in an interest-bearing Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or equivalent insured account
- Districts must ensure that account balances in excess of \$250,000 are also insured or otherwise collateralized
- District records relating to the DGLVR Program must be kept for a minimum of <u>7 years</u>

#### **Separate Accounting:**

- Dirt and Gravel Roads funds (Project, Admin, and Edu)
  - to be used solely for Dirt and Gravel Road Program expenses
  - must be accounted for separate from the Low Volume Roads funds
- Low Volume Roads funds (Project, Admin, and Edu)
  - to be used solely for Low Volume Road Program expenses
  - must be accounted for separate from the Low Volume Roads funds

While it is not required to have separate accounts for Program funds, separate accounting is required for administrative, education, project work, and interest for both the Dirt and Gravel and Low-Volume Road allocations.

#### **Separate Accounting:**

 Districts are required to track funding based on the following categories:

#### **DGR**

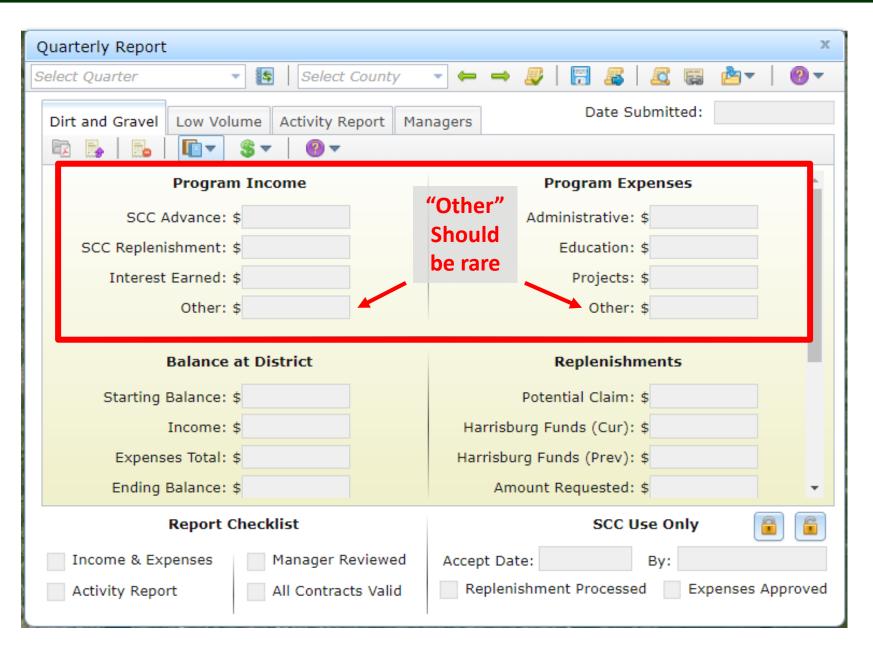
- Income
  - Advances
  - Replenishments
  - Interest earned
- Expenses
  - Administration
  - Education / Training
  - Projects

#### **LVR**

- Income
  - Advances
  - Replenishments
  - Interest earned
- Expenses
  - Administration
  - Education / Training
  - Projects

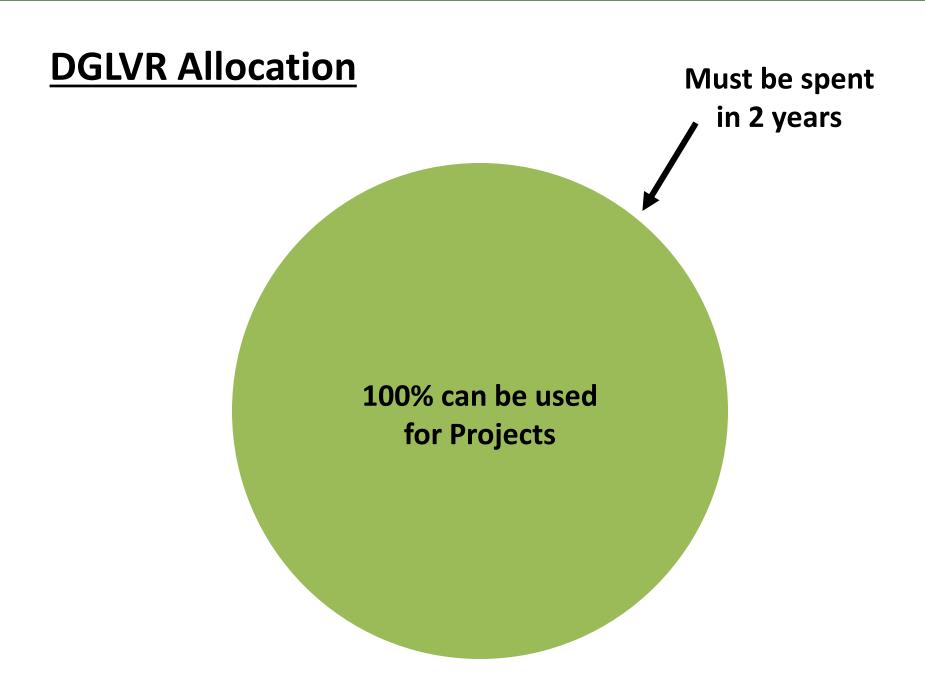
These categories are in the quarterly report

#### 3.4.1: Separate Accounting

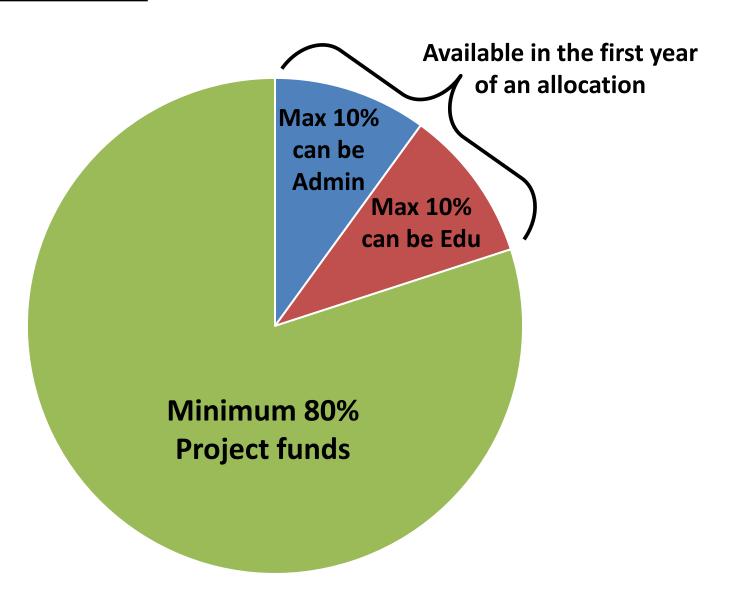


#### **District May Utilize:**

- Up to 10% for administration.
- Up to 10% for education/training
- At least 80% must be spent on projects.

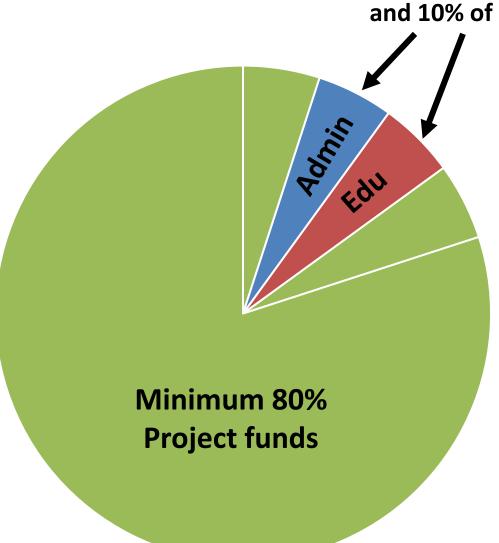


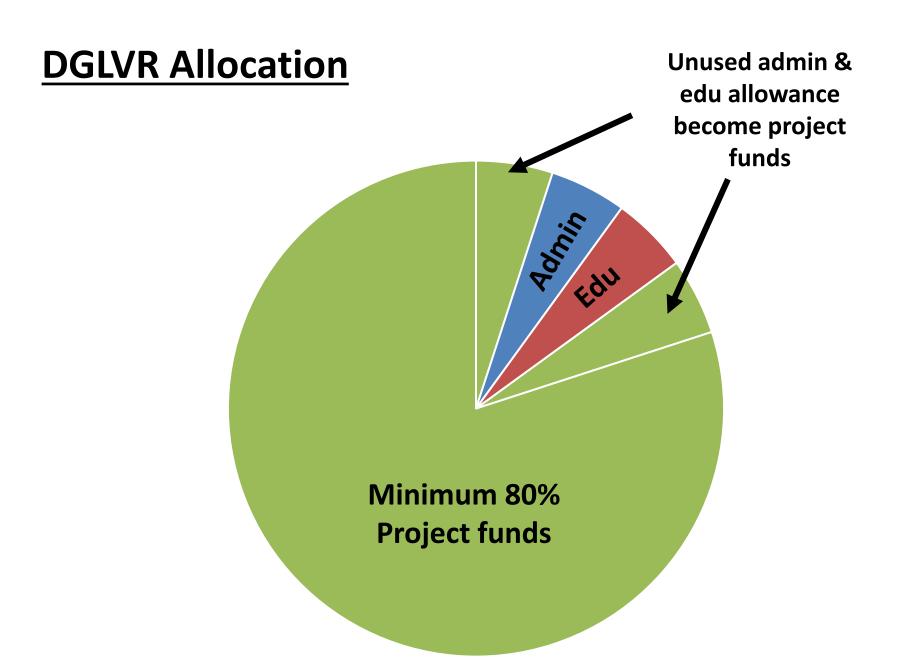
#### **DGLVR Allocation**



#### **DGLVR Allocation**

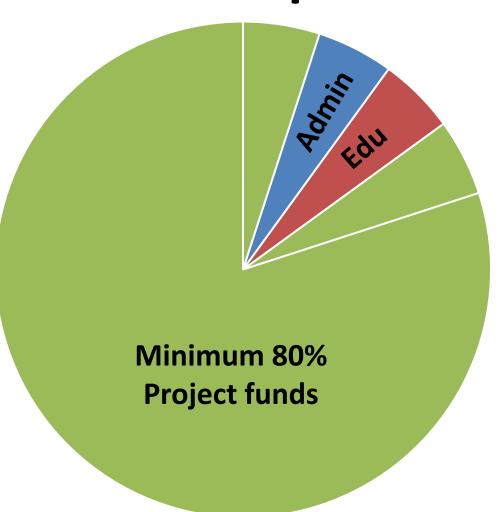
Can use less than 10% of allocation for admin and 10% of allocation for edu





#### **DGLVR Allocation**

# All funds must be spent in 2 years

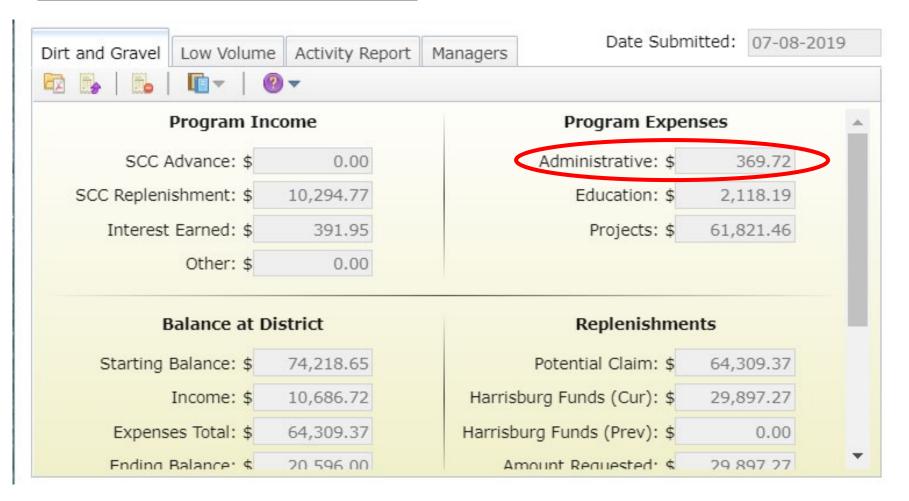




#### **Guidelines for Administrative Funds**

- Up to 10% of allocations of both DGR and LVR
  - Up to 100% of funds can be used on projects
- Primary purpose of Admin Funds is:
  - Ensure adequate funding for technical staff who work on the Program
- Must be spent on eligible expenses as they are incurred.
- Must be incurred within the allotted fiscal year (1 year spending limit)
- "Banking" of funds is not permitted

#### **Administration Funds**



#### **Guidelines for Education / Training Funds**

- Up to 10% of allocations of both DGR and LVR
  - Up to 100% of funds can be used on projects
- Primary purpose of education funds:
  - Allow District to attend trainings and events for their own education
  - Provide training and events for potential program participants
- Must be spent on eligible expenses as they are incurred.
- Must be incurred within the allotted fiscal year
- "Banking" of funds is not permitted

#### **Education/Training Funds**



# Admin and Edu funds are not the same

### <u>Admin</u>

- Salary and Benefits for administering the Program
- Travel for administering the Program
- Office Expenses
- Field Equipment
- Aggregate testing
- Consulting services
- Overhead costs (insurance, utilities, rent)

- Equipment for rental to applicants
- DemonstrationProjects
- Cost Allocation
   Method must be
   used for shared
   expenses

#### Edu

- Salary and Benefits for time related to DGLVR educational activities
- Travel for educational purposes
  - Costs to attend trainings
- Costs to host trainings
- Promotional materials
- Participation incentives

# Admin and Edu funds are not the same Salary and Benefits

# <u>Admin</u>

- Salary and Benefitsfor <u>administering the</u><u>DGLVR Program</u>
- Cost Allocation Method must be used for shared expenses
- Salary and Benefits for technical staff, support staff, and management salaries

#### Edu

 Salary and Benefits related to <u>DGLVR</u> educational activities

- Example administration activities include:
  - site inspections, meetings, completing paperwork, communications, etc. related to DGLVR Projects.
  - QAB meetings and Conservation District Board of Director meetings
  - Reviewing DGLVR applications

- DGLVR educational activities include:
  - attending or hosting trainings, conferences, field days, workshops, technical assistance, or other outreach activities.
  - Teaching individuals or small groups about the DGLVR Program in regard to potential DGLVR Project sites without a current contract for DGLVR funds. This includes working with potential grant applicants to develop an application for DGLVR funds, such as preapplication meetings.
- DGLVR educational activities do NOT include:
  - Administering DGLVR Projects with a current DGLVR Contract
  - Administering the DGLVR Program, including QAB meetings, Conservation District Board of Director meetings, and reviewing DGLVR applications

### **Salary and Benefits:**

- Salary can only be claimed for time spent working directly on administration or education/training efforts for the DGLVR program.
- Tracking can be done on an hourly basis, a percent effort basis, or some other method that allocates salary in accordance with time spent on the Program.
- Conservation districts must be able to document that staff time claimed as administrative time is spent on eligible administrative activities and staff time claimed as education time is spent on eligible education activities.

#### **Staff time tracking:**

- —This should be a time sheet and/or report that includes details of the activity, including:
  - the date
  - activity description
  - staff member(s)
  - amount of time
  - road name & road owner
  - how the activity qualifies as a DGLVR admin or edu activity
- or some other method that documents that admin or edu time is spent on eligible admin or edu activities, respectively.

#### **Example Time Tracking Method**

									$\overline{}$						
	DGLVR Staff Time Sheet														
Month:	: January														
	2022														
Staff name:	Jane Doe														
Title:	Resource Conservation Technician														
Conservation District:	Example County Conservation District														
	Activity Description  Be sure to include enough info to justify whether the activity is an eligible admin and/or edu expense. See DGLVR Admin Manual Section 3.4 for details. Consider including road name	DGR Admin	DGR Edu	LVR Admin	LVR Edu	DGR Admin	DGR Edu	LVR Admin	LVR Edu						
Date	and owner for potential or funded DGLVR projects.	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Miles	Miles	Miles	Miles						
1/3/2022	watched webinar on Annual Summary Report	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25		1								
1/6/2022	Present at local Township Association meeting about DGLVR Program		1		1		9		9						
	Pre-application meeting with Example Township on Roads A, B, and C (all														
1/10/2022	potential DGR projects)	1.5	1.5	L	<u> </u>	55	1								
1/13/2022	Assist Example Township fill out grant application for Roads A and B (DGR)	1	1												
	review applications from Example Township and provide feedback (Roads A & B)	1													
	review revised app for Roads A and B, Example Township	0.5													
1/25/2022	QAB meeting	3													
	Attended Example CCD Board meeting - shared updates on DGLVR Program &														
	shared QAB recommendations for project funding	0.5		0.5	<u> </u>		<u>'</u>	1							
	prepared contracts for projects approved at Board meeting (2 DGR and 4 LVR -	ل ا	Į.	( J	1	1	1	1							
	see meeting minutes)	1		2	J		<u>'</u>								
1/31/2022	Example 2 Township, Road X (LVR) - inspect cross pipe installation			2.5	J		<u> </u>	21							
		1					<u> </u>								
	Totals	8.75	3.75	5.25	1.25	55	9	21	9						
	hourly rate/mileage rate	\$ 35.00	\$ 35.00	\$ 35.00	\$35.00	\$0.585	\$0.585	\$0.585	\$0.585						
	Total expense	_	_	_	\$43.75	\$32.18	\$ 5.27	\$12.29	\$ 5.27						

#### **Example Time Tracking Method**

AUGUST	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29 3	0 31	TOTAL
General District																															0.0
Hol/Sick/PT/VAC/Admin							4.00				1.00		8.00	4.00							6.00			4.00			2.00	3.00		8.00	40.0
Leave Description (H, S, V, P)	\						v			- 1	Р		s	v							2:140			s			s	s		V	0.0
Act 38-Nutrient Mgmt											231																				0.0
Ag Cons Tech (ACT)																															0.0
Chesapeake Bay			4.00	3.00	2.00	4.00				3.50	4.50	8.00		4.00			6.00	2.00	4.00	3.00	100			3.00	6.00	3.00	4.00	5.00			70.0
Farm Preservation			4.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	4.00			150							0.50	0.50													18.5
VNV																															0.0
Environmental Education																															0.0
Spotted Lanternfly																															0.0
QEWP																															0.0
MS4																															0.0
E&S																															0.0
Administrative																															0.0
Complaints																												-			0.0
DEP Training																															0.0
District Sponsored Trng																															0.0
Inspection/Visits														-																	0.0
Media						-																									0.0
100000000000000000000000000000000000000																															0.0
Permit Processing Plan Reviews																															0.0
																															0.0
Pre-con/Planning Mtgs										-	-																				
Technical Assistance			_			-		_	_		_											_	-							_	0.0
Watershed					-	-				_			_	_						-				-		_	-	_			17.5
Watershed Activities				0.50	1.00	1.00				2.00	2.50						1.50	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	1.00		1.00				17.5
Other WS Related Activities																															0.0
Training										_																					0.0
Public Relations-EE Prog																															0.0
WS-Conservation Org Asst.																															0.0
Rain Barrel					_																										0.0
Dirt - edu				1.50																											1.5
Dirt - admin					1.00	0.50				0.50								2.00	2.00	4.00					1.00	5.00	1.00				17.0
Low Vol - edu																															0.0
Low Vol - admin					1.00					0.50								150													3.0
HS Envirothon						0.50																									0.5
MS Envirothon																															0.0
ES Envirothon																															0.0
																															0.0
																															0.0
																															0.0
																															0.0
																															0.0
	0.00	0.00	8.00	8,00	8.00	8.00	8,00	0.00	0.00	8.00	8.00	8,00	8.00	8,00	0.00	0.00	8,00	8,00	8.00	8,00	8.00	0.00	0.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8,00	0.00 0.0	00.8 00	The real Property lies and the least two lies
168.00									-19.9						-		-												STTO		168.0

#### **Example Time Tracking Method**

\$0.00 \$265/10

#### January

#### **DGLVR Program 2021 Expense Tracking**

Date	Expense	Amount	Description	D&G Admin	D&G Ed	D&G Project	LVR Admin	LVR Ed	LVR Project	Total
		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								0.0
						1			A	0.0
			Total Expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
1/7/2021	finance mgr	1 hr	annual summary webinar	14.50			14.50	1042		29.0
	finance mgr	1 hr	updated monthly sheets/balancing quarter	14.50			14.50			29.0
1/14/2021	finance mgr	1/2 hr	qaqc webinar	7.25			7.25			14.5
	finance mgr	1 hr	finalize quarter, balance out year end, make tracking sheets for 2021	14.50			14.50			29.0
	finance mgr	2 hrs	admin training	14.50	14.50		14.50	14.50		58.0
1/29/2021	finance mgr	2 hrs	admin training	14.50	14.50		14.50	14.50		58.0
	$\leftarrow$									0.0
	$\leftarrow$						-			0.0
			Total Admin	79.75	29,00	0.00	79.75	29.00	0.00	217.5
1/7/2021	RCS	4 Hrs	Webinar/Ems/Staff Mtg	39.02	39.02		39.02	39.02	2	156.0
1/12/2021	RCS	4 Hrs	Year End/Mtg Co Park Rd	39.02	39.02		39.02	39.02		156.0
1/13/2021	RCS	2 Hrs	Q4 Reporting	39.02			39.02			78.0
1/14/2021	RCS	3 Hrs	Webinar/ASR		58.53	4		58.53	4	117.0
1/15/2021	RCS	1 Hr	Co Park Rd DEP Coord Ltr				39.02			39.0
1/19/2021	RCS	4 Hrs	DG Site Visit-Brady's Lk	78.04	78.04	4				156.0
1/22/2021	RCS	1 Hr	ASR/Allocation/Toby Twp Mtg	9.76			9.76	9.76	A	39.0
1/29/2021	RCS	1 Hr	Staff Mtgs	19.51		CHI-SAS -	19.51			39.0
			Total Time	224.37	224.37	7 0.00	185.35	146.33	3 0.00	780

Grand Total \$304.12 \$253.37

# Admin and Edu funds are not the same Travel

# **Admin**

#### Travel to:

- field sites & meetings
  - vehicle costs
    - per-diems
      - Parking
        - Etc.

# Edu

#### Travel to:

- set up trainings, workshops, and demonstrations for local stakeholders
- Attend trainings/workshops
- Providetrainings/workshops

#### Admin and Edu funds are not the same

# Field Equipment

**Equipment for applicants** 

(NOT eligible)

### <u>Admin</u>

Equipment for CD use:

- Levels
- Tapes
- survey equipment
- safety equipment
- etc.

- Equipment for loan/rental to applicants
  - Leaf blowers
  - traffic counters
  - grader blades
    - etc.
- Cost Allocation
   Method must be used
   for shared expenses

# <u>Edu</u>

Some districts may choose to use drones to take project pictures, video, and create educational materials. Note that districts using drones for any program are subject to the SCC's "Conservation District Drone Utilization Policy".

#### Admin and Edu funds are not the same

# **Admin**

- Office Expenses
  - Includes:

Computers
Printers
internet service
office supplies like

Aggregate testing

paper, etc.

- Consultant services
  - Overhead costs (insurance, utilities, rent, etc.)

Other

Cost
Allocation
Method must
be used for
shared
expenses

#### Edu

- Providing training:
  - Staff time, supplies, location rental, etc.
- Promotional Materials
  - Advertisements, reports, websites, project signage
  - **Promotional items** 
    - limited to \$1,000/yr
  - **Participation Incentives**
  - Paying travel costs related to education activities for applicants or QAB members

- Some expenses will be 100% eligible DGLVR expenses:
  - folders for DGLVR files
  - mileage to a DGLVR project site
  - QAB newspaper ad
  - Etc.
- Some expenses will be shared with other programs:
  - File folders for any district staff to use
  - Vehicle maintenance for a shared district vehicle
  - Newsletter that covers all district programs
  - Etc.

- Only a portion of shared expenses are eligible DGLVR expenses
- Why?
  - DGR funds can only be used for DGR expenses
  - LVR funds can only be used for LVR expenses
- Separate accounting is required

#### **DGR Expenses**

- Administration
- Education / Training
- Projects

#### LVR Expenses

- Administration
- Education / Training
- Projects

How do we determine what portion of shared expenses are eligible DGR and LVR expenses?

Cost Allocation Method (CAM):

Method for splitting shared costs proportionately

between multiple programs

- Splitting a dinner bill with friends is a cost allocation method
  - You only pay for what you ate

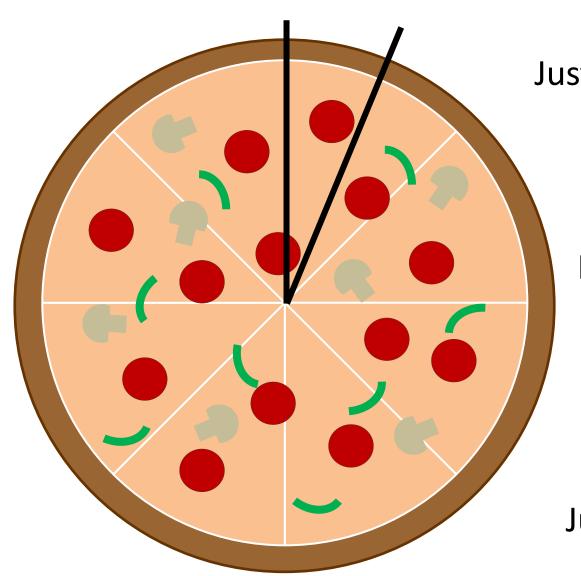


# **Cost Allocation Method (CAM):**

- Must be utilized for shared district expenses, such as:
  - Vehicles
  - Rent
  - Office Supplies
  - Phone/Internet
  - Etc.
- Must be available to the SCC upon request

# **Cost Allocation Method Policy**

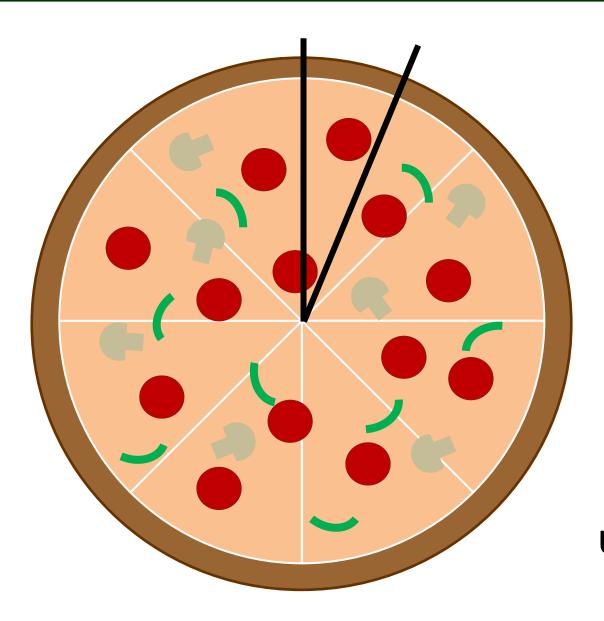
- The percent of shared expenses that are eligible DGR expenses <u>are equal to the percent of staff time spent on</u> <u>DGR activities</u>.
  - The percent of staff time spent on DGR activities must be calculated compared to the total staff time spent on all programs/activities sharing the expense.
- The percent of shared expenses that are eligible LVR expenses <u>are equal to the percent of staff time spent on LVR</u> <u>activities</u>.
  - The percent of staff time spent on LVR activities must be calculated compared to the total staff time spent on all programs/activities sharing the expense.



Justin ate ½ slice of pizza

How much of the pizza does Justin pay for?

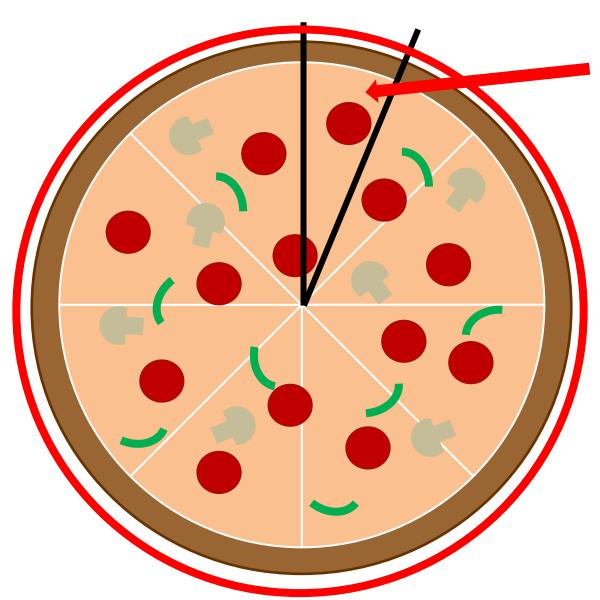
Justin pays for 1/16 of the pizza



Pizza = shared expense

How much pizza you eat = how much of the expense is used for DGR or LVR

#### 3.4.2 Cost Allocation Method



The percent of shared expenses that are eligible DGR expenses <u>are equal</u> to the percent of staff time spent on DGR activities.

The percent of staff time spent on DGR activities must be calculated compared to the total staff time spent on all programs/activities sharing the expense.

#### **Cost Allocation Method for Salaries**

- Salaries and associated benefits can only be paid for with DGLVR funds for time spent working directly on the DGLVR Program.
- Tracking can be done on an hourly basis, a percent effort basis, or some other method that allocates salary in accordance with time spent on the DGLVR Program.

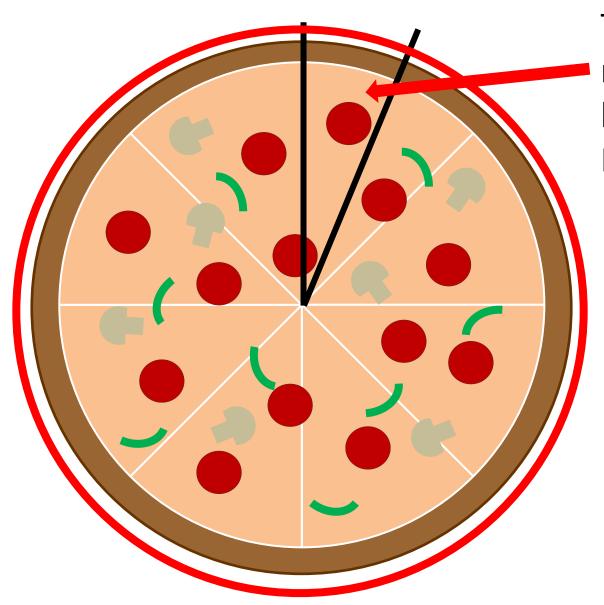
#### **Cost Allocation Method for Salaries**

- Salary and benefits for time spent on DGR activities are to be paid for with DGR funds.
- —If a conservation district chooses to divide salaries on a percent basis, then:
  - the percent of a staff member's salaries and benefits paid for with **DGR** funds must be proportionate to the amount of time that staff member spends on **DGR** activities out of the staff member's total hours in a given time period.

#### **Cost Allocation Method for Salaries CONTINUED**

- Salary and benefits for time spent on LVR activities are to be paid for with LVR funds.
- —If a conservation district chooses to divide salaries on a percent basis, then:
  - The percent of a staff member's salaries and benefits paid for with LVR funds must be proportionate to the amount of time that staff member spends on LVR activities out of the staff member's total hours in a given time period.

#### 3.4.2 Cost Allocation Method



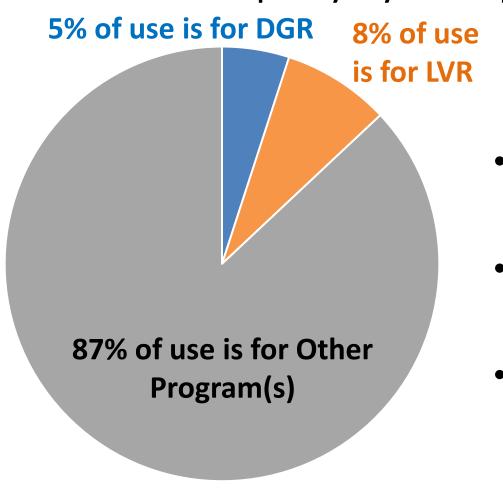
The percent of a staff member's salaries and benefits paid for with LVR funds

must be proportionate to the amount of time that staff member spends on LVR activities out of the staff member's total hours in a given time period.

- Examples of cost allocation methods that meet the policy outlined above are available in appendix E.
  - These are not the only acceptable cost allocation methods.
- For assistance in developing a cost allocation method, contact the SCC.

**CAM Example 3:** If a district has a vehicle that is shared unequally by several programs, vehicle expenses or charges must be based on actual usage for each Program.

Vehicle shared unequally by multiple programs



How shared expenses are paid:

- 5% are eligible
   DGR expenses
- 8% are eligible
   LVR expenses
- 87% are NOT eligible DGLVR expenses

#### Example 3:

Vehicle is used for 500 miles in a quarter. 52 of those miles were for DGR activities, and 110 were for LVR activities.

Eligible DGR mileage expense =  $52 \times \$0.58$  (or other acceptable mileage rate) = \$30.16

Eligible LVR mileage expense =  $110 \times \$0.58$  (or other acceptable mileage rate) = \$63.80 OR

How much of a \$50 oil change is eligible for reimbursement with DGR and LVR funds?

DGR:  $\underline{52} = 0.104$  \$50 x 0.104 = \$5.20 of the oil change is an eligible DGR expense

LVR:  $\underline{110} = 0.22$  \$50 x 0.22 = **\$11.00** of the oil change is an eligible LVR expense

**CAM Example 2:** If a district has a vehicle that is shared equally by 4 programs, vehicle expenses could be divided equally among the 4 Programs.

DGLVR is one of the 4 programs, and the vehicle is used for equal amounts on DGR and LVR activities.

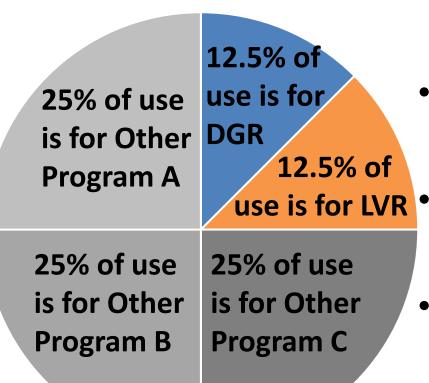
- 1/8 (12.5%) of the vehicle expenses are eligible DGR expenses, and
- 1/8 (12.5%) of the vehicle expenses are eligible LVR expenses.

Note: In this scenario, vehicle logs would document the equal usage of the vehicle for different programs, and the logs must be retained and provided upon request per section 3.4.1.

Vehicle shared equally by 4 Programs

25% of 25% of use use is for is for Other **DGLVR Program A** activities 25% of use 25% of use is for Other is for Other **Program B Program C** 

Vehicle shared equally by 4 Programs



How shared expenses are paid:

- 12.5% are eligible
   DGR expenses
  - 12.5% are eligible LVR expenses
- 75% are NOT eligible DGLVR expenses

Example 2: Example Expense: \$1,000.00

1/8 (12.5%) of vehicle use is DGR

\$1,000 x 12.5% = **\$125.00** is an eligible DGR expense

1/8 (12.5%) of vehicle use is LVR

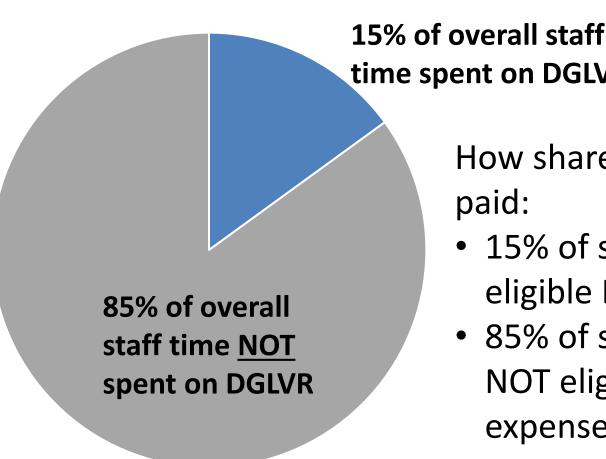
\$1,000 x 12.5% = **\$125.00** is an eligible LVR expense

\$1,000 - \$125 - \$125 = \$750 is not an eligible DGR or LVR expense

- Using Full Time Equivalents (FTE)
  - Defined by the Federal Government Accountability office as:
    - "number of total hours worked divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a fulltime schedule"

- 1.5 out of 10 FTEs spent on DGLVR
- District has 10 Staff
  - 1 staff spends 100% of their time on DGLVR and
     1 staff spends 50% of their time on DGLVR
  - 1.5 of the 10 FTE's are funded by and actually spend that amount of time working on the Program
  - Then 15% of general overhead expenses (utilities, rent, etc.) are eligible DGLVR Program expenses

1.5 out of 10 FTEs spent on DGLVR



time spent on DGLVR

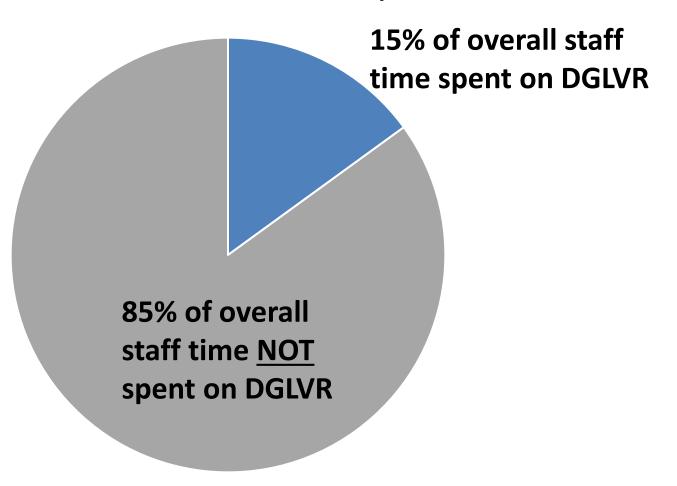
How shared expenses are paid:

- 15% of shared expenses are eligible DGLVR expenses
- 85% of shared expenses are NOT eligible DGLVR expenses

- 1.5 out of 10 FTEs spent on DGLVR Program
  - Then 15% of general overhead expenses (utilities, rent, etc.) can be charged to DGLVR Program
  - Should be further sub-divided into DGR and LVR
    - 75% of DGLVR time is spent on DGR
    - 25% of DGLVR time is spent on LVR
  - Therefore,
- 15% x 0.75 = 11.25% of shared expenses are eligible DGR expenses
- 15% x 0.25 = 3.75% of shared expenses are eligible LVR expenses

# **Cost Allocation Method Example 1:**

1.5 out of 10 FTEs spent on DGLVR



#### **Cost Allocation Method Example 1:**

1.5 out of 10 FTEs spent on DGLVR

34 of DGLVR time is spent on DGR 11.25%

1/4 of DGLVR time is spent on LVR 3.75%

85% of overall staff time NOT spent on DGLVR

How shared expenses are paid:

- 11.25% are eligible DGR expenses
- 3.75% are eligible LVR expenses
- 85% are NOT eligible DGLVR expenses

**Example 1**: 1.5 FTEs out of 10 FTEs are spent on DGLVR Activities. 75% of the 1.5 FTEs is spent on DGR activities, and 25% is spent on LVR activities.

#### Two ways to calculate percentages:

$$15\% \div 4 = 3.75\%$$

$$3.75\% \times 1 = 3.75\%$$
 is LVR

OR

<u>Example 1</u>: 1.5 FTEs out of 10 FTEs are spent on DGLVR Activities. 75% of the 1.5 FTEs is spent on DGR activities, and 25% is spent on LVR activities.

#### Remember, this means:

- 11.25% of overall staff time is DGR
- 3.75% of overall staff time is LVR

Example Expense: How much of a \$1,000.00 expense is an eligible DGR and LVR expense?

 $$1,000 \times 0.1125 = $112.50$  is an eligible DGR expense

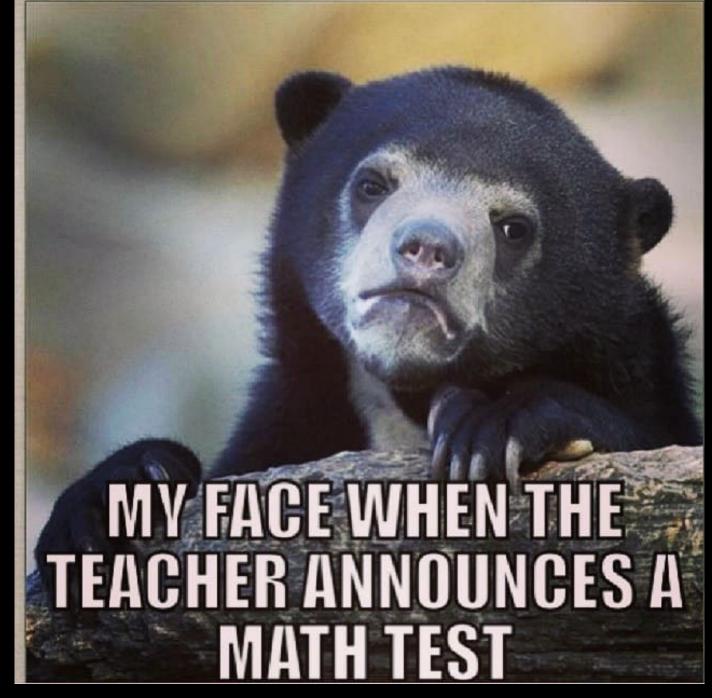
 $$1,000 \times 0.0375 = $37.50$  is an eligible LVR expense

\$1,000 - \$112.50 - \$37.50 = \$850 is not an eligible DGR or LVR expense

# <u>Unacceptable Expense / Cost Allocation Method</u> <u>Examples:</u>

- District utilizes only DGLVR program funds to purchase a vehicle and pay for vehicle expenses, but the vehicle is shared by all district programs
- District technician spends 5% of their time on DGR and 3% of their time on LVR, but 50% of their salary and benefits are paid for with DGLVR funds
- A District spends 15% of their total staff time on DGR activities. 15% of a new backhoe for an applicant is paid for with DGR funds. (DGLVR funds cannot be used to buy equipment for applicants)

- Examples of cost allocation methods that meet the policy outlined above are available in appendix *E*.
  - These are not the only acceptable cost allocation methods.
- Contact the SCC for assistance in developing a cost allocation method or with any other policy questions/assistance needs.
- The SCC is there to help you understand and follow policy

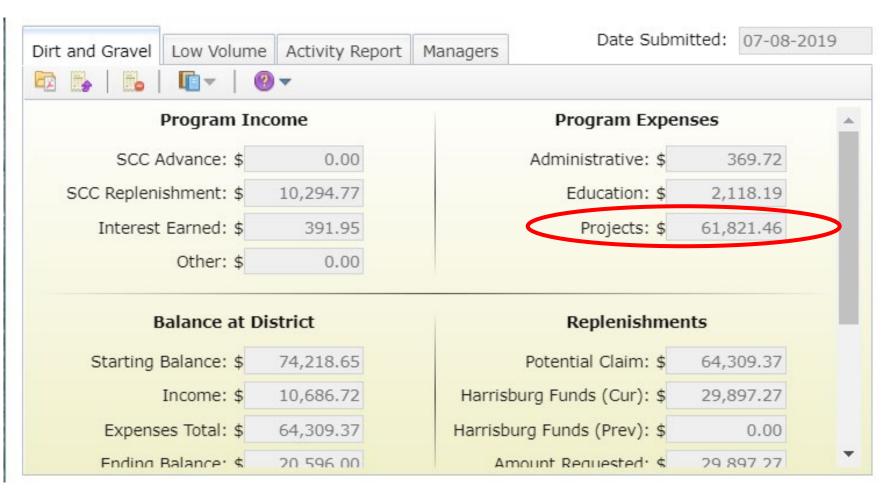


#### **Project Funds**

- At least 80% of funds must go to projects.
- Project funds are totaled by the GIS system from the information a District submits for each project
- Eligible project expenses outlined in Section 3.7

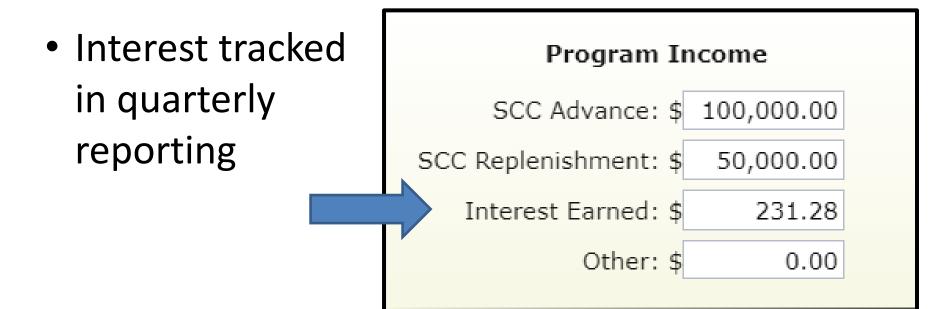


# Project Funds



#### **Interest Funds**

- ALL interest accrued on ALL categories of DGLVR funds (even admin and edu) must be spent on DGLVR projects.
- DGR interest must go to DGR projects and LVR interest must go to LVR projects.



# **Demonstration Projects**

- District-funded outside of ranking system.
- Showcase new technology, education site, etc.
  - Only education or administrative funds can be used.
  - Must follow existing Program policies: be on an eligible public road; have off ROW permissions; have environmental benefit; meet LVR traffic counts; etc.
  - Must have QAB and district board Approval.
  - Must have a contract, MOU, or other agreement with the road-owning entity.
  - Contact Center or Commission staff before contracting a Demo project.

# **Demonstration Projects**

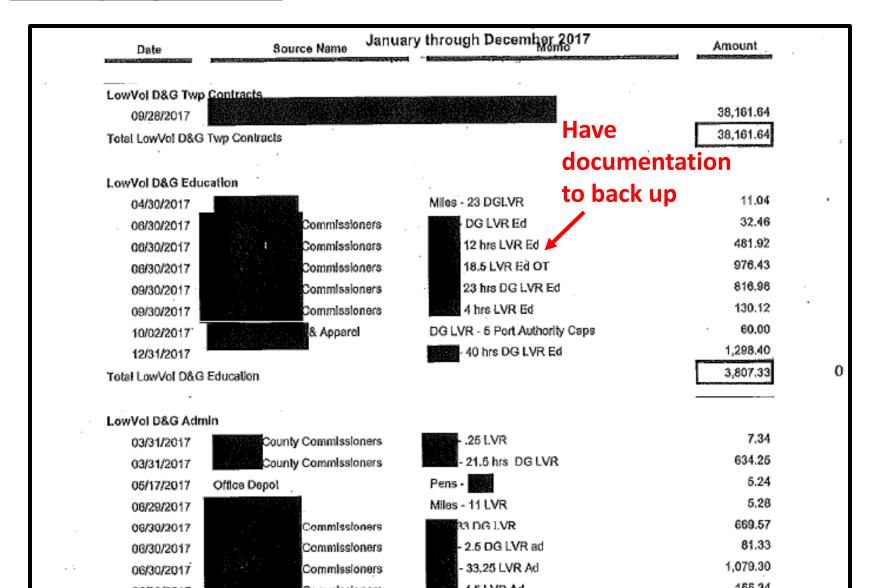
- Do not use to circumvent standard training requirements and normal project agreements.
  - Regular project (application, ranking) any funds
  - Demo Project admin/edu funds only

 You can do "education and outreach" efforts on any project.

# **Verifying Funds**

- QAQC team will request itemized documentation of DGLVR income and expenses
  - DGR and LVR will both be checked
- These funds will be cross referenced with figures entered (by the District) into the GIS system.
  - Check that quarterly report figures are accurate
- District will be asked to provide sufficient evidence of actual expenditures (QuickBooks, Copy of checks, invoices, etc.)
  - Check that expenses are eligible

#### **Verifying Funds**



#### **Dispersing Funds to Grant Recipients**

- Districts can advance up to 50% of funds to grant recipients
- Up to 70% of grant can be paid on a cashexpended basis
- At least 30% of grant must be retained until project completion
- Conservation districts should develop individual policies regarding payment to grantees
- Written schedule of payments is included in contract

#### **Administrative Manual**

#### **3.5.3 Contract Amendments**

In some cases, the grant recipient may request additional time or addition funding above the contracted amount to complete a project. The approval of additional time or funding to a contract is at the discretion of the district board, based either on a case by case basis or by county policy. Districts may develop their own policies for handling cost overruns and time extensions, provided they are consistent with Commission policy. It is up to the discretion of the conservation district board if amendments to existing contracts must be recommended by the QAB. Options include but are not limited to: requiring district board approval; requiring QAB and district board approval; empowering CD staff to approve amendments, etc. There is no additional funding from the Commission to pay for cost overruns.

#### **Administrative Manual**

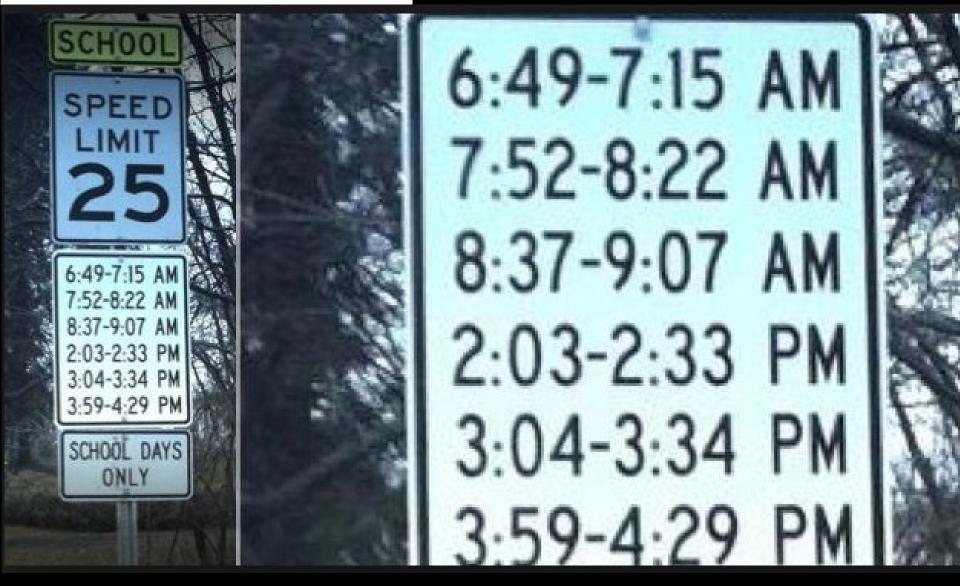
#### **3.5.3 Contract Amendments**

For cost overruns totaling 40 percent or less of the initial contract amount, a contract amendment must be completed and signed by both entities (available at www.dirtandgravelroads.org). Multiple amendments may be granted, provided the total of all amendments is not more than 40 percent of the initial contract amount. Amendments must be approved by the district board according to policies they establish. For contract amendments over 40 percent, written approval is required from the State Conservation Commission.

For cost overruns totaling more than 20 percent of the initial contract amount, a second separate contract must be made for the additional funds.

# 

#### Has to be a lawyer involved...



- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility
- 3.8 Administering Projects
- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

#### **ESM Training**

- Training course that covers road maintenance principals
- Mandatory for district staff involved with the program
- Mandatory for at least one district QAB member
- Highly recommended for everyone involved in the program
- Remote Trainings being held this winter

# **Admin Training (ZZZzzzzz...)**

 Covers administrative policies and guidance provided in the admin manual

Required for staff persons most involved with

the program

Required Every 3 years



Sensing that he was about to doze off, the air bag on Wade's computer rapidly deployed.

#### **Annual Maintenance Workshop**

- More in depth training than ESM
- ESM certified individual may attend annual workshop at least once every 5 yrs. in lieu of ESM training, provided their certification is not expired.



# **Stream Crossing Certification**

- CD staff must be certified to sign a contract for a stream crossing project on or after 7/1/2023
- 3 being planned before 7/1/2023
- 1 being planned for fall 2023
- 6 separate sessions
  - Mostly virtual half day
  - 2 days in the field



#### **Technical Assistance**

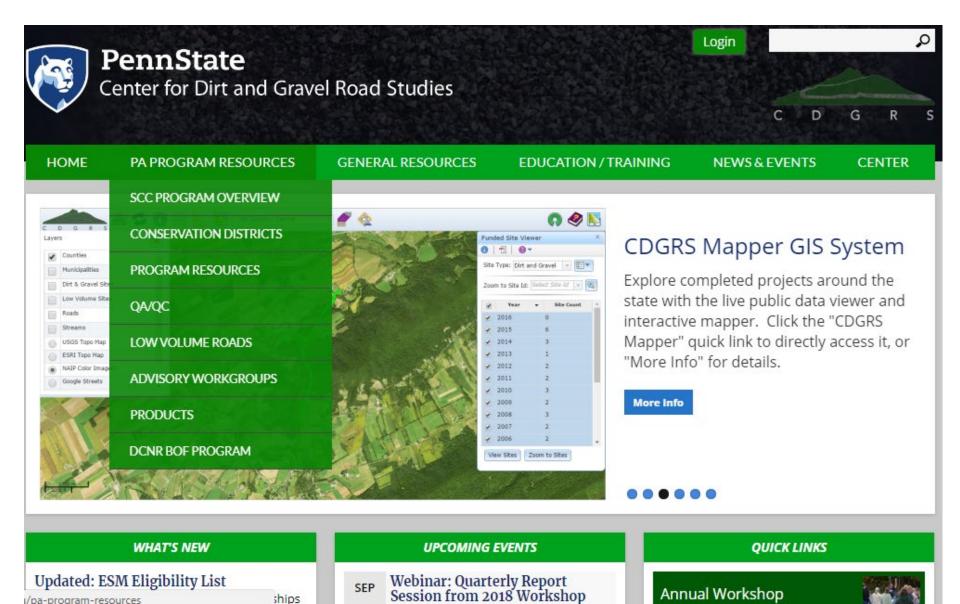
- Conducted primarily by Center staff
- Initiated by districts
- Small group training for districts and municipalities
- Help with:
  - Project design / layout
  - Meet with applicants
  - Aggregate placement
  - Project implementation
  - Whatever you need!

#### **Administrative Manual**

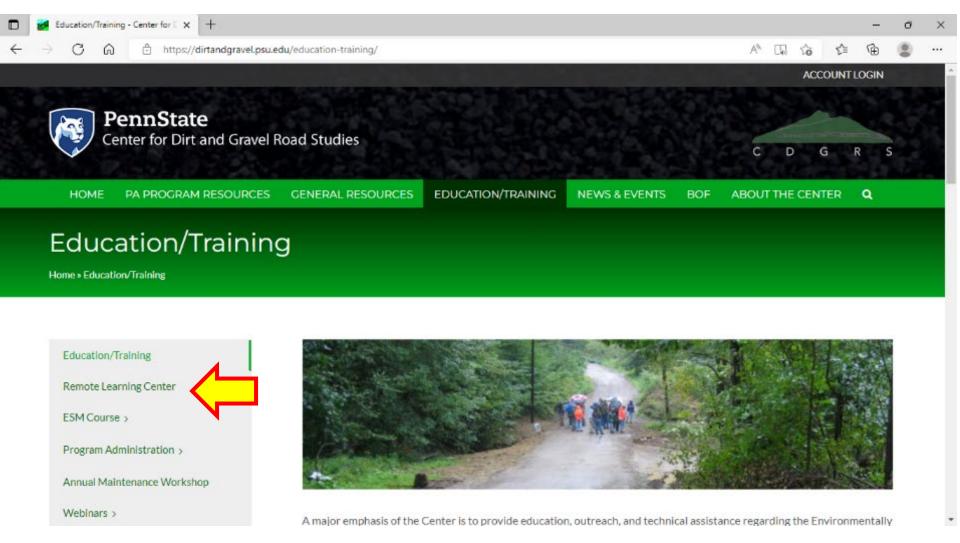
#### 3.6.1.2 Stream Crossing Replacement Training

Effective July 1, 2023, at least one conservation district staff member must have completed the DGLVR Program's "Stream Crossing Replacement Certification Training" and received a certificate of completion before the QAB can recommend or the conservation district can approve a contract for a project involving a stream crossing. A Stream Crossing Replacement Re-Certification Training must be taken once every three years to maintain staff certification. This training requirement does not apply to crossings that qualify for an automatic exemption from the DGLVR Stream Crossing Standard (see section 7.1.3.1).

#### www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu



# **Remote Learning Center**



#### **Remote Learning Center**

#### Remote Learning Center

Home » Education/Training » Remote Learning Center

Education/Training

Remote Learning Center

ESM Course >

Program Administration >

Annual Maintenance Workshop

Webinars >

Assessment Training >

ESM Boot Camp

Stream Crossings >

Project Work

Welcome to the new DGLVR Remote Learning Center. The propose of this page is to provide a one-stop shop for recorded trainings and webinars in support of PA's Dirt and Gravel Road Maintenance Program. The majority of the content below is directed at Conservation District staff, although it is available to anyone. In addition to the recordings for each session below, where possible we have including the PowerPoint presentations so that Conservation Districts can utilize them in their own educational efforts. Note that for now, viewing and usage logs are not kept for these trainings.

#### Topics Include:

Administrative

GIS / Reporting

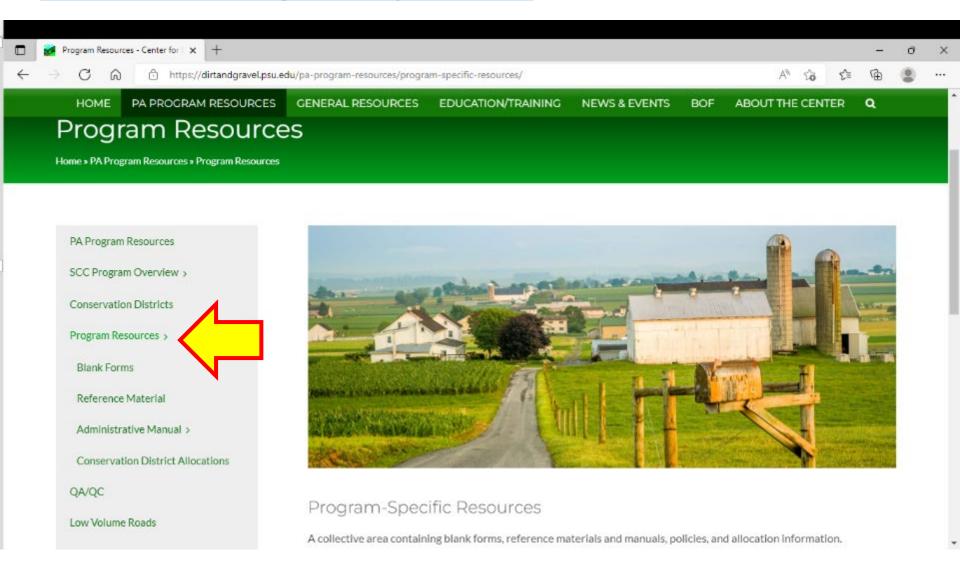
Project Work

Stream Crossings

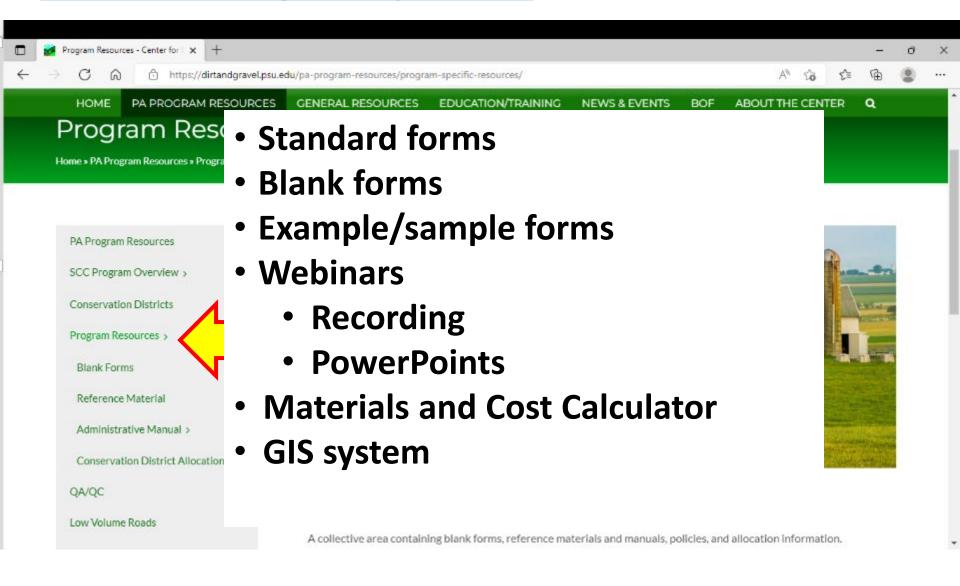
Driving Surface Aggregate

#### 3.6.1 Education FOR Districts

# www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu



# www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu



#### **Other Documentation**

- www.dirtandgravelroads.org
- Technical bulletins
- Sample forms and policies
- Blank forms
- Aggregate guidance
- GIS help
- Reference material
- 70+ webinars and other recorded trainings

#### **Education by Districts** for applicants:

#### Participate in existing events

- Municipal Conventions
- Contractor Workshops
- Legislative Breakfasts
- Municipal Visits

#### Hold new events

- Demo Days
- Program Update Sessions
- Project tours

# Jan 2017 Webinar CD Education and Outreach Ideas

- January 17: CD Education and Outreach Ideas
  - Education and outreach ideas and efforts for Conservation Districts to improve interactions with municipalities and other potential applicants.
  - Webinar Download (45.3 MB): MP4 format (-38 minutes)
  - Presentation Downloads:
    - Adobe PDF (1.32 MB)
    - MS Powerpoint (8.45 MB)

Promotion: press releases, signs, emails



- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility
- 3.8 Administering Projects
- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

# **Eligible Applicants**

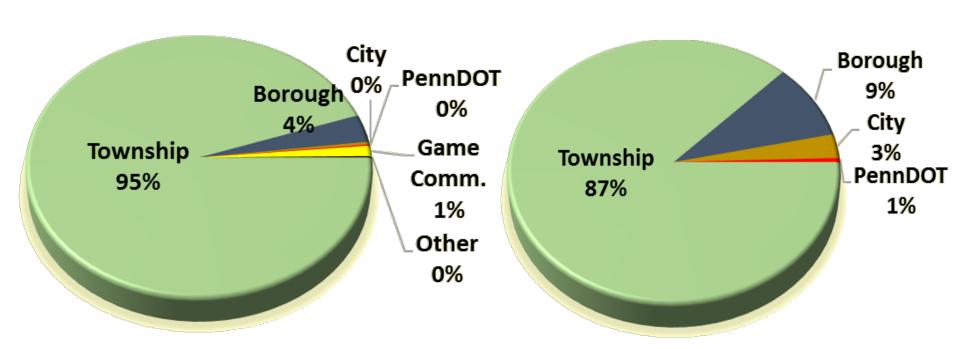
- Public entities that own roads
- Person in charge of the project must be ESM certified to apply
- Municipalities (1400+ twps, 800+ boroughs, 50+ cities)
- State entities such as:
  - PennDOT, Game Commission, Fish & Boat
  - County and other Government entities
- Federal roads and private roads are <u>NOT</u> eligible
  - All public roads are "born" in legislation

#### **Eligible Applicants**

- Public entities that own roads
- Grant recipients: 2019-2020:

#### DIRT AND GRAVEL ROAD

#### **LOW VOLUME ROAD**



#### **Road Ownership**

- The entity that owns the "right of way" is the determining factor, not who owns the adjacent land
- Contracts and payments can only be made with the entity that owns the road
- Questionable situations?
  - Check for liquid fuels funding
  - Courthouse records
  - Responsibility of the applicant to prove ownership

#### **Ineligible Entities**

- Federal Government
  - National Parks and Forest Roads
  - US ACOE Lands
- Private Road Owners:
  - Homeowners Associations
  - Conservancies
  - Non-Profits
  - Etc.

#### Dirt and Gravel Road

- "Unbound" surfaces.
- "gradable"

#### Paved Low Volume Road

#### "Eligible Sites"

- Stream Impact
- Publicly owned
- Open to public travel
- ESM certified
- < 500ADT (if paved)
- Surface bound with asphalt, oil, or other binder
- Includes "tar and chip"
- 500 vehicles a day or less traffic count required
- Surface Conservations
  - Converting poorly constructed LVR into a DGR may utilize either LVR or DGR funding

#### **Eligible Projects**

- Focus on environmental <u>and</u> road improvements
- Use ESM practices as described in section 1.4
  - Reduce sediment
  - Reduce concentrated drainage
- Program focus is on long-term environmental and road improvements
  - "routine maintenance" is not eligible for funding
    - Crack sealing
    - Grading roads
    - Bridge repairs

#### **Eligible Project Expenses**

- No program specific purchase requirements (use applicant's established procedures for bidding and purchasing)
- Records of purchases must be kept (by the grant recipient) for 7 years from project completion
- Applicants can apply for the full cost of all materials, equipment, and labor

#### **Materials**

- Typical materials include pipe, stone, fabric, etc.
- Products with leaching potential must meet SCC standards for non-pollution. Approved products list on <a href="www.dirtandgravelroads.org">www.dirtandgravelroads.org</a>.
- Inlets and outlets of all cross pipes <u>must</u> have erosion protection, <u>such as headwalls</u>, <u>endwalls</u>, drop inlet boxes, and/or rip rap. All stream crossing structures must have a headwall and endwall.

#### **Equipment**

- Reimbursement of applicant owned equipment is eligible (@ FEMA rates)
- Equipment can be rented, FEMA rates do not apply.
- DGLVR funds, including project, administrative, or education, cannot be used to purchase, cost share, or maintain equipment for an applicant.
- It is acceptable for a Conservation District to purchase equipment for loan/rent to applicants.

#### **3.7.4.2 Equipment**

• Contact Commission or Center staff for questions about equipment without listed FEMA rates. Where FEMA rates do not accurately reflect local equipment costs, applicants may request approval to use other rates, if written documentation can be provided.

Red Text shows wording changes to the DGLVR Admin Manual (effective 7/1/2022)



#### <u>Labor</u>

- Reimbursement of labor and equipment operators is an eligible expense.
- Labor rates may include wage and benefits.

#### **Municipal Labor**

- Reimbursement of labor and equipment operators is an eligible expense
- Labor rates may include wage and benefits.
- **PREVAILING WAGE**: Does not apply to projects done with Municipal labor force.

#### **Contractors**

- Projects may be completed in whole or in part by contractors
- Grant recipients use their standard bidding procedures
- Districts must make payments to the grant recipient, not the contractors
- PREVAILING WAGE:

# Sherri

PREVAILING WAGE: Projects where the
 estimated total project cost exceeds \$25,000
 (NOT \$100,000) are subject to the prevailing
 wage act for contracted labor.

It is the responsibility of the grant recipient to obtain the Prevailing Wage Act scale for the area and include it in any proposal to solicit bids for the contract. The Prevailing Wage scale can be obtained from the Prevailing Wage Division of the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry. If the Prevailing Wage Act applies, the advertisement shall also note this fact.

PREVAILING WAGE: Projects where the
 estimated total project cost exceeds \$25,000
 (NOT \$100,000) are subject to the prevailing
 wage act for contracted labor.

- Total Project Costs: include other grant sources inkind material (not equipment/labor).
- Cannot "split" projects to avoid PW.
- PW does not apply to municipal labor.
- PW must be documented in project file

#### PREVAILING WAGE FAQ: 19 Q&As

## Prevailing Wage & the Dirt, Gravel, and Low-Volume Road Program Frequently Asked Questions for Municipalities

updated 4/2022

**NOTE:** The information provided here is to help Dirt, Gravel, and Low-Volume Road (DGLVR) grant recipients understand how the Pennsylvania Prevailing Wage Act affects DGLVR Projects and is NOT an official determination on whether or not Prevailing Wage applies to a specific project. If a DGLVR grant recipient has any questions about whether Prevailing Wage applies to a specific project, they should contact the PA Department of Labor and Industry for an official determination.

Thank you to the Huntingdon County Conservation District and the PA Department of Labor and Industry for preparing this document

#### 1. What is the Pennsylvania Prevailing Wage Act?

This piece of legislation requires the "prevailing wage" rate to be paid to contracted labor for construction projects with an estimated cost of \$25,000.00 or more when public funds are involved.

#### 2. Who determines prevailing wage rates?

The Bureau of Labor Law Compliance, which is part of the PA Department of Labor and Industry

#### PREVAILING WAGE FAQ: 19 Q&As

#### 11. If the Prevailing Wage Act applies to my project, who gets paid prevailing wage?

- → All municipal, township, and state works are exempt from prevailing wage. Municipal employees are not contractors and therefore do not need to be paid prevailing wage. If "Township A" hires "Township B" to do work in "Township A", neither township is required to pay prevailing wage. Any private contractor on the same job, however, may be if it is over \$25,000.
- → All contracted labor actively involved in construction <u>including owner/operators</u> of a contracting business, must be paid prevailing wage
- → Supervisory personnel do NOT need to be paid prevailing wage
  - Supervisory personnel inspect/provide guidance on site. If they actively participate in the construction, such as by picking up a shovel to help spread aggregate, they should be paid prevailing wage for the hours they spend actually doing road construction
- → <u>Vendors whose sole involvement in the project is delivering materials on site, including truck drivers</u> delivering aggregate, do NOT need to be paid prevailing wage
  - Trucks delivering aggregate/pavement into a paver are vendors
  - If a truck delivers aggregate and then stays on site, is loaded with debris, and hauls it off site, the truck is no longer considered a vendor and the driver should be paid prevailing wage for the time spend participating in project work

#### **PREVAILING WAGE DGLVR Documents**

#### PW Notification Letter (F)

- Required for all projects
- Ensures grant recipient knows PW requirements

#### PW Certification (G) two pages

- Required for all projects where PW applies
- Required before making final payment

THE NOTARIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED ON FIRST AND LAST SUBMISSIONS ONLY. ALL \*FRINGE BENEFITS EXPLANATION (FB): Bona fide benefits contribution, except those required by Federal of Law (unemployment tax, workers' compensation, income taxes, etc.) evailing Wage Notification and Acknowledgment Form Please specify the type of benefits provided and contributions per hour: Conservation District Notification to Grant Recipient

- Medical or hospital care
- Pension or retirement
- Life insurance
- Disability
- Vacation, holiday

#### Conservation Di

Road

(notification date)

(road name / #)

prevailing wage requirements. For project

recipient must obtain a prevailing wage d

Attachments F and G to Contract

(Contract and attachments are automatically generated in GIS)

NT OF COMPLIANCE

(AWARDING AGENCY, CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR) of the above-identified project, acknowledges that: mined rates are included in the aforesaid contract.

- Industry (DLI) and included it with the By signing this form, the grant recipient acknowledges receipt of prevailing wage are not subject to prevailing wage law.
- requirements from the Conservation District. If you have any questions regarding prevailing please contact the PA Department of Labor and Industry, Bureau of Labor Law Compliance, distribution of the gov/Individuals/Labor-Management-Relations/Ilc/prevailing-t
- and conditions is the contractor's or subcontractor's responsibility It is the contractor's responsibility to include the Prevailing Wage requirements and the predetermined rates
- The undersigned certifies that:
  - Neither he nor his firm, nor any firm, corporation or partnership in which he or his firm has an interest is debar by the Secretary of Labor and Industry pursuant to Section 11(e) of the PA Prevailing Wage Act Act of A

#### 3.7.4.5 Prevailing Wage Documentation

If federal funds are involved in a project, federal prevailing wage requirements (Davis Bacon Act) often supersedes PA prevailing wage. Davis Bacon requirements are acceptable to the DGLVR program in this case, and Certified Payroll forms accepted by the US Department of Labor must be completed and kept in the project file.

Red Text shows wording changes to the DGLVR Admin Manual (effective 7/1/2022)

#### **Recorded Webinars Available Online**

https://www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu/education
 -and-training/webinars/past-webinars

#### April 7: Prevailing Wage II 2022

- This webinar was the second part of an earlier PW webinar this spring, with this
  webinar involving invited speakers. Speakers from the U.S. Department of Labor and
  PA Department of Labor and Industry joined this webinar to discuss Prevailing Wage
  and answer questions related to the DGLVR Program.
- Webinar Download (344 MB): MP4 format (~1 hour, 37 minutes)

#### January 27: Prevailing Wage 2022

- This webinar provided an overview of Prevailing Wage requirements for DGLVR Program with some updated examples.
- Webinar Download (72.2 MB): MP4 format (~34 minutes)

#### **Additional Information:**

#### **Brian Smolock**,

Labor Law Investigator

PA Department of Labor and Industry

717-787-0606

bsmolock@pa.gov

#### In Kind Contributions

- In-Kind: materials, equipment, and labor funded by other sources, typically the applicant
- No Statewide requirement for in kind amounts
- Only contributions that meet all Program policies may be counted as in-kind contributions.
  - Stream crossings, DSA, FDR are most common

## 3.7.4.7 Consultants, Engineering, and Permitting Costs

Program funds can be used to cover engineering, permitting, or similar consultant costs, but such costs are limited to a maximum of 10 20 percent of the total contract amount between the district and the grant recipient, with a maximum of \$25,000 total for engineering, permitting, or similar consultant costs. Note this limit is defined as up to 10–20 percent of the contract amount (Program contracted funds), not 10–20 percent of the total project value (which could include in-kind or other funds).

Red Text shows wording changes to the DGLVR Admin Manual (effective 7/1/2022)

## 3.7.4.7 Consultants, Engineering, and Permitting Costs

For example, a \$30,000 contract on a project totaling \$50,000 is limited to 20 percent of the contract, or \$6,000, for engineering and permitting.

Another example, a \$140,000 contract, 20 percent of the contract would be \$28,000, but the program will only fund up to the maximum of \$25,000. Preparation or design costs such as engineering or surveying that are incurred before the contract is signed are not eligible for grant reimbursement but can be counted as in-kind.

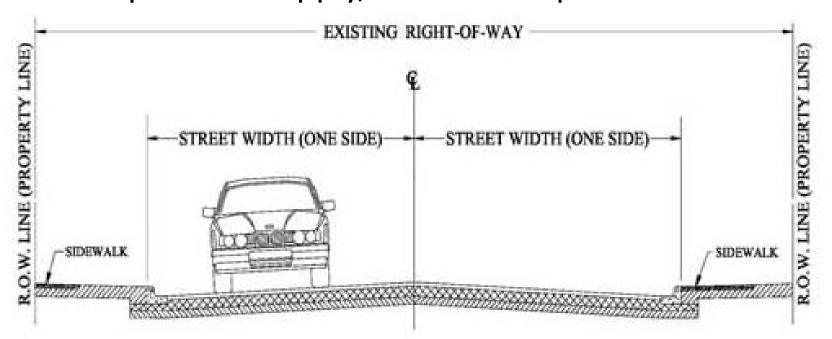
#### **Speaking of Engineering...**



# 

#### Right-of-way:

- Publicly owned road corridor.
- Typically 33' width (16.5' from road Centerline) for municipal roads.
- Exceptions do apply, sometime up to 50'.



- Written permission from landowners is required when working outside the right-ofway.
- Districts can use their own form, or the example provided in manual, <u>but must use</u> something!



## Working outside the right-of-way is permissible with DGLVR funds only under certain conditions:

- Must be directly necessary to the successful completion of the project on a public road.
- Limited in scope to cost effective practices that directly reduce road impacts
- Grant recipient <u>MUST</u> obtain written permission before starting the project
- Districts must keep a copy of written permission in the project file

#### 3.7.4.8 Working Off Right-of-Way

Landowner permission should be sought as early as possible in the funding process, ideally before contracting, to ensure the project can be implemented as planned.

In some cases, landowner permission may be instrumental to implementing a successful DGLVR project (additional culvert outlets for example). In some cases, a viable alternative may exist to implement a successful plan without landowner permission, but in other cases sufficient water quality improvements cannot be made due to landowner constraints. In such cases, DGLVR funding may be better spent on a different project location. Contact the SCC in questionable circumstances where a lack of landowner permission may hinder successful project implementation.

In certain situations, off-right-of-way work requires the prior written approval from the SCC before a contract can be signed:

- Where off-right-of-way work is more than 35% of the total project costs (including program funds and in-kind contributions)
- Where work extends more than 500 feet off of the right-of-way.

Landowner permission is <u>suggested</u> when offright-of-way impacts are expected, even if work is done within right-of-way.

- New pipes and turnouts.
- Subsurface drainage
  - French mattress
- Driveway issues.
- Road fill jobs.

- Program funds may be combined with other funds to pay for a project.
  - Detailed accounting of which funds were spent on which portions of the project must be maintained
  - Other funding sources may be used as matching funds, provided the program funds are used on eligible projects
  - Must still adhere to non-pollution standards and ESM practices

#### 3) CD Role

- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility

### 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

### 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit
- 3.8.4 Receiving Grant Applications
- 3.8.5 Contracting
- 3.8.6 Pre-Project Logistics
- 3.8.7 Project Oversight
- 3.8.8 Contract Amendments
- 3.8.9 Project Completion
- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

#### **Notifying Applicants**

- Districts are responsible for informing all potential applicants of:
  - funding availability
  - Application deadlines
  - Other information necessary for Program Participation
- Districts should work with their QAB to develop strategies for insuring equal access and notifications

#### Pre-app site visit

- Districts should meet with potential applicants on site <u>BEFORE</u> an application is submitted
- Early discussion of potential problems (permitting, funding availability, etc)
- Best interest of both parties.
- Look at potential landowner or off-ROW issues
- Checklist available

## **Checklists & Tools**

- Pre-application
   Checklist
- Pre-construction
   Checklist
- Project Hard Files
   Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

# **Checklists & Tools**

- Pre-application Checklist
- Pre-construction
   Checklist
- Project Hard Files Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

	021 DRAFT (for guidance only) Application Site Vi	sit Checklist	□ D&GR	□LVR
		Road Name:	Date:	
	ligibility			
	Publicly owned road (o LVR <500 ADT (count re Water Impact / Verifie	pen to public vehicles at least 2 weeks per quired before contract can be signed) d Worksite (road impacts a stream, lake, w on in charge of project for applicant has re	vetland or waterbody)	ation)
Logis	Phased Projects (large County-specific policies Work performed by?	leadline, permits, bidding, contracting, and projects may be funded in separate phases (ranking criteria, in-kind, maintenance po pplicant Contractor dding, prevailing wage (\$25,000 threshold	s (road fill, drainage, DSA)) blicies, paying for asphalt, etc.)	
Proje	ct-Specific Discussion Po	<u>pints</u>		
	Road fill or berm rem Added ditch outlets ( French Mattresses ar Off-ROW drainage is:	provements (reduce maintenance and envoval (Fill enough to promote sheet flow of crosspipes, turnouts, through-the-bank piped underdrains (for subsurface water, consues to address owner agreement (required for work outsernative (in lieu of landowner approval) required? (>500' off road or > than 35% of as possible? fill for cover? effective angle? ak (can be combined with shallow pipe instance (SCC, CDGRS, TU, NRCS, PAFBC, etc.)	ff of roadway) pes, to reduce ditch flow) sider seasonal spring flow) side of ROW) of grant?) headwalls/endwalls/aprons?) tallation, prevents surface flow	v bypassing pipe)
Fill Pi		sidered? (to gain sheet flow)  by considered? (transitions to intersections  bilable fill:	s, lanes, and driveways)	
DSA I	Likely <b>DSA suppliers</b> : Planned DSA <b>placemen</b>	tions (drainage/base stability addressed, a t method (paver required for >1,000 ton journal of the complete states and for complete states and states are states as a state of the complete states and states are states as a state of the complete states are sta	obs)	

# Checklists & Tools

- Pre-application Checklist
- Pre-construction Checklist
- Project Hard Files
   Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

	truction Site Visit Checklist	□ D&GR	□LVR
Applicant:	Road Name:	Date:	
Applicant R	Reps:		
CD Reps: _			
Contractor	s Present:		
Others Pres	sent:		
ogistical D	iscussion Points		
Propo	osed start date: Proposed completion date	te:	
	otification:days before project work begins by applicant		
□ Timel	ines (mobilization, demobilization, project phases)		
Proje	ct Overview / Changes: (overview workplan, procedures for changes in	n project scope, timeline, co	ost)
□ Notifi	ications (PA One-Call, 911 services, notify impacted landowners, road of	closures, signage)	
☐ Site N	Marking (Considerer painting or flagging features on the road before o	r during the meeting)	
Level	of on-site CD involvement/oversite (at a minimum, the District should	d be on site when the proje	ct starts,
and w	henever a new practice or phase of the project begins)		
Recei	pts (must be kept for reimbursement, including time and equipment u	sage)	
☐ Final	inspection (plans for project closeout upon completion of work)		
roject-Spe	cific Discussion Points		
Erosic	on and sediment controls (what is needed and who is responsible)		
Lando	owner agreements (signed for work outside ROW)		
□ Stagir	ng or storage areas (for equipment and materials storage if necessary)		
Cross	pipes (review location, angle, depth, fill for cover, transitions, and hea	dwalls/endwalls/aprons)	
□ ESMP	locations (review location and expectations for other ESM Practices s	uch as mattresses, underdi	rain, etc.
II Projects			
	and compact in lifts (fill should compacted in layers no thicker than 12	2 inches)	
	ss road connectivity (transitions to intersections, lanes, and driveways)	•	
SA Project		'	
_	ng (has DSA been tested and met SCC specifications)		
	lacement preparations for DSA		
	inage/base stability (all drainage and base work is done, new fill adeq	uately settled)	
	wned (road base crowned or side sloped at 4-6%)	dately settled	
	ring Prep (Keys required where placement starts/stops, paving notch r	ecommended along road if	possible
	ther (seasonal limitations, and contingencies for weather related issues		possible
	ery Logistics (# of trucks; turnaround points; spec sheet accompanies f	•	
	weigh slips and receipts, optimum moisture; truck tarps; quarry contact		
		***	
	ssing Projects its (in place before work begins, meet any seasonal restrictions)		
- Perm	its (in place before work begins, meet any seasonal restrictions)		

# **Checklists & Tools**

- Pre-application Checklist
- Pre-construction
   Checklist
- Project Hard Files Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

### PA State Conservation Commission - Dirt, Gravel & Low Volume Roads Maintenance "Hard File" Project Checklist

REQUIRED DOCUMENTS	REQUIRED (IF APPLICABLE) DOCUMENTS
Contract: complete and signed by both parties  All attachments as outlined in the admin manual are included with contract:  Application: Completed and signed. Applicant ESM certified. Detailed cost estimates included.  Work plan: Identifies all deliverables on project. Identifies location of site (can be separate map).  General Contract Provisions  QAB Standards (any local policy)  Schedule of Payments  Prevailing Wage Notification and Acknowledgement Form: Required for every project. Must be signed by the grant recipient and returned to the District.  Project Completion Report: Properly completed and signed by both parties. Spending and deliverables consistent with contract and invoices.  Photocopies of checks paid to the applicant or other proof of payment amount  Copy of all receipts/invoices to account for grant funds: Receipts /invoices must total at a minimum the project expenditure amount and be consistent with Project Completion Report totals.	<ul> <li>□ Prevailing Wage Certified Statement of Compliance</li> <li>□ Traffic Count Validation Form</li> <li>□ Stream Crossing Form: on projects that fund stream crossing replacements</li> <li>□ Off Right of Way Consent Form: on projects that involve any work outside the public right of way</li> <li>□ 3rd Party Mix Design for Full Depth Reclamation Projects</li> <li>□ Signed Contract Amendment with minutes from District Board Approval: if contract is amended (up to 20% of original)</li> <li>□ DSA Certification Forms (pre-project and as delivered): on projects that place DSA</li> <li>□ Evidence that all applicable Permits have bee obtained by the applicant</li> <li>□ Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Plant</li> <li>□ PA 1-call serial # included</li> <li>RECOMENDED DOCUMENTS</li> <li>□ Before, during, and after project pictures.</li> <li>□ Project Narrative, Timeline, and Hard File Checklist</li> <li>□ Project Expense Tracker</li> <li>□ Evidence that QAB meetings are following the provisions of the PA Sunshine Act</li> <li>□ Copy of QAB Approval Meeting Minutes with complete Ranking Form</li> <li>□ Copy of District Board Meeting Minutes showing approval of contract</li> </ul>

# Checklists & Tools

- Pre-application
   Checklist
- Pre-construction Checklist
- Project Hard Files
   Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

## PA State Conservation Commission - Dirt, Gravel & Low Volume Roads Maintenance "Project Narrative"

Road Name / ID Number

Project Participant

Worksite ID

roblems Being Addressed:				
		4141004		
	ALDALA 400			
roject Summary:				
- Far-1,				
			V.,	

## **Checklists & Tools**

- Pre-application Checklist
- Pre-construction Checklist
- Project Hard Files Checklist
- Project Narrative
- Project Timeline

NOT REQUIRED, for your benefit

## PA State Conservation Commission - Dirt, Gravel & Low Volume Roads Maintenance

Date:
Date:
nount: \$
Date:

AMENDMENTS	(any additions to contract amount or	extensions in contract length, or both)
Amendment 1	Amendment 2	Amendment 3
Approved By:	Approved By:	Approved By:
Date Approved:	Date Approved:	Date Approved:
Additional Amt: \$	Additional Amt: \$	Additional Amt: \$
New Cont. Amt: \$	New Cont. Amt: \$	New Cont. Amt: \$
New End Date:	New End Date:	New End Date:

Date:	Check #:	Amount:	\$	Note:	
Date:	Check #:	Amount:	\$	Note:	
Date:	Check #:	Amount:	\$	Note;	
Date:	Check#:	Amount:	\$	Note:	4
				-	
		PROJECT CLO	DSEOUT		
Proj. Cor	mpletion Report Done: by:	Standard and and an and an	Stranding at the season	Date:	

PAYMENT LOG

		PROJECT CLOSEOUT		
Proj. Completion Report Done:	by:		Date:	
Final Site Inspection Done:	by:		Date:	
Final Payment Sent:	by:		Date:	
Final Amount Paid:		\$	In-Kind:	\$

EVENT LOG (Log phone calls, site visits, inspections, etc.)									
DATE	EVENT	NOTES							

#### Pre-design site visit

- If a project requires engineering
- It is highly recommended that districts meet with the grant recipient and engineer on site <u>BEFORE</u> design work is started
- Make sure the engineer understands DGLVR requirements
- Early discussion of potential problems (permitting, funding availability, etc.)
- Best interest of both parties.
- Keep in mind that engineering expenses incurred before a contract is signed are NOT eligible for reimbursement with DGLVR funds

## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit

#### 3.8.4 Receiving Grant Applications

- 3.8.5 Contracting
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- 3.8.8 Contract Amendments
- 3.8.9 Project Completion
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# Sherri

#### **Receiving Grant Apps: Timeline**

- Receive Applications
- Work with applicants to revise if needed.
- Review for completeness and accuracy.
- Completed applications get forwarded to <u>QAB</u> for review and ranking.
- QAB recommendations taken to District Board for action
- Contract can then be made with grant recipient.

#### **Receiving Grant Apps**

- Districts may set application periods, or they may have an open application period
- One page application
- Districts may develop their own policy for unfunded applications
  - Disapprove
  - Retain
  - Resubmit

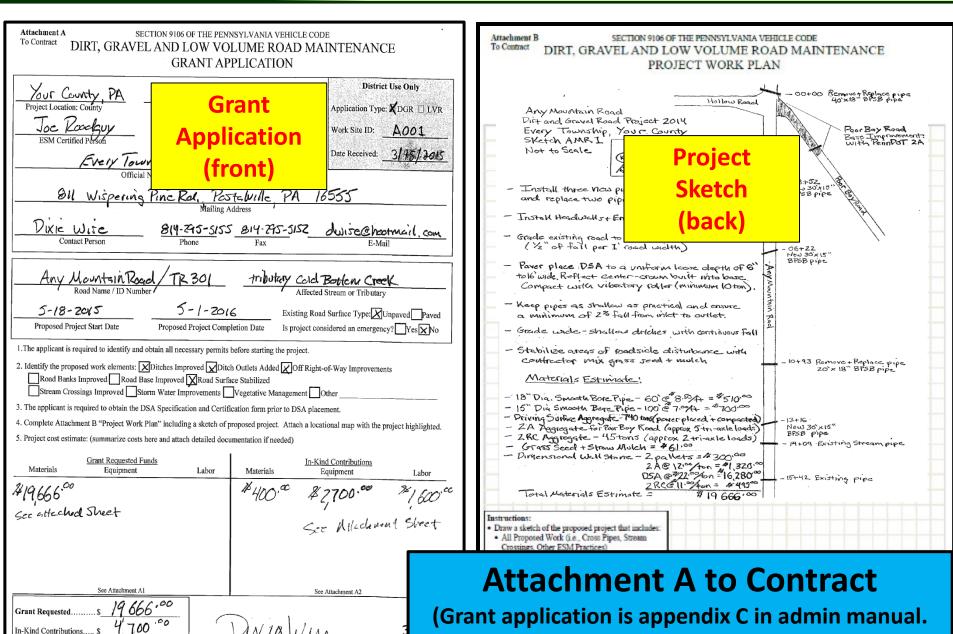
#### Grant app and forms used to apply to CD

- Project-specific Grant Application
- Optional cost summary forms
- Project Sketch (back of grant app)
- Instructions for all forms

Total Project Value ...

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

Contract available at https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/)



#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

<b>Grant App - Top</b>	SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VEHIC	trict Use CE
DIKI, GR	AVELAND LOW VOLUME ROA	CE
	GRANT APPLICATION 0	nly Box
Project Location: County  Toc Roscky  ESM Certified Person	Tup. Reachmester Nov. 2014 Position Date	District Use Only  Application Type: MDGR □ LVR  Work Site ID: △001  Date Received: 3/15/2015
Every	Official Name of Applying Agency	_ Strange Tous
		6535
DIXIC WITE Contact Person	814-245-5155 814-245-5152 Phone Fax	dwise@hootmail.com E-Mail
Any Mountain Project	in Road/TR301 tributary cold	Botlen Creek  1 Stream or Tributary
5-18-2 Projec	ct inio	d Surface Type: Unpaved Paved
Proposed Project Start Date	Proposed Project Completion Date is project con	nsidered an emergency? Yes No
1.The applicant is required to iden	tify and obtain all necessary permits before starting the project.	
Identify the proposed work elem     Road Banks Improved	nents: Ditches Improved Ditch Outlets Added Off Right Road Base Improved Road Surface Stabilized Storm Water Improvements Vegetative Management	

#### E. Grant App, Work plan, Instructions

irant App	- Bottom	Propose	d Project Comp	oletion Date	Is project considered an emerg	ency? Yes No
1.The applicant	is required to idea	ntify and obtain all neo	cessary permits	before starting	g the project.	
Road Ba	anks Improved	Road Base Improved	I XRoad Surfa	ce Stabilized	ed Off Right-of-Way Improver	nents
3. The applicant	t is required to obt	ain the DSA Specifica	ation and Certifi	ication form p	rior to DSA placement.	
					ect. Attach a locational map with the	ne project highlighted.
5. Project cost e		equest \$	ch detailed docu	amentation if a	In-Kind \$	
Materials		pment	Labor	Material	11	Labor
¥19,666°	co hed Sheet			#40C	See Milada.	7×1,600.0
Sec attec	hed Sheet	-			A Malada	und Steet
			Addit	ional	See Manual	
			Cost S	heets		
			Avail	lable		
	See Atta	chment A1			See Attachment A2	
Grant Requeste In-Kind Contrib Total Project Va	utions \$	9 666.00 1,700.00 4,366.00		DIX	pplicant Signature	3-6-/5 Date
	-					

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

**OPTIONAL** cost details

SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VEHICLE CODE

### DIRT, GRAVEL AND LOW VOLUME ROAD MAINTENANCE DETAILED ESTIMATED PROJECT EXPENDITURES

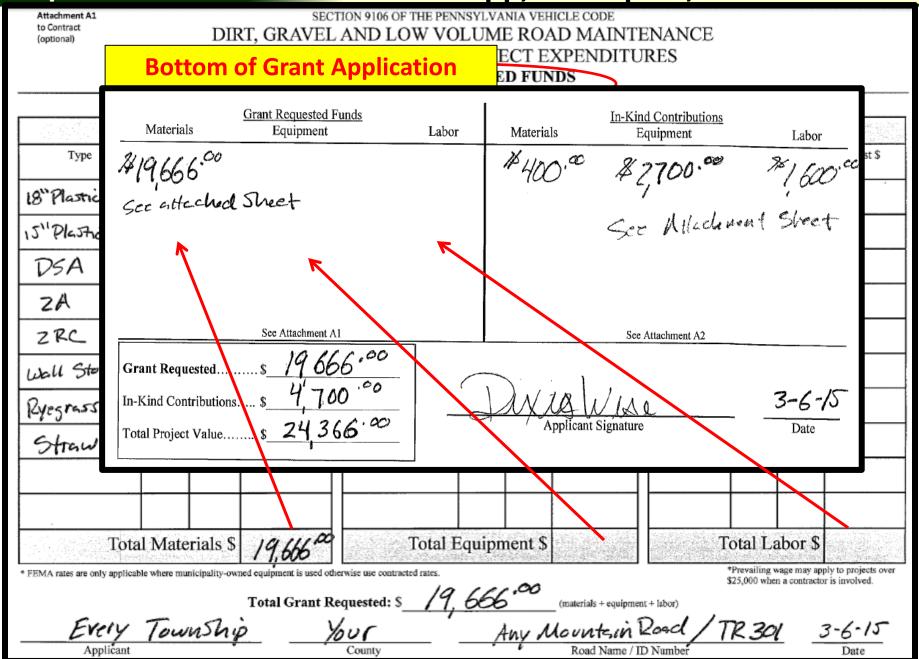
GRANT REQUESTED FUNDS

Use best estimates and complete as much info as possible.

	Materi	als		Equipment					Labor			
Type	Unit Cost	Qty	Cost \$	Тур	e	Hours	FEMA* Rate/Hr	Cost S	Туре	Rate/Hr	Hours	Cost \$
18" Plastic Pipe	8.5/f+	60	*510.∞								-	,
5"Plastic Pipe	7~/4+		# 700.00									
DSA	2200/Am	1	#16,280° _	- inclu	des al	equi	men	t and labor	and in	-out fo	ڑھ	
ZA	12.00/44	110	#1,320.00									
ZRC	lligton	45	2495.00									
Wall Stone	A 150.00 pullet	Z	2 300°0			VTT			Λ +-	Colo	huos	_
Well Stone Ryegrass Seed	3.9/16	7	* 21.00					ment				
Straw	5.00/	8	40.00		_	_		ion is app le at <u>http</u>				
Tota	ıl Mate	rials \$	10/11/00		Total E	anipr	nent \$	Marian experience suppose		Total La	abor \$	
FEMA rates are only applical			1 1,000	rwise use contrac	ted rates.	Чигри	A Squitt			lak je ploto i sak	vage may app	ly to projects over is involved.

Total Grant Requested: \$

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**



Every Township

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

Road Name / ID Number

OPTIONAL cost details

SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VEHICLE CODE

DIRT, GRAVEL AND LOW VOLUME ROAD MAINTENANCE
DETAILED ESTIMATED PROJECT EXPENDITURES

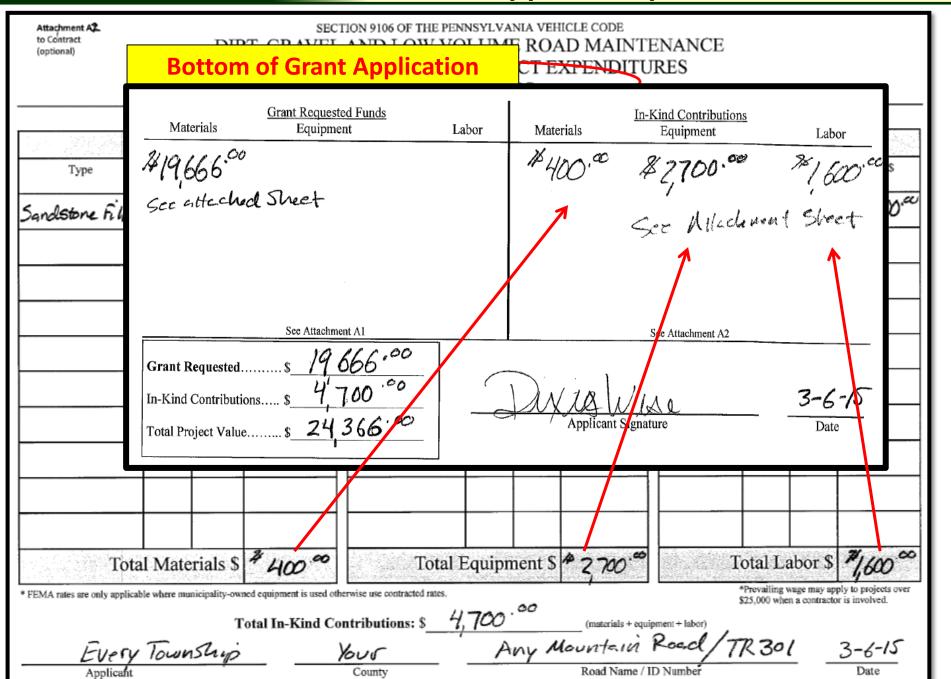
IN-KIND FUNDS

				Use best estimates and com	plete as m	uch info as	possible.				
Materials				Equipment				Labor			
Туре	Unit Cost	Qty	Cost \$	Туре	Hours	FEMA* Rate/Hr	Cost \$	Туре	Rate/Hr	Hours	Cost \$
Sandstone fill	4.0%	100	21400.00	Buckhoe	40	33°0	*/320°°	Township	20.00	80	\$ 1,600°
				Backhoe Dump Truck Jumping Tack	16	65/hr	41,040°				
				Jumping Tack	68.	dey	#340.00			-	
				Attachment A to Contract  (Grant application is appendix C in admin manual.  Contract available at <a href="https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/">https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/</a> )							
Total Materials \$ 400 °			# 1100.00	Total Equipment \$ * 2 700.00				Total Labor \$ 7/600 00			

Total In-Kind Contributions: \$

County

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**



#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

Project Sketch (back of grant app)

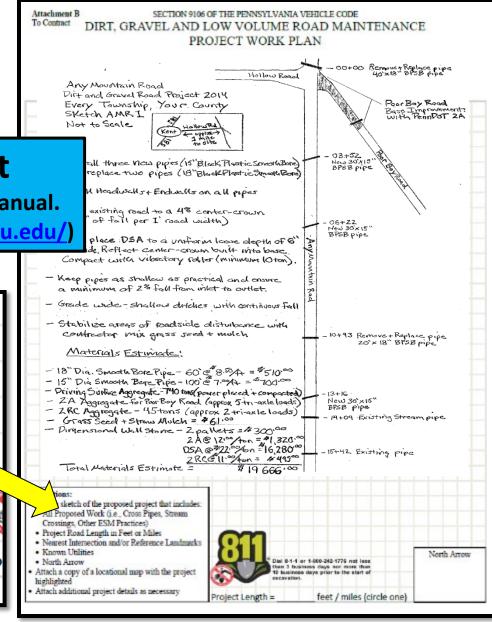
#### **Attachment A to Contract**

(Grant application is appendix C in admin manual.

Contract available at <a href="https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/">https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/</a>)

#### Instructions:

- Draw a sketch of the proposed project that includes:
  - All Proposed Work (i.e., Cross Pipes, Stream Crossings, Other ESM Practices)
  - Project Road Length in Feet or Miles
  - Nearest Intersection and/or Reference Landmarks
  - Known Utilities
  - North Arrow
- Attach a copy of a locational map with the project highlighted
- Attach additional project details as necessary



#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

- 00+00 Remove + Replace pipe Hollow Road .Any Mountain Road Dirt and Gravel Road Project 2014 Poor Bay Kood Every Township, Your County Base Improvement SKETCH AMRI WITH PENNDOT 2A Not to Scale 03+52 - Install three new pipes (15" Black Plantic Smooth Bone) BPSB Pipe and replace two pipes (18" Black Plastic Smark Bord) - Install Headwalls + Endualls on all pipes - Grade existing road to a 4% center-crown ( "z" of fail per I' road width) 06+22 New 30'x 15" BPSB pipe - Paver place DSA to a uniform loose depth of 6" to 16 wide, Reflect center-crown built with base Compact with vibratory roller (minimum (Oton). - Keep pipes as shallow as practical and ensure a minimum of 28 fall from what to outlet. - Grade wide- shallow detches with continuous fall - Stabilize areas of madside disturbance with contractor mix grass seed + mulch 10+93 Remove + Replace pipe 20' × 18" BPSB pipe Materials Estimate: - 18" Dia. Smooth Bore Pipe - 60' & 8.59 A = \$510.00 - 15" Dia Smooth Bore Pipe - 100 @ 7.0942 = 5700.00 - Priving Surface Aggregate - 740 tons (power placed + compacted) - ZA Aggregate for Poor Boy Road (approx 5 tri-axte loads) New 36"x15" BPSB Pipe - ZRC Aggregate - 45tons (approx 2 tri-axle loads) - 14+09 -Existing Stream pipe - Grass Seed + Straw Mulch = 461.00 - Dimensional Well Stone - 2 pallets = 430000 2 A@ \Z. ~ / ton = 11,320.00 DSA @ 22.00 fon = 16,28000 - 15+42 Existing Fipe ZRC@11.00/40n = 449500 Total Materials Estimate = # 19 666.00

#### **Grant App, Work plan, Instructions**

Any Mountain Road Dirt and Gravel Road Plan Every Township, Your County, PA

A large amount of water from Poor Boy Road and the woods uphill erodes the ditch on Any Mountain Road and flow leaves the ditch and causes ruts and stone to wash from the road. There is very little of the limestone surface left on most of the road. The road drains to Cold Bottom Creek.

The project is located 1 mile east of route 581 in Kent. It is 1,542 feet long and begins at the crosspipe at the intersection with Poor Boy Road and ends at the first crosspipe east of the stream pipe. The project also includes base and drainage work on approx. 200 feet of Poor Boy Road, a private development road that currently drains to the road ditch on the west end of the project.

The plan is to correct drainage problems and improve the road surface with DSA.

00+00 —Remove and replace existing crosspipe with 40 feet of 18 inch pipe. Remove soft clay on Poor Boy Road and fill with sandstone from township pit. Shape the road with sandstone to flow to new 18 inch pipe. Make shallow swale where Poor Boy Road meets main road. Top the sandstone with 6" of 2A and grade to match shape of base.

03+52 - New 30 foot 15" pipe angled downslope. Headwalls on both ends.

06+22 - New 40 foot 15" pipe angled downslope toward spoil pile near posted sign. Headwalls on both ends.

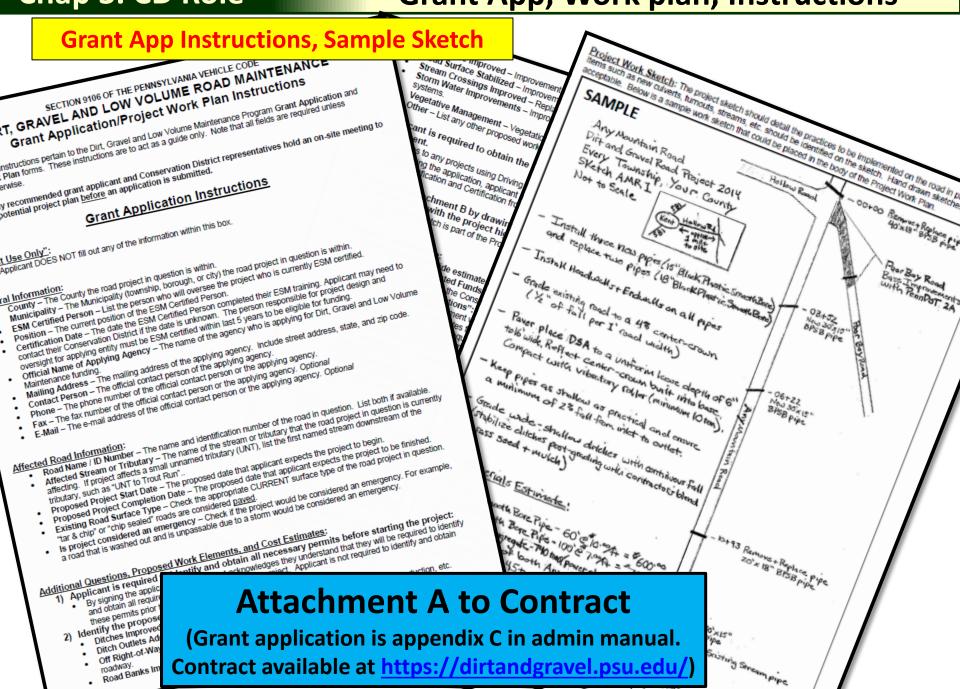
10+93 – Remove and replace existing crosspipe with 20 feet of 18 inch pipe. Install new pipe approx. one foot farther toward upslope ditch than existing pipe was.

13+16 - New 30 foot 15" pipe angled downslope. Headwalls on both ends.

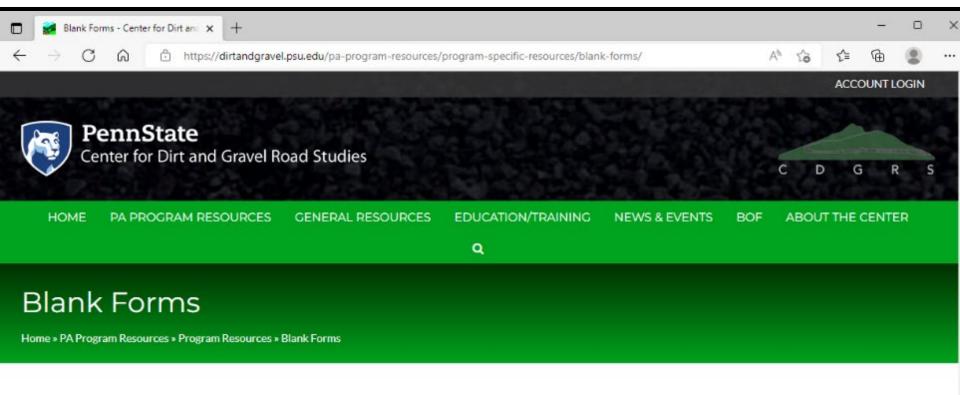
14+09 - Location of stream pipe.

15+42 -Location of first existing crosspipe east of stream.

Grade the road from ditch to ditch to make a 4% center-crown before installing DSA. Place DSA with a paver to 16 feet wide and a loose depth of 6 inches and compact with a vibratory roller.



- Grant forms available online
  - With or without instructions



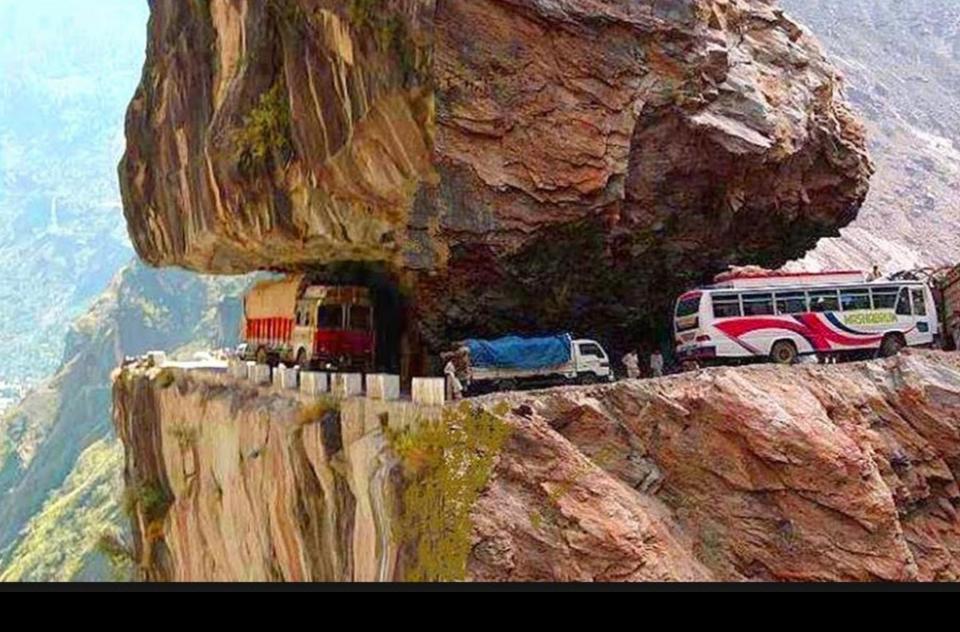
PA Program Resources

SCC Program Overview >

Conservation Districts

Program Resources >





## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit
- 3.8.4 Receiving Grant Applications

#### 3.8.5 Contracting

- 3.8.6 Pre-Project Logistics
- 3.8.7 Project Oversight

#### **3.8.8 Contract Amendments**

- 3.8.9 Project Completion
- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

# 

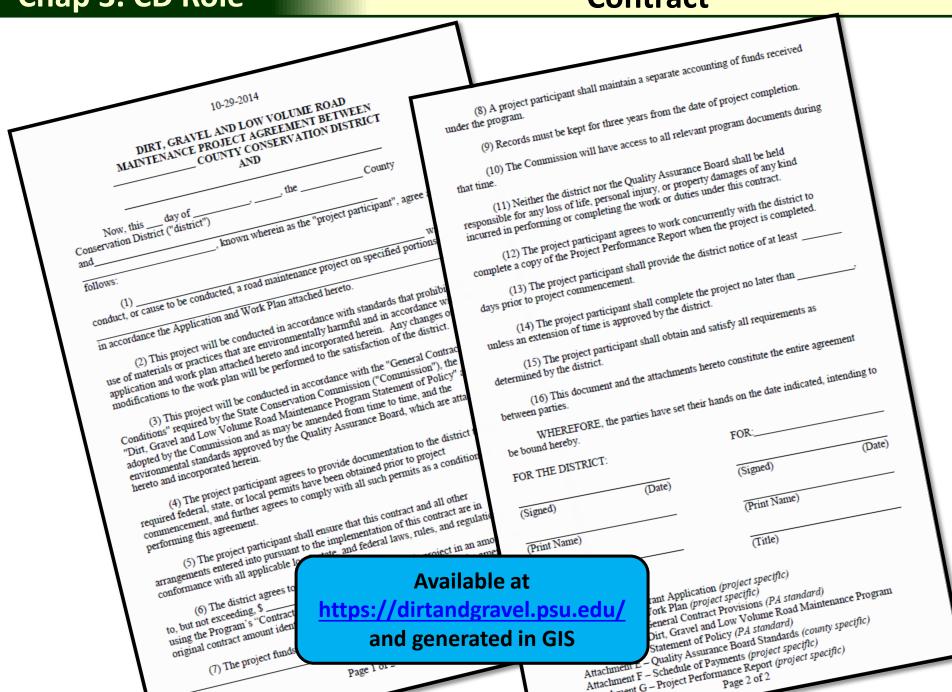
#### **Contracting**

- Contract must be in place before anything happens
  - No fund advances can take place without a contract
  - No work can begin without a contract
  - No expenses, such as engineering costs, can be incurred before a contract is signed

#### 3.8.5 Contracting

Preparation or design costs such as engineering or surveying that are incurred before the contract is signed are not eligible for grant reimbursement but can be counted as in-kind.

#### **Contract**



- 2-page contract between CD and grantee
- Other documents attached to contract:

#### List of Attachments:

```
Attachment A – Grant Application and Workplan (project specific)
```

Attachment B – General Contract Provisions (PA standard)

Attachment C – Statement of Policy, incorporated by reference, available at www.dirtandgravelroads.org

Attachment D – Quality Assurance Board Standards (county specific)

Attachment E – Schedule of Payments (project specific)

Attachment F – Prevailing Wage Notification Letter (project specific)

Attachment G - Prevailing Wage Certified Statement of Compliance (project specific)

Page 2 of 2

Must Generate Contract using the GIS System

- 2-page contract between CD and grantee
- CDs can <u>add</u> provisions to contract
  - Need to be approved by your solicitor.
  - Need to notify SCC.

#### **Cancelling a contract**

- If a contract cannot be completed in a reasonable timeframe (2+ years), the district should consider closing out or canceling the contract.
- Districts who maintain open contracts for multiple years may see reduced allocations in future years at the discretion of the State Conservation Commission.

#### **Schedule of Payments**

10-2014

Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program Schedule of Payments to Program Participants

The conservation district agrees to disburse funds under this project agreement in the following manner:

50% max

- (2) The district shall process subsequent payments to the project participant on an actual cash expended basis.
- (3) The district shall withhold \$\_\_\_\_\_ of the approved project expenses until the satisfactory completion of the project (minimum of 30% of the contract). Final payment for the project expenses shall be made only after a final inspection by the

ed co

on of

**Available Online** 

www.dirtandgravelroads.org

**Must Generate in GIS** 

nt pursuant to this agreement shall be

#### **Contract Amendment**

- If needed, a simple onepage amendment form can be used to:
  - increase contract by up to 40% (total of original contract)
  - extend completion date
  - Increase both funds and time

**Must Generate in GIS** 

**Available at** 

https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/ and generated in GIS

		Contract An	nendment	
	MAINTENAN TO AGREEMEN	CE PROJEC T BETWEEN	OW VOLUME ROAD F AMENDMENT #	
	COUNTY			
		(proyect per	ticipani)	
			ject participant to perform a road with an Application and Work Plan	
in a	Whereas, the agreement is in amount up to, but not exc		trict to fund the eligible costs of the	proje
	Whereas, the project part d to complete the project in he agreement.	icipant underes accordance wi	timated the amount of money that it is than Application and Work Plan atta	woul
Wo of t	g as the funds are used to co rk Plan attached to the agre he amount of money includ	omplete the pro ement and the t ed in the origin	ligible funds to the project participar ject as specified in the Application at otal additional funds are no more that al agreement, unless a larger amount s attached to this Amendment.	nd in 40
No	w therefore, intending to be	legally bound,	the parties agree as follows:	
No 1.	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up t	vide additional o, but not exce	the parties agree as follows:  monies to fund the eligible costs for eding \$ The maximum a tre project is increased to \$	mou
	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up t payable to project partici The district agrees to exte	vide additional to, but not exce pant for the ent	monies to fund the eligible costs for eding \$ The maximum a ire project is increased to \$	mou
1.	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up t payable to project partici The district agrees to ext The project participant ag	vide additional o, but not exce pant for the ent end the project grees to comple	monies to fund the eligible costs for ding \$ . The maximum a ire project is increased to \$ completion date to	imou
1. 2. 3.	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up t payable to project participant agrees to extended the project participant agrees as amended hereb	vide additional o, but not exce pant for the ent end the project grees to comple by, the original	monies to fund the eligible costs for ding \$ . The maximum a ire project is increased to \$	effec
<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>bout</li> </ol>	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up t payable to project partici The district agrees to ext The project participant ag Except as amended hereb Wherefore, the parties ha	vide additional o, but not exce pant for the ent end the project grees to comple by, the original	monies to fund the eligible costs for eding \$ . The maximum a ire project is increased to \$ completion date to te the project by this extended date.	effec
1. 2. 3. bou	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up to payable to project participant agrees to extend the project participant agrees to extend the project participant agrees as amended hereby.  Wherefore, the parties have the District:	vide additional o, but not exce pant for the ent end the project grees to comple by, the original	monies to fund the eligible costs for eding \$ The maximum a ire project is increased to \$  completion date to  te the project by this extended date.  agreement remains in full force and ds on the date indicated, intending to  For the Project Participant:	effec
1. 2. 3. bou	The district agrees to pro project in an amount up to payable to project participant agrees to extend the project participant agrees to extend the project participant agrees as amended hereby.  Wherefore, the parties have the District:	vide additional o, but not exce pant for the ent end the project grees to comple by, the original ve set their han	monies to fund the eligible costs for eding \$ The maximum a ire project is increased to \$  completion date to  te the project by this extended date.  agreement remains in full force and ds on the date indicated, intending to  For the Project Participant:	effec

#### **Contract Amendment**

Limited to 40% of contract

Whereas, the district is able to provide eligible funds to the project participant as long as the funds are used to complete the project as specified in the Application and Work Plan attached to the agreement and the total additional funds are no more than 40% of the amount of money included in the original agreement, unless a larger amount is approved by the SCC and the approval form is attached to this Amendment.

Now therefore, intending to be legally bound, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. The district agrees to provide additional monies to fund the eligible costs for the project in an amount up to, but not exceeding \$\_\_\_\_\_\_. The maximum amount payable to project participant for the entire project is increased to \$\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. The district agrees to extend the project completion date to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

  The project participant agrees to complete the project by this extended date.
- 3. Except as amended hereby, the original

Can be used to extend completion date.

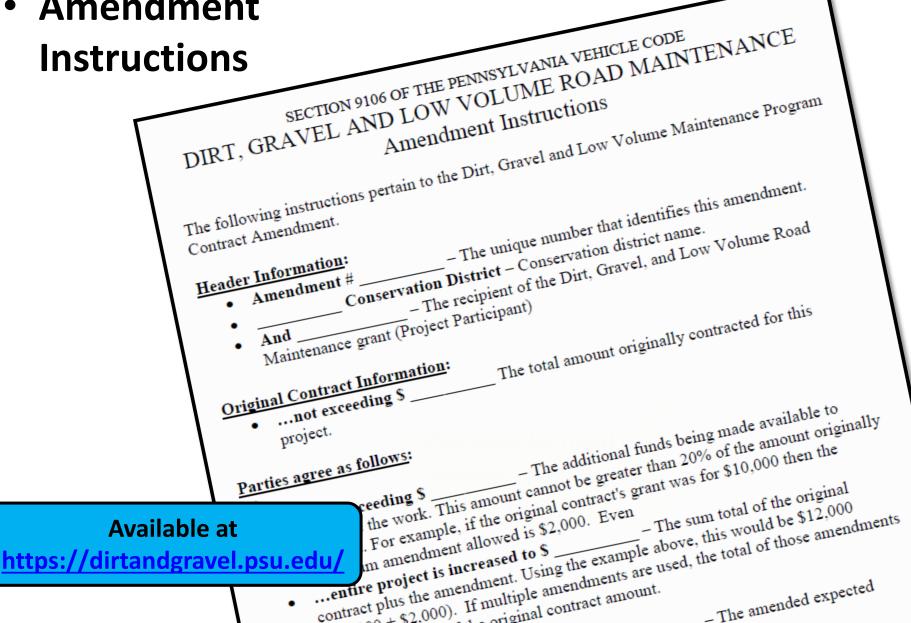
e and effect.

Available at

https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/

and generated in GIS

## Amendment Instructions



- 2-page contract between CD and grantee
- Other documents attached to contract:

Automatically generated in GIS

#### List of Attachments:

Attachment A – Grant Application and Workplan (project specific)

Attachment B – General Contract Provisions (PA standard)

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Attachment G - Prevailing Wage Certified Statement of Compliance (project specific)

Page 2 of 2

GIS now prints out entire application packet with all attachments except Grant App / Workplan

## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit
- 3.8.4 Receiving Grant Applications
- 3.8.5 Contracting
- 3.8.6 Pre-Project Logistics
- 3.8.7 Project Oversight
- 3.8.8 Contract Amendments
- 3.8.9 Project Completion
- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

#### **Pre project logistics**

- Permits, Pa 1-call
  - -It is the responsibility of the grant recipient to ensure that all necessary permits are obtained and any other pre-project requirements are met (1-call, PNDI, etc.)
  - -It is the responsibility of the <u>district</u> to verify that permits have been obtained before work can begin on the portion of the project that requires a permit.

### 3.8.6 Pre-project logistics

#### Pre project logistics

- Pre-project meeting (separate from pre-application meeting)
  - Grant recipients MUST notify the conservation district before beginning work on a project.
  - The amount of notice is spelled out in the contract with the district.
  - Contractors and sub-contractors are strongly encouraged to attend.
  - Notify Center of planned DSA placements.
  - Checklist available

## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
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- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

#### **Project Oversight**

- District must ensure that project work is performed in accordance with contract and attachments, as well as Program policy and standards:
  - Stay involved
  - Have an on-site presence
  - Pay attention
  - Call Center/SCC for help if needed
  - No excuses!
- When it comes to project oversight, remember...

# "You get what you inspect, not what you expect"

more involvement = better projects

#### **Project Oversight**

- Make sure you are on site:
  - First day(s) of project work
  - When project moves to a new phase or practice
  - When critical practices or practices new to the applicant are being installed
  - For regular check-ins

#### **Project Oversight**

- "The twp wanted to do it that way" is not an excuse
- The CD holds the purse strings
  - Ensure work is done properly
  - Require remediations where necessary
  - Don't pay for subpar work



## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit
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- 3.8.9 Project Completion
- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

# Prior to final payment, the following are required:

- Final onsite inspection
- Signed project completion report
  - Summarizes funding
  - Summarizes work
  - Signed by CD and grantee
  - Must be signed and retained with project files.
- Receipts for all grant expenditures

#### Other documentation may also be required:

- DSA testing and certifications
- Off ROW consent forms
- Prevailing Wage documentation
- "Hard file checklist" available

#### 3.8.9.1 Final Inspection

# A final inspection must be completed onsite involving the district and grant recipient

- Verify the project is completed in accordance with Program standards and to the satisfaction of the district.
- Verify that all work elements classified as "in-kind services" are also completed in accordance with Program standards and to the satisfaction of the district.
- Verify that work elements proposed in the work plan have been properly installed.
- Allow the district to summarize the project work elements and costs on the project completion report.
- Document any changes made from the grant application that have not already been documented.

- 3.8.9.2 Final Project Remediation (if necessary)
- Remediation work may be required before the project can be consider "complete"
- The district should verify remediation work meets Program standards prior to making final payment

#### Chap 3. CD Role

PAGE 1 OF 2

#### 3.8.9 Project Completion

Chap 3. CD Noic 3.	o. o i i oject comp	ICCIOII
	OW VOL	UME ROAD MAINTENANCE
Attachment 6 SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVAN DIRT. GRAVEL AND LOW VOLUMI Expanded to fro		ETION REPORT
PROJECT COMPLETION REPORT	Project Complete as much info as possible, Include work	
This form is intended to summarize financial expenditures and work completed for ONE PROJECT and must be filled in upon project completion.	Ditch Improvements/Outlets	Off Right-of-Way Improvements
Yout County Frenchia 7/8/2015	Turn Outs Installed#	Diversion Swales Constructed ft
Project Info	New Cross Pipes Installed	Bank Benchesft
Traject a merpuan (Teck one no product) no puntod	Cross Pipes Replaced	Through Drains#
Dirt, Gravel and Low Volume Program Funds Use actual project costs after receipts are totaled.  Includes goods and services from applicant and other reserves.	Through the Bank Pipes#	Access Drainage Improvements#
Project Commitments: In-Kind Contributions from Grant Recipients:	Road Base	Road Surface Stabilized
A. Contract Amount	Roa ESM Practice	Summary tons
Financial Summary ∞.∞	Geo Separation Fabric, Grid, or Cellsq yd	Broad Based Dips
Project Expenditures: (receipts must be submitted) In-Kind Contributions from Other Sources:	Under Drain Addedft	Grade Brakes#
D. Materials	French Mattresses Constructed sq yd	Dust Suppressant Usedsq yd
E. Equipment \$	Road Banks	Structural Storm Water Improvements
F. Labor	Scil Pinningsq yd	Infiltrationsq yd
G. Total Expenditures (D+R+F) \$ 19.466 L. Total In-Kind Value (H+I+J+K) \$ 5500	Geo Stabilized Banksq yd	Detentionsq yd
Project Cost Summary	Road-Stream Interface	Dispersalsq yd
M.Total Project Value: (G+L)	High Water Bypass#	Vegetative Management
Additional Project Notes: Township needed to buy an extra pallet of	In-stream Stabilization Structures	Select Thinning/Proxingft
headwall stone to Stabilize the Stream pipe inlet + outlet	Bioengineeringsq yd	Seeding/Mulching 20 sq yd
(contract amendment for \$ 300,00). They glio needed to have a third	Available	e at
Notes and Signatures (circl Island),	https://dirtandgra	avel.psu.edu/
I strest that all work elements proposed in the project contract have been completed to the extent invoiced and in accordance with all contract agreements.	and generate	ed in GIS
Ton Vistricter 1/8/2015 De Voadguy 1/18/2015 Conservation District Res Date	All Other Practices Implemented 1 🗸 🎁 List Pract	lices New Headwalls / Finaux Ils

#### Chap 3. CD Role

#### 3.8.9 Project Completion

and generated in GIS

**Front Top** 

# SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VEHICLE CODE T, GRAVEL AND LOW VOLUME ROAD MAINTENANCE PROJECT COMPLETION REPORT

This form is intended to summarize financial expendi	tures and work completed for	for ONE PROJECT and must be filled in upon project completion.		
County		Municipality Date		
Project Participant	Work Site ID	Road Name / ID Number		
Dirt, Gravel and Low Volume Prog	ram Funds	In-Kind Contributions Includes goods and services from applicant and other sources.		
Project Commitments:	In-Ki	Kind Contributions from Grant Recipients:		
A. Contract Amount\$	I. Mate	sterials\$		
B. Amendments (if applicable)	J. Equip	uipment\$		
C. Total Committed (A+B)\$	K. Lab	abor\$		
Project Expenditures: (receipts must be submitted)		L. Engineering\$		
D. Materials\$		In-Kind Contributions from Other Sources:		
E. Equipment\$	M. Oth	ther Sources (describe below) \$		
F. Labor\$				
G. Engineering (limit 10% of line C) \$				
H. Total Expenditures (D+E+F+G) \$  Represents the total DGLVR funds paid to the gra		Available at <a href="https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu">https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu</a>		

**Front Bottom** 

#### **Space for notes**

Additional Project Notes: Township needed to buy an extra pallet of
neadwall stone to Stabilize the Stream pipe inlet + outlet
(contract amendment for \$ 300.00). They glob needed to have a third
laborer en site for traffic control (additional \$800.00 in in-Kindlabor
I attest that all work elements proposed in the project contract have been completed to the extent invoiced and in accordance with all contract agreements.
DDit

PAGE 1 OF 2

**CD and Grantee Signatures** 

**Available at** 

https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/

and generated in GIS

#### Chap 3. CD Role

Ditch Improvements/Outlets

#### 3.8.9 Project Completion

**Back Top** 

# SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVAN DIRT, GRAVEL AND LOW VOLUME PROJECT COMPLETIO

#### **Available at**

https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/ and generated in GIS

#### Project Totals

Use best estimates and complete as much info as possible. Include work completed for both Project Expenditures and In-Kind Contributions.

Through the Bank Pipes		£
Road Base		
Road Fill Added	t	ons
Full Depth, Chemical, Mechanical Stabilization	s	q yd
Geo Separation Fabric, Grid, or Cell.	s	q yđ
Under Drain Added	f	t
French Mattresses Constructed	s	q yd

Off Right-of-Way Improvements	
Diversion Swales Constructed	ft
Bank Benches	ft
Through Drains	#
Access Drainage Improvements	<u>#</u>

Road Surface Stabilized		
DSA Placed	740	tons
Sealed Surface		sq yd
Broad Based Dips	****	#
Grade Brakes		#
Dust Suppressant Used		_sq yd

#### Chap 3. CD Role

#### **3.8.9 Project Completion**

#### **Back Bottom**

Road Banks		Structural Storm	Water Improvements ———	
Soil Pinning.	sq yd	Infiltration		sq yd
Geo Stabilized Bank	sq yd	Detention		sq yd
Road-Stream Interface		Dispersal		sq yd
High Water Bypass	#	Vegetative Mana	agement —	
In-stream Stabilization Structures	#	Select Thinning/Pr	uning	ft
Bioengineering	sq yd	Seeding/Mulching		sq yd
Stream Crossing Replacements  (Tvve: R=round vipe; M=multiple pipes; S=squash pipe)  Crossing 1  Bankfull Width:ft  Existing Structure New Structure  Type: Type:  Opening Opening  Width:ft Width:ft	; <b>A</b> =arch pipe (w/bottom);	full Width:ft  New Structure  Type: Opening		ft ucture
All Other Practices Implemented				

**Available at** 

# Project Completion Report Instructions

SECTION 9106 OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VEHICLE CODE DIRT, GRAVEL, AND LOW VOLUME ROAD MAINTENANCE

Project Completion Report Instructions lowing instructions pertain to the Dirt, Gravel and Low Volume Maintenance Program Project Completion form.

orm is intended to summarize and "close out" a project. The signed form It is strongly recommended Grant Recipient and Conservation District rep

ng to complete this report.

- Municipality The Municipality (township, borough, or city) where the completed project is located. County - The County where the completed project is located. eral Information:
- Project Participant The recipient of the Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance grant. Work Site ID – The site identifier for the road maintenance work funded. This identifier was determined by the Date - The date the Project Completion Report was completed.
- Road Name / ID Number The name and identification number of the road in question. List both if available.

irt, Gravel and Low Volume Program Funds: This section only includes actual grant costs paid for by the rogram through the Conservation District. Grant Recipients must provide receipts.

- A Contract Amount -This is the amount agreed on within the signed contract between the Conservation Project Commitments:

  - Total Committed Contract Amount + Amendments. The total Program funds committed to the
- D Materials The actual cost of all the materials funded by the Program grant. Equipment – The actual cost of all the equipment funded by the Program grant. Project Expenditures:

  - Total Expenditures Materials + Equipment + Labor. This is the total expenditures of the project that
  - are funded by the Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program grant. It is permissible to estimate the breakdown of materials, equipment, and labor if needed (such as if a contractor bids one sum for surface placement that would encompass materials, equipment, and labor), but "Line G: Total Expenditures" must reflect the total funding paid by the Conservation District to the Grant
    - to be lived contributions are project costs incurred by the Grant Recipient that are NOT Recipient.

# Project Totals (Page 2): Below is a very brid

- Ditch Improvements/Outlets:

  - Turn Outs Installed Any opening in New Cross Pipes Installed – Any new

#### oss Pipes Replaced - Any existing ough the Bank Pipe - A pipe, used

https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/ Fill Added – Any material that is u

- Full Depth, Chemical, Mechanical Stab incorporation of material such as cement,
- Geo Separation Fabric, Grid, or Cell Under Drain Added - Constructed or pref
- the road, ditch, bank, or impacted off-right- French Mattresses Constructed – Free di allow water to move through the road.
- Road Banks:
- Soil Pinning Any stabilization practice utiliz Geo Stabilized Bank – Any stabilization prac
- Road-Stream Interface:
  - High Water Bypass Road area reinforced for
    - In-stream Stabilization Structures Any stru
  - Bioengineering Any area stabilized using dee
- Stream Crossings Replaced: Enter the number of o enter the width of the structures installed.
- Bottomless Arch Structures Any bottomless a
- Box Culverts Square or rectangular structures,
- Bridges Any traditional crossing with steel reinfo
- Circular Culverts Any circular structure made fro GRS-IBS Spans - Any structure built using GRS-IE
- Plate Arch Structures Any structure with a plate Squash Culverts - Any oval or reshaped circular st
- Off Right-of-Way Impress

# 3.8.9 Project completion & 3.8.10 Project File Retention

 Required documentation as outlined on the "Hard File Checklist" is required to be kept in the project hard file and <u>is needed prior to making</u> <u>final payment to the grant recipient</u>

## 3.8 Administering Projects

- 3.8.1 Notification to Applicants
- 3.8.2 Pre-Application Site Visit
- 3.8.3 Pre-Design Site Visit
- 3.8.4 Receiving Grant Applications
- 3.8.5 Contracting
- 3.8.6 Pre-Project Logistics
- 3.8.7 Project Oversight
- 3.8.8 Contract Amendments
- 3.8.9 Project Completion
- 3.8.10 Project File Retention

- All records relating to the Program must be kept for a minimum of 7 years from the date of final payment on a project
  - see "Hard File" Project Checklist for paperwork required to be in hard file
  - It is recommended to keep additional relevant documentation beyond the minimum required to be in the hard file
    - Communications with project participants, photos, bid documents if applicable, etc.

# STEWE

#### 3) CD Role

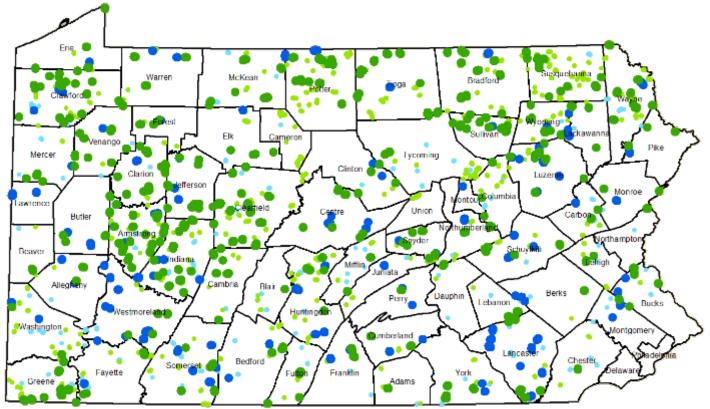
- 3.1 CD Structure
- 3.2 Overview
- 3.3 Receiving Funds from SCC
- 3.4 Accounting of funds at CD
- 3.5 Dispersing funds to Grant Recipients
- 3.6 CD Educational opportunities
- 3.7 Program Eligibility
- 3.8 Administering Projects
- 3.9 GIS System
- 3.10Annual Summary Reports

### **GIS** reporting

 CDs use customized GIS system to track all project location, deliverables and spending.

Use system to generate <u>quarterly</u> reports to

SCC.



#### **GIS Reporting**

- ALL Program reporting done in GIS
- Please attend a GIS training if you are responsible for record keeping and reporting for Program.
- District Managers have to take abbreviated GIS training

#### 3.9 GIS Reporting System

- All contracts, amendments, and completion reports must be generated using the GIS system.
- All funded projects are required to be filled out in the GIS to the extent practical including:
  - Assessment (if applicable)
  - Grant application
  - Contract
  - Amendments (if applicable)
  - Payment(s)
  - Completion report
  - Photos (if applicable)
  - Any additional supporting files

#### 3.10 Quarterly Reports

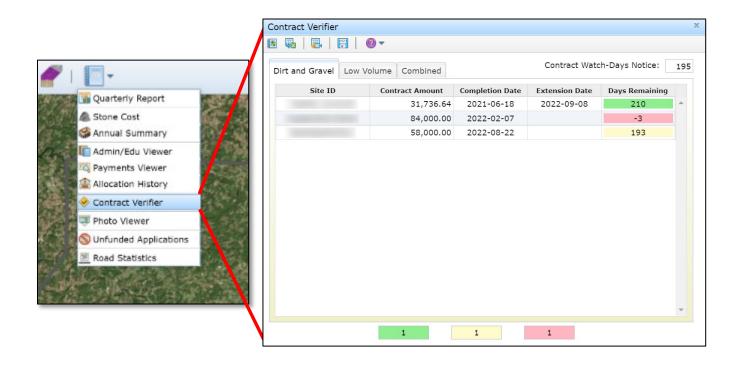
 Districts must keep documentation for all Program expenses and income according to section 3.4

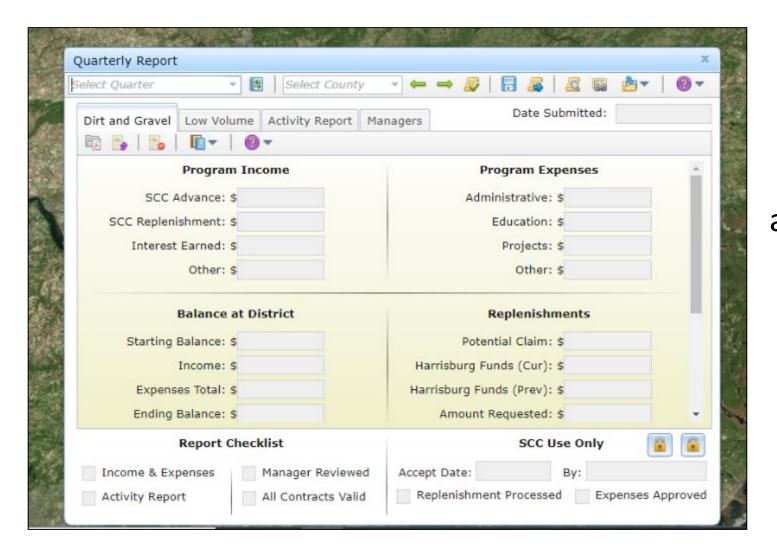
Financial staff involved in the DGLVR Program
must complete a quarterly report GIS training to
gain access to the quarterly report system.

#### 3.10 Quarterly Reports (continued)

- In order to submit quarterly reports, the following must be completed:
  - All income (advances, replenishments, interest) and expenses (project, administrative, and education/training) must be entered
  - Local and GIS account balances must match before the quarterly report is submitted each quarter
  - Information on funded projects is also required, including checking that all currently open contracts are in good standing and are not expired. The GIS includes a contract verifier tool that can be used during this process.
  - Complete the summary of Program activities from district staff for the quarter.
  - The Conservation District Manager, or its approved designee, is required to submit the report.

- March 4: GIS Contract Verifier / Quarterly Report Update 2022
  - 2022
     This webinar addressed the issue of contracts that have become expired because of not completing them by the contract's completion date. It reviewed updates to the Contract Verifier as well as discussed new requirements for the Quarterly Report.
  - Webinar Download (68.5 MB): MP4 format (~33 minutes)



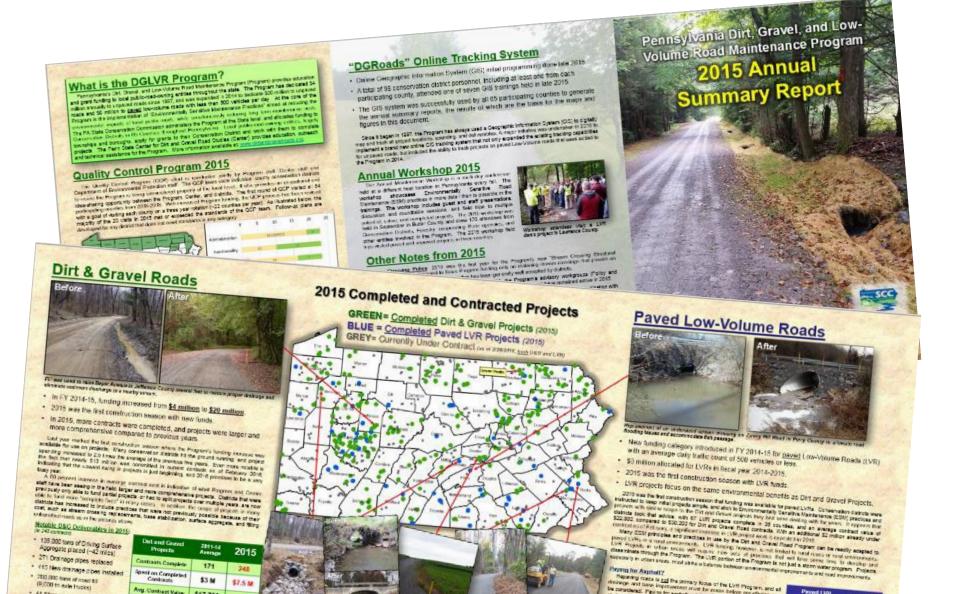


Contact
the SCC
and CDGRS
for
assistance
with
quarterly
reports

#### 3.11 Annual Reports

Completing the Annual Summary Report includes ensuring all quarterly reports are submitted and accepted, entering average limestone DSA cost, and managing project errors. The average cost of limestone aggregate (DSA) delivered (not placed) is a small factor in District Allocations (in accordance with section 9106, the law that created the Dirt and Gravel Road Program).

#### **Annual Summary Reports**



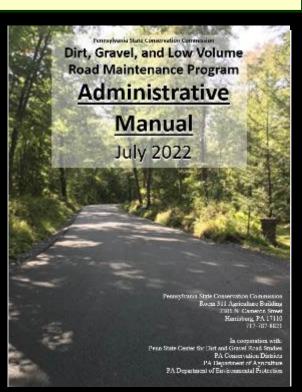


# Sherri

#### **Administrative Manual**

- 1) Introduction
- 2) SCC Role
- 3) Conservation District Role
- 4) Quality Assurance Board
- 5) Applicant Role
- 6) Center for Dirt and Gravel Roads
- 7) Additional Policies
- 8) Permits and Other Requirements

**Appendices** 



#### Quality Assurance Board -§ 9106, (E)

Within the conservation district a Quality Assurance Board shall be impaneled to establish and administer the grant program. The four-member QAB is to be comprised of a nonvoting chairman appointed by the conservation district directors and one local representative appointed by each of the following entities:

- (1) The Federal Natural Resource Conservation Service
- (2) The Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission
- (3) The county conservation district

If circumstances require, the chairman may vote to decide a tie vote.

#### **Quality Assurance Board Why?**

#### **Quality Assurance Board Why?**

#### **Local Involvement and Control**

NRCS – Federal: conservation and erosion

<u>PAFBC</u> – State: aquatics and hydrology

<u>District</u> – County: conservation multi-discipline

Who knows best for the County?

People in the County!

#### **Quality Assurance Board**

- <u>Local control</u> within guidelines established by the commission.
- QAB's purpose is to advise and assist the conservation district board.
  - QAB is advisory only
  - District Board has the final say

#### Composition of the QAB is established by law:

- Only 4 members
  - Non-voting chair appointed by district board
  - One voting member appointed by the district board
  - One voting member appointed by Fish and Boat commission
  - One voting member appointed by NRCS
- Chairman may only vote to decide a tie
- Voting members appointed by the agencies do not have to be employees
- All QAB members are strongly encouraged to take
   ESM training
  - At least one district member must take ESM training
- QAB can have as many advisors as they deem necessary, but advisors are non voting

### NRCS and PAFBC (not CD) designate their QAB appointees

- Does not have to be NRCS/PAFBC employee.
- Can also designate an alternate.
- Should have appointment in writing
- Sample appointment letter:

#### Chap 4. QAB Role

Sample appointment letter:

Voting members appointed by the agencies do not have to be employees

Word
Version
Available
online

[Your Name] [Street Address] PA Fish and Boat Commission / Natural Resource Conservation Service Date

[Recipient Name]
[Title]
Conservation District
[Street Address]
[City, ST ZIP Code]

#### Dear [Recipient Name]:

The PA Fish and Boat Commission / Natural Resource Conservation Service recognizes the importance of serving on the Quality Assurance Board (QAB) for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Conservation District's Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program (Program). The QAB is instrumental in recommending Program projects and policies to the Conservation District Board for approval.

In order to better serve the Conservation District and their program, the agency designates \_\_name \_\_\_\_ of \_\_affiliation \_\_ as the official representative of the PA Fish and Boat Commission / Natural Resource Conservation Service for the local QAB. This designation is effective immediately upon District approval and continues until \_\_date\_\_ Optional text could be added here to establish a designated alternate member to vote on the QAB in the event the member above cannot attend

I would like to commend your organization for the important contribution it makes to our community and environment, and I wish you continued success with the Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

#### **QAB Meetings**

- On a regular schedule or as needed
- Common action items at a QAB:
  - Review grant applications
  - Recommend projects for funding to the district board
  - Review completed projects
  - Recommend local policies to district board
- At least 2 of the 3 voting members (quorum)
   on any recommendations to the district board

#### **QAB Meetings must be Sunshined**

The Pennsylvania Sunshine Act requires all public agencies to <u>take</u> all official actions and conduct all deliberations leading up to official actions at public meetings. The Act covers all such actions by municipal governing bodies, committees of these governing bodies and municipal boards and commissions.

-Open Meetings, the Sunshine Act (Pennsylvania)

- Agenda posting requirements added in 2021
- Cannot vote via email
  - Can vote in a virtual meeting or conference call if the public has access to join
- https://www.agriculture.pa.gov/Pages/Sunshine-Act.aspx
- https://www.openrecords.pa.gov/SunshineAct.cfm

#### 4.3.1 Project Ranking / Sunshine Act

 Field visits by the QAB are not subject to Sunshine Act requirements as long as no deliberations of QAB business occurs and no official actions or recommendations are made during the visit.

#### 4.3.1 QAB Role: Project Ranking

 QAB members should become familiar with applicant's worksites:

- Site visits as a group
- Site visits individually
- Photo tour from District staff
- Paper application review only
- Throw darts at "application dartboard"

Not recommended

**Best option** 

#### 4.3.1 QAB Role: Project Ranking

- Each County must have written Project Ranking Criteria
  - Based on local priorities.
  - Can have separate DGR and LVR or combined.
  - Must provide for equal access.
  - Example template available on Center's website.

#### Chap 4. QAB Role

version. Feel free to use the original versio reflect county priorities. Regardless of the be re-evaluated when they are applied for.

#### 4.3 QAB role in projects

Samuel Birt County of the	Mahama Band Gari	Select type of application
Example Dirt, Gravel, and Low-	-Volume Road Grant	Unpaved (Dirt and Grave
Application Ranking 8/13/14		Paved (Low Volume Roa
		ction 1 serve to insure a project is
SECTION 1: APPLICATION VALIDATION	eligible. Feel free to insert additi	
Ooes this road site negatively impact a s	stream, lake, wetland, or other	circle choice water body? YES NO
Vi	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
ss A L	• \ / -   •	
<b>Applicat</b>	ion Vali	dation
7 Applicat	TOTT VAII	aation
las the applicant identified and agreed	to obtain all necessary permits	? YES NO
VR ONLY: If the traffic count is known a		
(note traffic count is required before co		Tro unavai
	answered "NO", the application is cur	rently not eligible for funding.
SECTION 2: APPLICATION RANKING	Feel free to delete criteria	add criteria, or change weighting
	of criteria to better fit local	
VERITY OF PROBLEM		Totally metal.
1. "Modified" Worksite Assessment		
a Poad Drainago to Stroam: n	none- <u>0</u> Slight- <u>5</u> Moderate- <u>10</u>	) Severe- <b>15</b> (15)
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid	
b. <b>Wet Site Conditions:</b> Dry- <u>0</u> Flow in Ditches- <u>7</u> Saturated	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid	
<ul> <li>b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0</li> <li>Flow in Ditches-7</li> <li>Saturated</li> <li>c. Road Surface Condition</li> </ul>	Saturated Ditches- <u>3</u> Roadsid I Base- <u>10</u>	le Springs- <u>5</u> (10)
<ul> <li>b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0</li> <li>Flow in Ditches-7</li> <li>Saturated</li> <li>c. Road Surface Condition</li> </ul>	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid	le Springs- <u>5</u> (10)
<ul> <li>b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0         Flow in Ditches-7         Saturated     </li> <li>c. Road Surface Condition</li> <li>i. <u>IVR</u> EVALUATION: Pavement</li> </ul>	Saturated Ditches- <u>3</u> Roadsid I Base- <u>10</u>	le Springs- <u>5</u> (10) (15)  pme cracking- <u>5</u>
<ul> <li>b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0         Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated</li> <li>c. Road Surface Condition</li> <li>i. <u>LVR</u> EVALUATION: Pavement Poor, cracking, unevennes</li> </ul>	Saturated Ditches- <u>3</u> Roadsid Base- <u>10</u> ent Condition: good- <u>0</u> fair, so	de Springs- <u>5</u> (10) (15)  pome cracking- <u>5</u> amaged- <u>15</u>
<ul> <li>b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0         Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated</li> <li>c. Road Surface Condition</li> <li>i. LVR EVALUATION: Pavement Poor, cracking, unevennes</li> </ul>	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10 ent Condition: good-0 fair, so ss-7 Damaged-10 Severely Di	de Springs- <u>5</u> (10) (15)  pome cracking- <u>5</u> amaged- <u>15</u>
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid I Base-10 ent Condition: good-0 fair, so ss-7 Damaged-10 Severely Di Gravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Soft S	(10)(15) pome cracking-5_ amaged-15_ stone-7_
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. <u>LVR</u> EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. <u>D&amp;G</u> EVALUATION: Hard G	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid I Base-10 ent Condition: good-0 fair, so ss-7 Damaged-10 Severely Di Gravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Soft S	(10)(15) pome cracking-5_ amaged-15_ stone-7_
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. <u>LVR</u> EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. <u>D&amp;G</u> EVALUATION: Hard G	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10 ent Condition: good-0 fair, so ss-7 Damaged-10 Severely Di	(10)(15) pome cracking-5_ amaged-15_ stone-7_
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid I Base-10 ent Condition: good-0 fair, so ss-7 Damaged-10 Severely Di Gravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Soft S	(10)(15) pome cracking-5_ amaged-15_ stone-7_
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10  ent Condition: good-0 fair, sis-7 Damaged-10 Severely Discravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Soft September 2 Soft Sep	(10)(15) ome cracking-5 amaged-15 Stone-7
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G  h. Outlets to Stream: None-0	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10  ent Condition: good-0 fair, sis-7 Damaged-10 Severely Discravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Soft September 2 Soft Sep	de Springs-5(10) (15)  pome cracking-5 amaged-15  Stone-7  ream-5(5)
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G  h. Outlets to Stream: None-0 i. Outlet/Bleeder Stability: St	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10  ent Condition: good-0 fair, sis-7 Damaged-10 Severely Discravel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Softs  Problem  Near Stream-3 Directly to St	(10)   (15)
b. Wet Site Conditions: Dry-0 Flow in Ditches-7 Saturated c. Road Surface Condition i. LVR EVALUATION: Paveme Poor, cracking, unevennes ii. D&G EVALUATION: Hard G  h. Outlets to Stream: None-0 i. Outlet/Bleeder Stability: St	Saturated Ditches-3 Roadsid Base-10  ent Condition: good-0 fair, sis-7 Damaged-10 Severely Discrevel-0 Mixed Stone-5 Softs  Problem  Near Stream-3 Directly to Stable-0 Moderate-3 Unstable-0 Fair-3 Poor-7 Unstable-0 Fair-9 Fair-9 Poor-7 Unstable-0 Fair-9 Fair-9 Poor-7 Unstable-0 Fair-9 Fair-9 Poor-7 Unstable-0 Fair-9 Fair-9 Poor-7 Unstable-0 Fai	(15)   (15)

2. Classification of stream or waterbody impacted: Warmwater Fishery-10 Coldwater Fishery-20 HQ/EV/drinking water-30 EFFECTIVENESS OF SOLUTION Degree to which project remediates impact to waterbody: Slightly-0 Moderately-10 Highly-30 Almost completely-50 (50)Solution (15)Cost effectiveness: How much "environmental benefit per dollar" (benefit per cost): Low ben/\$-0 Moderate ben/\$-10 High ben/\$-30 Very high ben/\$-50 OTHER FACTORS Misc Discussed site details with CD-10 Met w/CD on site-15 Point Summary: This sample ranking criteria is weighted toward Severity of Problem: (140 possible points) applications that have moderate to severe environmental Effectiveness of Solution: (115 possible points) problems, and high to very high benefit solutions. Your Other Factors: QAB is encouraged to customize this to best fit your (45 possible points) county's needs. TOTAL SCORE: 300 possible points OTHER CONSIDERATIONS: Some other factors that your local QAB may want to consider: Types of road use (residential, school bus route, timber, agriculture, etc.) Are all necessary permits already in-hand or applied for? Your QAB is encouraged to customize this evaluation to Addressing road hazards. circumstances in your county. You may develop a joint Past working relationship with applicant within Program. D&G and LVR ranking sheet such as this, or you may A required minimum score in order to be eligible for funding. Location of project within MS4 or TMDL or Combined Sewer develop separate rankings for D&G and LVR applications. licies. Other thoughts

Ranking Criteria Webinar Recorded 12/11/14 Recording and PowerPoint available online

www.dirtandgravelroads.org

#### 4.3.2 QAB Role: Funding Recommendations

- QAB makes funding recommendations based on the ranking criteria it establishes
- District board then considers QAB recommendations
- When the district board approves an application, district staff may then develop and secure a contract.

#### 4.3.3 QAB Role: Project Implementation

- After contract is secured, district staff is responsible for project administration, oversight, and inspection.
- Future funding decisions for the project may be made by the board with minimal QAB involvement.
  - i.e. District board could approve a contract amendment without QAB involvement

#### **QAB Role in Policy**

Developing local policy is a major function of the QAB:

- QABs develop policy
- District board adopts policy

#### **Required Local Policies**

- Equal Access
- Conflict of Interest
- Project Ranking
- Incentives for training
- Non-pollution standards

#### **Optional Local Policies**

- QAB can recommend policies for use within County Program.
- Can be "more stringent" than Statewide policy.
- Cannot conflict with Statewide policy.
- Examples:
  - Deadlines for applications
  - Limiting use of DSA
  - Ongoing maintenance requirements

#### 4.4 QAB Role in Policy

GENERAL RESOURCES

EDUCATION/TRAINING

**NEWS & EVENTS** 

BOF

ABOUT THE CENTER

a

# Individual County pages have contact info and policies

#### Conservation Districts

Pennsylvania's conservation districts administer and implement the Program at the county level. Conservation districts accept applications for funding from potential applicants, and award grants to local road owning entities. District staff is responsible for working with grant applicants to develop projects, project oversight, financial tracking and reporting, and general administration of the Program at the county level.

Select any District from the list on the right to visit their individual Program page. Note that Philadelphia County does not currently participate in the Program.

#### District Documents Disclaimer

The documents made available within each District's web pages are intended to serve as a guide for the policies set by each Conservation District. While these policies may in fact be current at the time of your viewing, it is strongly recommended to contact the relevant Conservation District for the most current version.





Dirt & Gravel P	rogram Stats
Funded Site Miles	2,696
Contracted Sites	312
Completed Sites	5,229
Total Expenditures	\$204,644,865.88
Low Volume P Funded Site Miles	\$204,644,865.88 rogram Stats
Low Volume P	rogram Stats
Low Volume P	rogram Stats 368

^

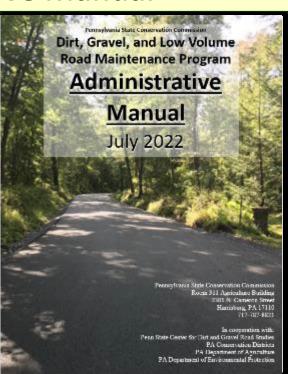
http://www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu/pa-program-resources/conservation-districts



#### **Administrative Manual**

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- 8) Permits and Other Requirements

**Appendices** 



#### 5. Applicant Role

- Designed as standalone section you can copy and give to new potential applicants.
- Most information is repetitive from SCC and District section, just written with applicants in mind.

## Steve

#### **Administrative Manual**

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**Appendices** 



#### Chap 6. CDGRS

#### **Center Role**



Dirt and Gravel Road PROGRAM



**Funding Support** 

Guidance

- Make Policy
- "Administer" Program
- QAQC
- Coordinate with legislatures and other agencies

#### Education

- 2 day ESM training
- Annual Workshops
- Demonstration Days

#### Outreach

- Technical Documentation
- Website
- Newsletter
- Interagency cooperation

#### **Program Support**

- Advisory Groups
- Technical Assistance to Districts
- Quality Assurance effort
- Geographic Information Systems

#### **Center Role**





#### Got a Question? Who to ask:

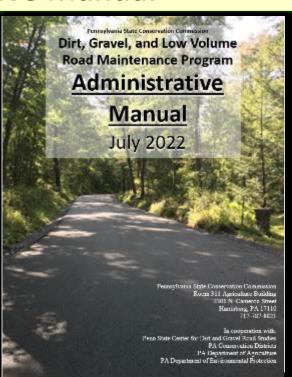
- Policy
- Legal
- Allocation/replenishment
- QAQC
- General Questions

- Trainings
- Technical Assistance
- Outreach
- GIS/Reporting
- General Questions

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  Appendices



## Some policies that don't necessarily apply to every project:

- 7.1 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
- 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate
- 7.3 Full Depth Reclamation
- 7.4 LVR Policies
- 7.5 Traffic Counts

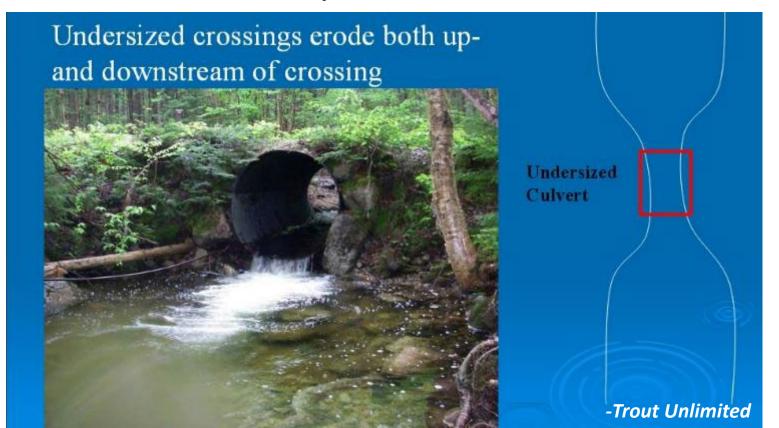
- Policy for replacing culverts and bridges.
- Applies to both DGR and LVR projects.
- Limits replacements to areas where structure is causing problem with stream.
  - Existing structures must be undersized and causing stream instabilities.
  - New structures must be sized to properly accommodate stream flow, bed load, and achieve stream continuity through the roadway.

- One of the Program's major goals for stream crossings is to ensure the structures funded by the DGLVR Program are designed and implemented to achieve stream continuity
- What is stream continuity?
  - Connectivity and continuation of typical streambed features upstream, downstream and through the crossing
    - Slope
    - Width
    - Bed composition
    - Grade controls, pools
    - profile

- Replacement Structures
  - Wide enough to allow for construction of a functional stream channel
  - Including bank margins, low flow channel
  - Grade controls
  - Proper cross section
- Bankfull width stream channel built through a wider than bankfull crossing
  - Accommodates the hydraulic capacity of the stream
  - Better stream function
    - Flood resiliency
    - Sediment and debris transport
    - Full Aquatic Organism Passage

# **Undersized Structures cause stream instability**

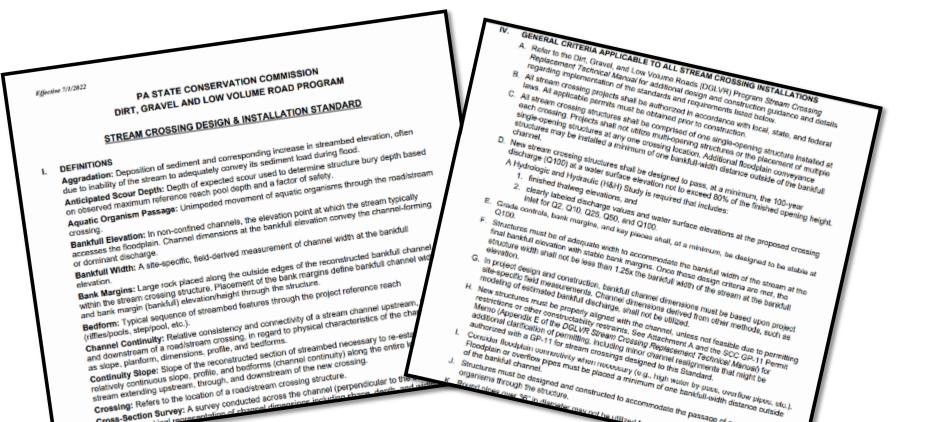
- Gravel deposition upstream (constant "cleaning")
- "Firehose effect" erosion downstream
- Often barriers to aquatic life



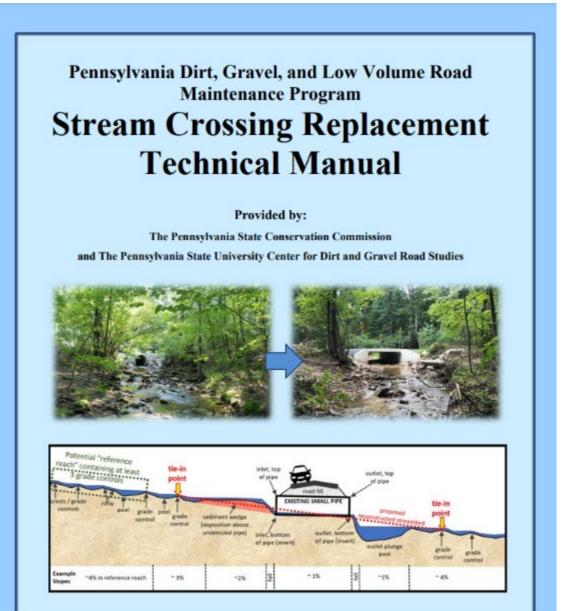
#### Chap 7. Add. Policies 7.1.2 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy

#### 7.1.2.1 Policy for Structure Installation

All stream crossing replacements funded in whole or in part with DGLVR funds, or listed as in-kind on a DGLVR Project, must follow the DGLVR Stream Crossing Design & Installation Standard -unless an exemption is applicable (7.1.3)



#### **Stream Crossing Replacement Technical Manual**



Chapter 2 of the Stream Crossing Replacement
 Technical Manual

 Covers the Design and Installation Standard thoroughly 7/2022 2. DGLVR STREAM CROSSING DESIGN AND INSTALLATION STANDARD All stream crossing replacements funded in whole or in part with DGLVR funds, or lie DGLVR project, must follow the DGLVR Stream Crossing Design & Installation Standard Crossing Standard) unless an exemption from the DGLVR Stream Crossing Standard is The low-flow channel is the portion of the Section 3.3). This chapter of the manual walks through the DGLVR Stream Crossing Design channel commonly wetted during stream base flow. Standard and provides additional background and guidance. See Figure 2.1 for an example detail showing a lowflow channel to be constructed within a stream Italicized shaded text below is quoted directly from the DGLVR Stream Crossin crossing structure. If a structure is installed without Installation Standard. Additional explanation and background are provided on the major a low-flow channel, the stream will likely be over widened as it enters the structure. This will cause it to lose energy and begin dropping bedload causing deposition issues inside the structure. The size and IV. B. All stream crossing projects shall be authorized in accordance with local, state and federal laws and all a shape of the low-flow channel is determined by surveying cross-sections of the stream channel as Figure 2.1 Bottomless Culvert Example Detail described in Sections 4.2 and 12.1.2.2, as well as the Example detail of a bottomics and culver showing low flow Most stream crossing projects funded by the DGLVR Program will require a permit. The type of p chample detail of a bottomics2 area curvert anowies fow flow channel and structure-to-bankfull ratios. Additional standard Site Assessment Technical Bulletin (Appendix H). required will vary from one project to another. Conservation district staff should know who to consult to en channel and structure-to-baneful ratios. Additional standard drawings of culver cross sections are available in Appendix A the proper permits are obtained. Conservation district DGLVR technicians are required to review per applications and/or site plans for stream crossings to ensure the application complies with the DGLV approximens and or plans for advant crossings to ensure the approximent computes with the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) of 1. A langitudinal profile survey is required resources stream-crossing-replacements. IV. M. Site Assessment: for each site prior to project design Achieving channel continuity will typically require some channel work upstream and downstream of the spostream und stownstream of the crossing and must include an appropriate reference reach to support project design. To determine crossing and must include an appropriate reference reach to support project design. To determine crossing and must include an appropriate reference reach to support project design. To determine crossing and following the control of the and/or permitting. The surveyed stream replacement structure. Large vertical offsets caused by the previous structure may require extensive work up segments must extend far enough to crossing and must include an appropriate reference reach to support project design. To deep applicability, reference reach slope must be +/- 23% of the proposed continuity slope of the and down the channel. For many replacements, work may extend upstream or downstream of the new structure applicability, reference reach shape must be 45-23% of the proposed community stope of the reconstructed streambed, unless otherwise approved by the SCC. If an appropriate reference must be reached an appropriate reference must be reached an appropriate approved as the proposed an appropriate reference must be reached as a proposed as a second approximate approxim more than 50 feet. Additional permits may be required to authorize in-stream grade control and streambank reconstructed streambed, unless otherwise approved by the SCC. If an appropriate reference reach is forthwarm the crossing, a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is further transfer and appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is further transfer and appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate reference reach is a separate survey may be conducted on a separate survey ma capture existing channel slopes restoration efforts. Conservation districts should look at the recommendations developed from the Site for recases sear the crossing, a separate survey may be conducted on an appropriate regressor reach Assessment longitudinal profile data produced before contracting to determine the anticipated reach of grade control features and must, at minimum, include two consecutive sequences of repeating bed restoration. This will aid in determining if a meeting with additional conservation district or DEP staff is research to discuss additional permit authorizations such as GP-1, GP-3, GP-11, or a Joint Permit. features (ex. riffle-pool/riffle/pool/riffle). A longer reference reach including additional heaftorm Because the DGLVR Program's requirements can be more stringent than permit requirements, it is The longitudinal profile survey must extend both upstream and downstream of the crossing and possible to have a project with an approved permit that will not meet the DGLVR Stream Crossing Standard. requences is encouraged in order to provide more reliable design criteria. Therefore, it is very important to have a good understanding of the DGLVR Stream Crossing Standard and to include data points associated with the existing structure and readway surface.

Sufficient number and locations of data points must be collected to determine the stream channel features that are pointed to a surface of the stream of the st review the design before a permit application is submitted. An approved permit is not a guarantee that a project can be paid for with DGLVR Program funds. A project may only be paid for with DGLVR Program funds features that are critical to a successful structure replacement, such as: W. C. All stream crassing structures shall be comprised of one single-opening structure installed at each crossing Projects shall not utilize multi-opening structures or the placement of multiple single-opening structures at any one respect some not unage manuspeusing structures or the processing location. Additional floodplain conveyance structures may be installed a minimum of one hankfull-weigh

#### **Recorded Webinars Available Online**

- https://www.dirtandgravel.psu.edu/education-and-training/webinars/pastwebinars
  - May 27: Stream Technical Manual: Overview and Q&A on DGLVR Stream Crossing Replacement Technical Manual
    - Webinar Download (57.6 MB): MP4 format (~34 minutes)
    - Presentation Downloads:
      - Adobe PDF (2.74 MB)
      - MS Powerpoint (3.59 MB)
  - May 26: Stream Standard: Overview and Q&A on DGLVR Stream Crossing Design and Replacement Standard
    - Webinar Download (182 MB): MP4 format (~41 minutes)
    - Used policy text, so no presentation download.
  - May 25: Stream Policy: Overview and Q&A on DGLVR Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
    - Webinar Download (148 MB): MP4 format (~41 minutes)
    - Used policy text, so no presentation download.

## 7.1.2.2 Existing Structure Eligibility for Replacement

#### Small Pipes

 Existing crossing with an opening width <u>less than or equal to 48"</u> are automatically eligible for replacement

#### Multiple Pipes

- Existing crossing consisting of multiple (side by side) pipes are automatically eligible for replacement
  - Only applies to pipes, not multiple cell bridges

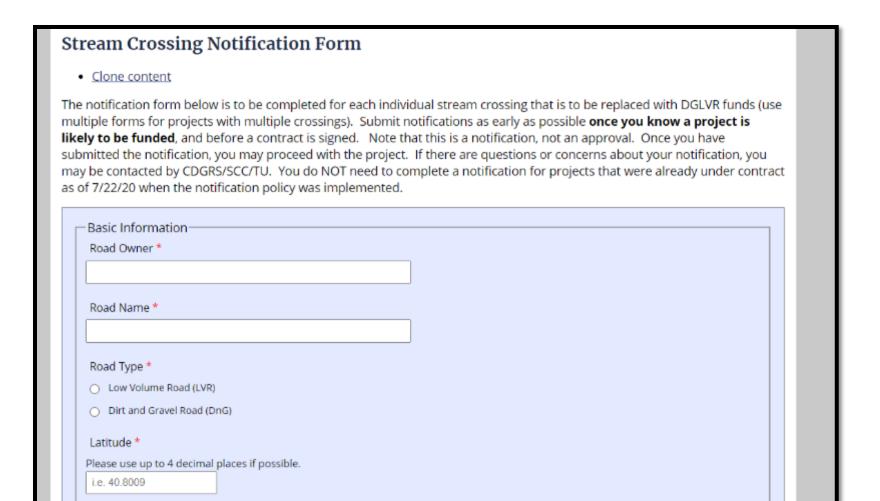
#### All other structures

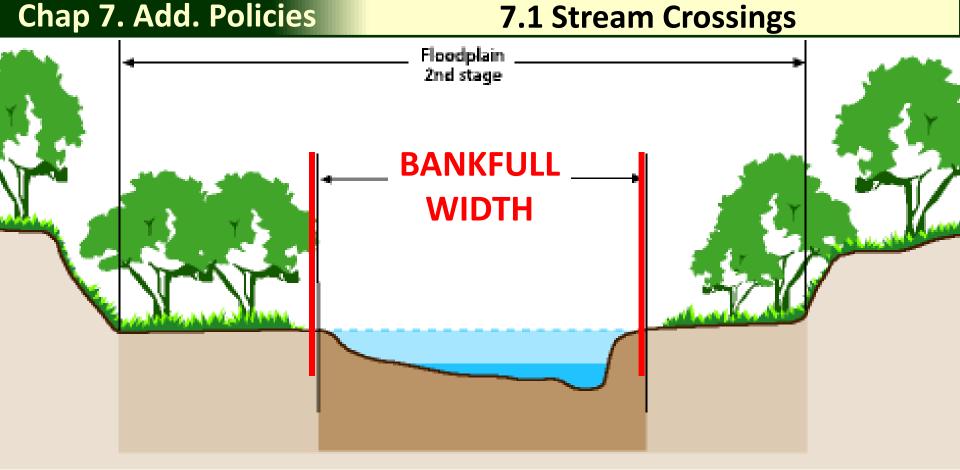
Existing crossing with an opening width over 48" must have a "structure opening width to bankfull channel width" ratio of 75% or less

#### SCC notification

- Districts must notify the SCC of proposed stream crossing replacements as soon as practical before a contract is signed
- Available on the GIS system

- CDs are required to notify SCC of planned stream crossing replacement before signing a contract
  - Access notification by logging into CDGS website:

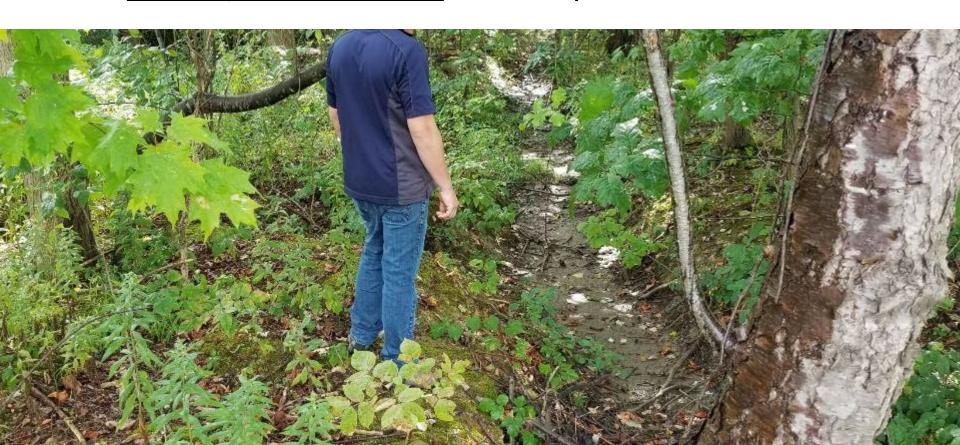




**Bankfull Width**: Width of channel at bankfull elevation **Bankfull Elevation**: the point at which the stream typically accesses the floodplain. Channel dimensions at this elevation convey the channel-forming or dominant discharge.

## Where does stream crossing policy apply?

 Applies to situations where streams, including intermittent channels, with identified bed and banks are <u>flowing into the road</u> or the uphill ditch.



Example
1
Looking
upslope
from road





**Example 2** 

Looking upslope from road



**Example 3** 

Looking upslope from road



**Example 4** Looking upslope from road





# 7.1.2.4 Policy Limiting Engineering and Consulting Costs

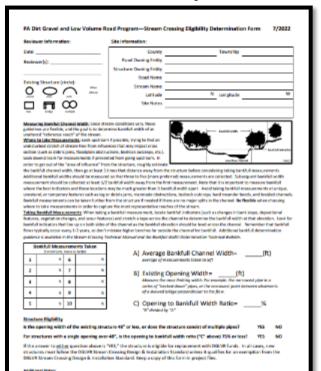
- Overviewed in 3.7.4.2
  - Limited to 20% of the total contract amount
  - Not to exceed \$25,000

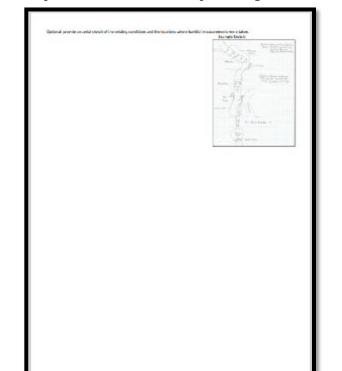
# 7.1.2.5 Conservation District Education Requirements

- Effective July 1, 2023
  - At least one district staff member must have completed the stream crossing replacement certification training
  - Must be completed prior to QAB recommending or District Board approving a project with a stream crossing
  - Required every 3 years
  - Does not apply to automatic exemptions

- Districts are required to hold meetings including:
  - Pre-application meeting
    - District and Grant Applicant
  - Pre-design meeting
    - Required if engineer is required
    - District, grant recipient, and Design Engineer
  - Pre-construction meeting
    - District, grant recipient, engineer, and contractor

- Districts are required to attend a bid site showing if applicable
- A stream crossing eligibility determination must be completed and kept in the project file





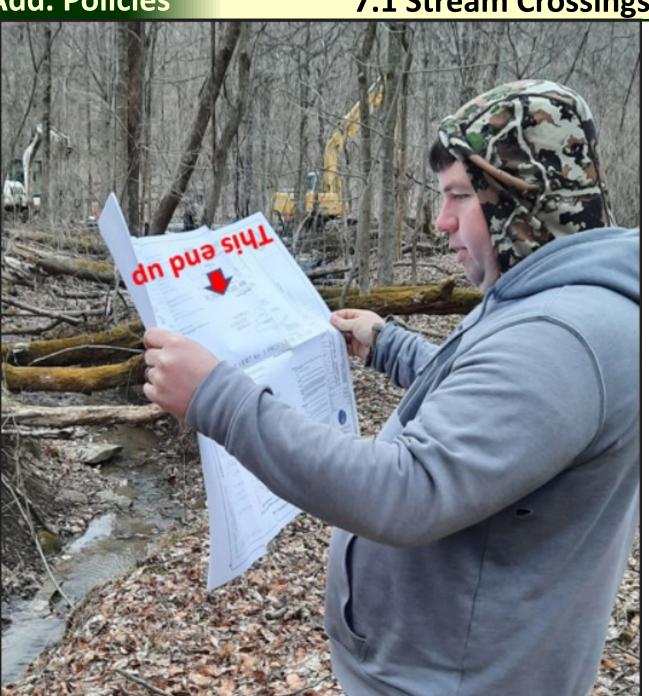
- Off Right-of-way
  - Stream crossings nearly always extend outside the right-of-way
  - Applicants are strongly encouraged to get permission from landowners prior to contracting the project
  - If landowner permission is necessary to achieve continuity and meet the standard but cannot be obtained, the project cannot be completed.

- Site Assessment
  - Must be completed for each stream crossing prior to the QAB recommending a project for funding.
  - Used to support development of cost estimates and the grant application
  - Includes obtaining a longitudinal profile and a minimum of 2 cross-sections of the existing stream
    - Will be utilized for review of future surveys and project plans to ensure they meet the standard
  - Must meet section IV.K of the Design and Installation Standard

- Site Assessment
  - District must be onsite while the engineer/surveyor is completing their site assessment for the project
    - Observe and assist with longitudinal profile and cross sections and ensure all important data points are obtained

- Plan Reviews
  - All permit applications, site assessment, and design plans and specifications must be submitted to the conservation district
  - The District must review the documents and provide written confirmation to the grant recipient or engineer that these document comply with DGLVR policy and Standards before they are submitted for permit review.
  - Purpose is to verify consistency with Program policy and standards
    - Not to review engineering calculations or permit completeness.
    - Form letters available on the Center's Website

## **7.1 Stream Crossings**

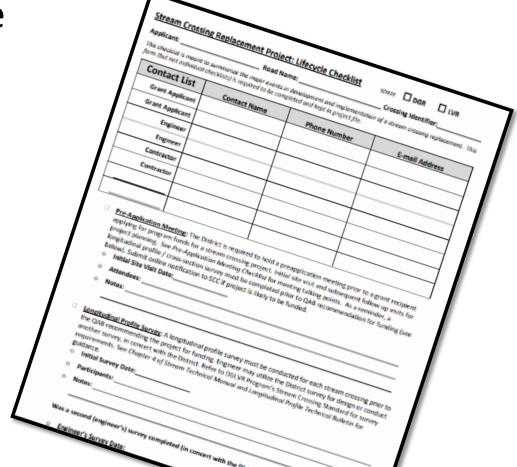


- Bid Review
  - If a project is required to be bid out for construction:
    - The grant recipient or engineer must provide all draft bid packages to the district
    - The district must review the draft documents and provide written confirmation that the bid documents comply with DGLVR policy and standards prior to being put out to bid
    - It is up to the grant recipient to ensure applicable bidding requirements are followed.

- Site inspections
  - District must be onsite regularly during construction to ensure Program policies and standards are being met
    - At minimum, must be onsite for the critical stages outlined in the Standard
  - D. Critical Stages of Construction to be inspected by the engineer (and/or engineer's designee) at the time of installation is required. Critical Stages include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - Installation of structure subgrade and bedding materials and establishing inverts/elevations.
    - 2. Installation of footings, abutments and structure appurtenances.
    - 3. Installation of grade control features, bank margins, and streambed substrate.
    - 4. Installation or placement of stream crossing structure.
    - 5. Compaction and backfill of stream crossing structure.

 Districts must complete the "Project Lifecycle Checklist" (Appendix J), which must be kept in

the project file



#### 7.1.3 Exemptions from the Standard

- It is not always practical, cost effective, or biologically beneficial to complete a comprehensive stream continuity project
- Stream crossings vary greatly across the state
- Exemptions are designed to provide maximum leeway for the district and SCC to adapt to unique circumstances

## 7.1.3 Exemptions from the Standard

- It is not always practical, cost effective, or biologically beneficial t complete a comprehensive stream continuity project
- Stream crossings vary greatly across the state
- Exemptions designed to provide maximum leeway for the district and SCC to adapt to unique circumstances
- Exemptions only apply to DGLVR Program
   Standards, and do not exempt any projects
   from applicable permit requirements

## 7.1.3.1 Automatic Exemptions

Automatic Exemptions can be granted at the discretion of the conservation district

- Must have a bankfull width of 4' or less and:
  - Defined bed and bank no more than 500' upslope of the road
  - Drainage area of 20 acres or less
- Complete the Automatic Exemption form (Appendix I) and keep it in the project file

# 7.1.3.2 SCC Approval for Exemptions

- Used for projects that do not qualify for an automatic exemption
  - Small channels that fall outside the automatic exemption
  - Extensive outlet drops that make connectivity impossible or prohibitively expensive
  - Other crossings with special circumstances
- SCC Exemption from the DGLVR Stream
   Crossing Standard form must be obtained from the SCC and kept in the project file

#### 7.1.3.3 What is waived with an Exemption

- The need to follow the DGLVR Stream Crossing Design and Installation Standard
- The need to achieve stream continuity as it relates to slope, streambed material depth, and establishing grade controls within the structure

# 7.1.3.3 Requirements for projects covered by an exemption

- Any local, state, and federal laws and all applicable permits are <u>not</u> waived
- New structures must span a minimum of 1.25x (125%) of the bankfull width of the stream
- Upstream: Grade controls required immediately upstream of the inlet
- Outlet stabilization required in the form of grade controls, bank armoring, or filling scour holes.

# 7.1.3.3 Requirements for projects covered by an exemption

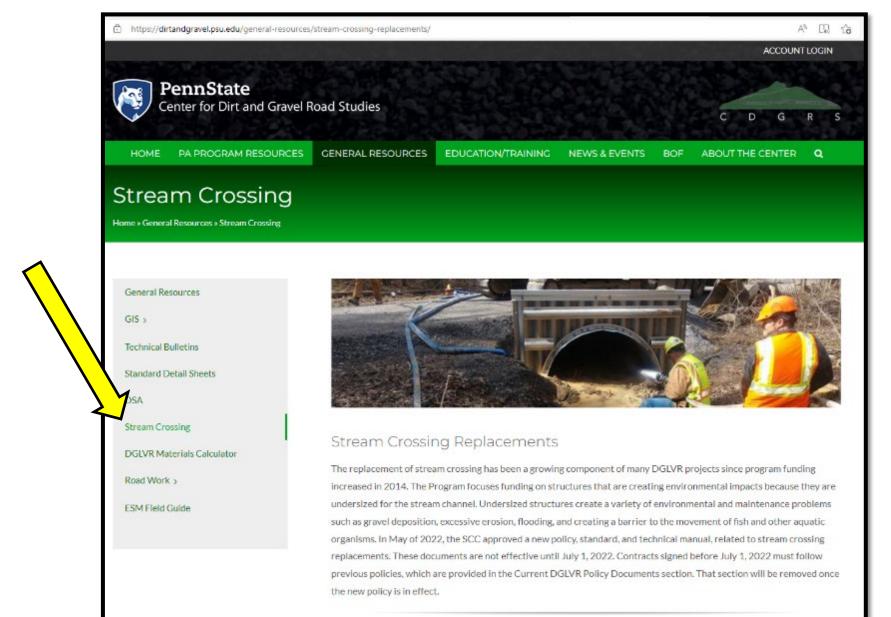
- New structures must be properly aligned with the channel
- Consider floodplain connectivity
- Districts are required to review permits and engineered plans if they are required for the project
- Divert surface runoff and roadway drainage away from the stream and structure
- Other site-specific requirements may apply as identified by the SCC on a project-specific basis

Recorded webinar from January 2023 about stream crossing exemptions

 https://dirtandgravel.psu.edu/educationtraining/webinars/past-webinars/

#### 7.1 Stream Crossings

Stream Crossing Resources





# Sherri

# Some policies that don't necessarily apply to every project:

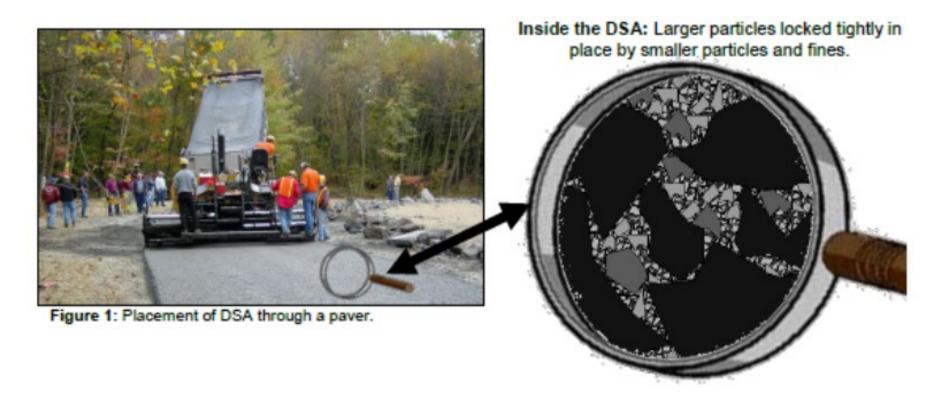
- 7.1 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
- 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate
- 7.3 Full Depth Reclamation
- 7.4 LVR Policies
- 7.5 Traffic Counts



https://en.thefunpost.com/40-funny-things-we-found-on-the-road

#### **Driving Surface Aggregate**

 Specific mixture of stone designed as a wearing course for unpaved roads.



#### **Driving Surface Aggregate**

- Only approved aggregate for surfacing unpaved roads with DGLVR funds
- All drainage and road base issues must be addressed before DSA is paid for/placed with DGLVR funds
- DSA placement required to be April 1 Sep 30.
- Paver Placement is required for contracts including over 500 tons of DSA

- Paver must be in good working order and be of sufficient horsepower to be capable of pushing loaded trucks uphill while placing material in a full width pass at the required minimum depth stipulated in the contract.
- If the total tonnage is less than 500 tons, the DSA must be paver placed or placed by tailgating and groomed with a road grader equipped with a carbide-tipped grader blade. A track mounted paver is preferred.

## 7.2.3 Exception to using DSA on Fill Projects

Driving surface aggregate meeting the Commission's specification is the only approved road surface material that may be purchased (for DGR projects) with Program funds. The only exception to this is on road fill projects.



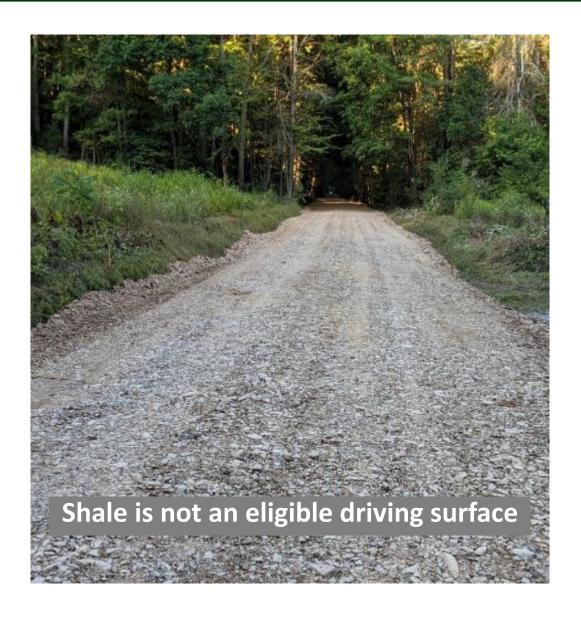
## 7.2.3 Exception to using DSA on Fill Projects (continued)

Road fill projects are defined as projects which install an average compacted thickness of 12-inches or more of fill material, not including the driving surface, to allow for proper drainage and/or strengthen the existing road base.



# 7.2.3 Exception to using DSA on Fill Projects (continued)

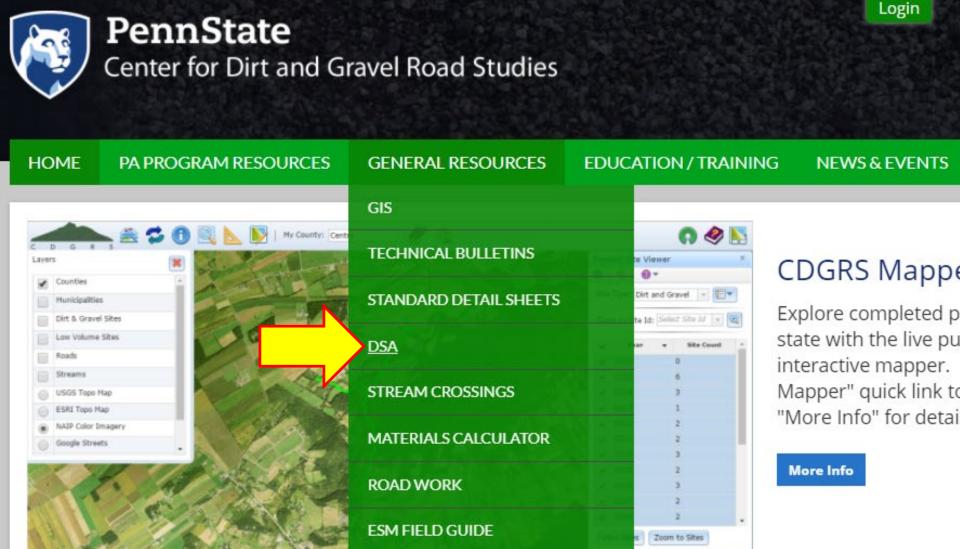
Road fill projects must be capped with DSA or an alternative aggregate at a minimum depth of 6-inches. Shale or bankrun gravel may not be used as the final driving surface. This exception is not meant to replace DSA with fill.



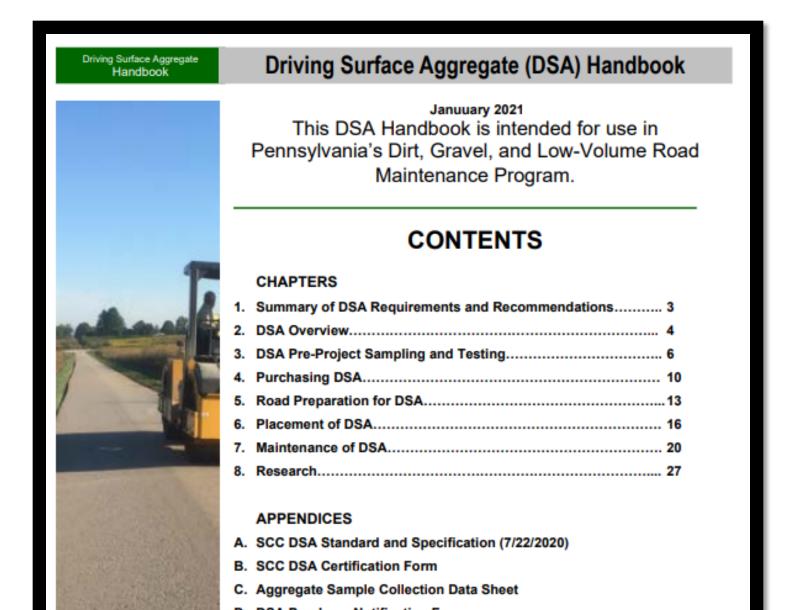
#### 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate

#### **DSA Details and Resources at**

www.dirtandgravelroads.org



#### **DSA Resources: DSA Handbook**



#### 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate

- DSA is major Program expense
- Center's "DSA Clearinghouse" designed to improve aggregate and job quality.



#### What conservation districts must do:

- 1. Ensure DSA is tested by independent lab and meets specification
  - If a CD would like the CDGRS to do this:
    - contact CDGRS once the DSA supplier is chosen and at least 30 days before proposed placement date
    - -Fill out the <u>DSA Notification Form</u> on the CDGRS website and email to CDGRS
    - Keep test results in project file

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Date	Submitted:

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### PA Dirt, Gravel, and Low-Volume Road Maintenance Program Driving Surface Aggregate (DSA) Purchase Notification Form

This form is for Conservation Districts to provide notice to the PSU Center for Dirt and Gravel Road Studies (CDGRS) of upcoming DSA placement projects. The top portion of this form is to be completed and returned to DSATesting@psu.edu.

CONTACTS	Entity	Person	Phone	E-mail
Cons. District:				
Grant Recipient:				
Quarry				
Placement Cont.:				
PLACEMENT DETAILS  Tons DSA to be pla  Est. Total DSA Co	ced:		Placement Date:	
Placement Met	hod: Motor-pa	ver Other:		
Road Name(s) /	#(s):			
District must provide at lethe Center to coordinate to and during placement. (for maximum dry densitied testing for moisture Conservation District choresults with the Center to with the certification from source or quarry that corspecific stockpiles of DSA	with the quarry and per . This could include lab y and optimum moisture and compaction, as well coses to sample and test o improve records states in the quarry in the projection	form any quality contro testing for plasticity ind e content), LA Abrasion, I as site visits during pla a DSA stockpile they sho wide. This completed fo ect file. Any entity prod	I steps necessary prior ex, gradation, proctor pH, soundness, and cement. If a ould share the testing rm is to be included ucing DSA must obtain the	
CENTER USE ONLY:				
Date Notification Recei	ived:	Received by:		
Discussed with CD:	YES / NO			
Discussed with Quarry:	: YES / NO			
Visited Quarry:	YES / NO			
Testing Completed:	YES / NO			
Tests Performed: PI	, Gradation, Proct	or, LA Abrasion	ph, Soundness	, Other
Results reviewed with	CD: YES / NO			

#### What conservation districts must do:

- 2. Collect DSA Certification Form from first load delivered to the work site
  - Needs to match pre-construction testing

#### Chap 7. Add

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#### PA State Conservation Commission

#### **Driving Surface Aggregate Certification Form**

1.5"	100				
Sieve Size Specification Range Gradation for This Lot % passing % passing					
nis record is to certify that the aggregate shipped to the above-referenced job site meets all PA State Conservation ommission specifications and quality requirements.					
roject:					
onnage Represented:					
lant Location:					
ompany:					

0.75"

#4

#16

#200\*

Print Title of Authorizing Agent:

e	g	a	t	e
	7	Ų.		·

lad

*If the Plasticit	ty Index for the material	is 2 or below, then the #200	) sieve is permitted to be	10-17% passing
pH:	L.A. Abrasion:	Plasticity Index:	Opt. Moisture	%:
Authorizing Ag	ent Signature:		Date:	

65 - 97

30 - 65

15 - 30

10 - 15

Note: The authorizing agent or responsible party should sign their name and print their name below their signature. If the signatory is a Penn-DOT certified Aggregate Technician, add the certification number on title line and no notary is required.

Print Name of Authorizing Agent:

Sworn and subscribed before me:	
This day:	
Notary Public	

This form is for use on Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Projects funded through the PA State Conservation Commission. This is not a PennDOT form or certification.

My commission expires:

#### Chap 7. Add. Policies

## What conservation districts must do:

- 3. Ensure the DSA placement meets DGLVR Program requirements
  - See CDGRS
     Website and
     DSA Handbook
     for additional
     guidance
  - DSA Technical
     Bulletin →

#### **Preparation for DSA Placement**

#### The Driving Surface will reflect the shape of the road base

- The performance of any aggregate or pavement will be limited by the stability of the base it is placed on. Road base instability issues MUST be completed where needed before application of DSA.
- Address surface drainage improvements prior to the use of DSA.
- The "Environmentally Sensitive Maintenance Practices" used to improve drainage vary widely but may include the addition of road fill to elevate an entrenched road, crosspipes or culverts to disperse drainage, underdrains and/or French mattresses to address subsurface water.
- 4. Establish proper drainage in existing base (figure 2). Recommended crown or cross-slope is ½ to ¾ inch per horizontal foot. Proper shape may be a flat "A" crown profile, an in-slope or out-slope. If exposed bedrock or insufficient material prevents proper shaping of the road base, additional base material should be added before aggregate placement.
- For tightly packed existing road surfaces, it is important to scarify the road surface so the DSA will bind better with the base layer.
- A 3"-4" "key" should be cut along the existing road edge when grading. DSA should be placed against this key to support the aggregate edge, prevent a large drop-off, and facilitate compaction.

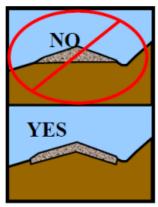


Figure 2. Road base preparation.

#### **DSA Placement**

Tarps are to be used to cover 100% of the load's exposed surface from the time of loading until it is placed on the road. An un-compacted uniform depth of 6 to 8 inches of DSA is to be used to establish the driving surface (figure 3). Placement is to be in a single lift. The preferred method of application is through a track mounted paver. Set the paver adjustments on application thickness and width so it is unnecessary to use a grader. The required crown or side slope is ½" to ¾" rise per horizontal foot. This slope is to be achieved by properly preparing base and placing aggregate in a uniform lift (figure 2). When the paver is applying aggregate, care should be taken to always keep the paver at or near capacity.

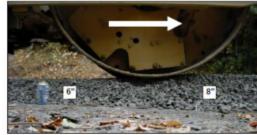


Figure 3: A roller moving from left to right compacts the 8" lift of loose DSA down to 6".

Individual projects can be placed at either 8" or 6" depth. Factors such as traffic volume, traffic weight, and available budgets play a role in determining aggregate depth. 8" aggregate placements will provide more material to re-work into the road over time, while 6" placements will allow a longer length of road to be surfaced. DSA should be allowed to dry or "cure" before being exposed to traffic, otherwise deformations or rutting may occur. If the weather is not conducive to drying for a few days after placement due to low temperatures or precipitation, placement shall be postponed by the road owner, Conservation District, or aggregate supplier, especially if traffic cannot be kept off the road during the drying period.



Figure 4: Compaction Testing with Nuclear Density Gauge

#### What Center will do varies case-by case

- "DSA Clearinghouse"
  - If you are having the Center test DSA, notify 30 days before placement
  - If you are testing DSA, let the Center know and share test results
- Normal tech assists
  - Help planning projects
  - Help inspecting placements
  - Help troubleshoot if you have questions
  - Don't hesitate to reach out

## Some policies that don't necessarily apply to every project:

- 7.1 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
- 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate
- 7.3 Full Depth Reclamation
- 7.4 LVR Policies
- 7.5 Traffic Counts

#### Full Depth Reclamation

 FDR is a major rehabilitation technique in which the full depth (minimum 6") of the surface and predetermined portion of the underlying base is uniformly pulverized and blended to provide a stronger, homogeneous road base



#### Full Depth Reclamation

- Shallow surface grinds for the purpose of road resurfacing are not considered FDR projects.
- FDR is a base stabilization technique and does not provide a final driving surface.
- FDR is an eligible expense in the DGLVR Program, at the discretion of individual Conservation Districts, for use on paved Low Volume Road (LVR) projects.
- FDR is not an eligible expense on unpaved roads

#### **Full Depth Reclamation**

- The Center must be made aware of any proposed
   FDR project before a contract is signed.
- FDR must follow specifications in PennDOT Publication 447 (Approved Projects for Lower Volume Local Roads)
- The mix design for FDR projects must be determined by an independent third-party.
- Any additives or binding agents used in chemical stabilization must be on the Program's "Approved Products" list (detailed on the Center's website)

# Some policies that don't necessarily apply to every project:

- 7.1 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
- 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate
- 7.3 Full Depth Reclamation
- 7.4 LVR Policies
- 7.5 Traffic Counts

#### **Low Volume Road (LVR) Issues**

- Paved or sealed with ≤500 vehicles per day.
  - Note "tar and chip" or "chip-sealed" = paved
  - More on traffic counts in a minute

#### **LVR Project Focus**

- ESM Principals
- Benefit to both road and environment
- Focus on long term improvements
  - Not for routine maintenance such as cleaning inlets, street sweeping, etc.
  - Not for neglected maintenance with no road improvements
  - Must provide a long-term benefit to the road and to the environment

### Paying for re-paving

- Drainage issues must be addressed first
- Base instability issues must be addressed first
- Other necessary ESM principals must be addressed first (Bank stability, road entrenchment, etc.)
- At discretion of individual CDs if and to what extent you will pay for paving.

#### 7.4 LVR Project Guidelines

- Asphalt and Chipseal must confirm to PennDOT Pub 408 or Pub 447.
- Note that the use of petroleum solvent based "cutback asphalts" such as MC-30 and MC-70 and NOT allowed for use in the Program.







http://www.pinterest.com/pin/569072102885936345/

#### **Paving Gravel Roads:**

- Program funds may not be used to convert unpaved roads to paved
- If you have steep or high traffic roads that would benefit from being sealed, contact SCC for potential pilot project.

### Reclaiming paved roads

- Districts, at their discretion, may fund a project to convert a paved road back to DGR.
- Either funding source may be used



### **Projects in Urban Areas**

Many ESM practices that work on DGR
 Projects will work on <u>rural</u> LVRs, but there will be some new and innovative ideas for <u>urban</u> areas





### **Projects in Urban Areas**

- Many ESM practices that work on DGR
   Projects will work on <u>rural</u> LVRs, but there will be some new and innovative ideas for <u>urban</u> areas
- Please contact the Center when you are working on new and innovative projects for Urban areas
- Projects must strike a balance between environmental improvements and road improvements

# Some policies that don't necessarily apply to every project:

- 7.1 Stream Crossing Replacement Policy
- 7.2 Driving Surface Aggregate
- 7.3 Full Depth Reclamation
- 7.4 LVR Policies
- 7.5 Traffic Counts

#### **DGLVR Law:**

"To fund safe, efficient, and environmentally sound maintenance of sections of low volume roads that are sealed or paved with an average daily traffic count of 500 vehicles or less."

(Unpaved road do not need traffic counts!)

#### Responsibility

 Applicant is responsible for providing traffic counts <u>before a contract can be signed</u>.

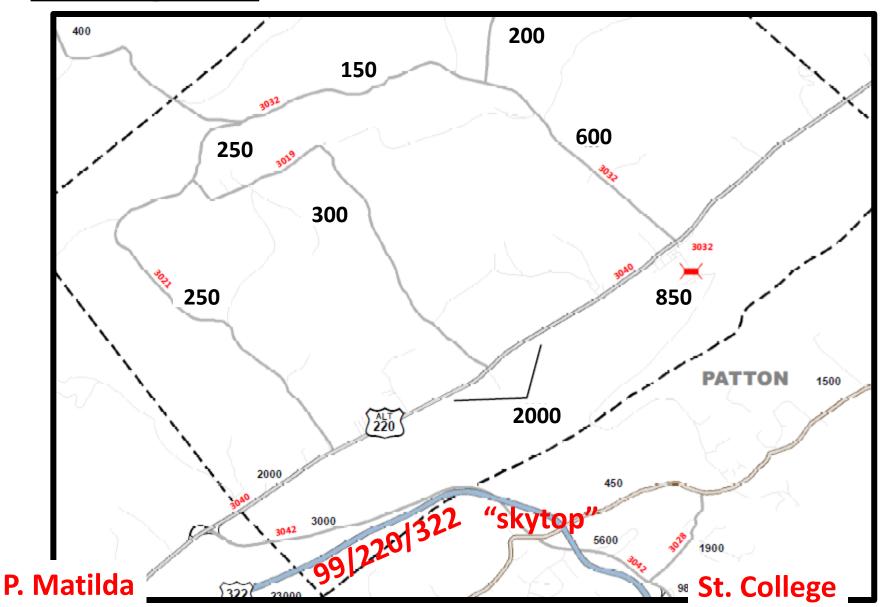
 Conservation District is responsible for verifying that a count exists, and that the count meets the criteria established in state and local policy.

#### **Traffic Count Methods**

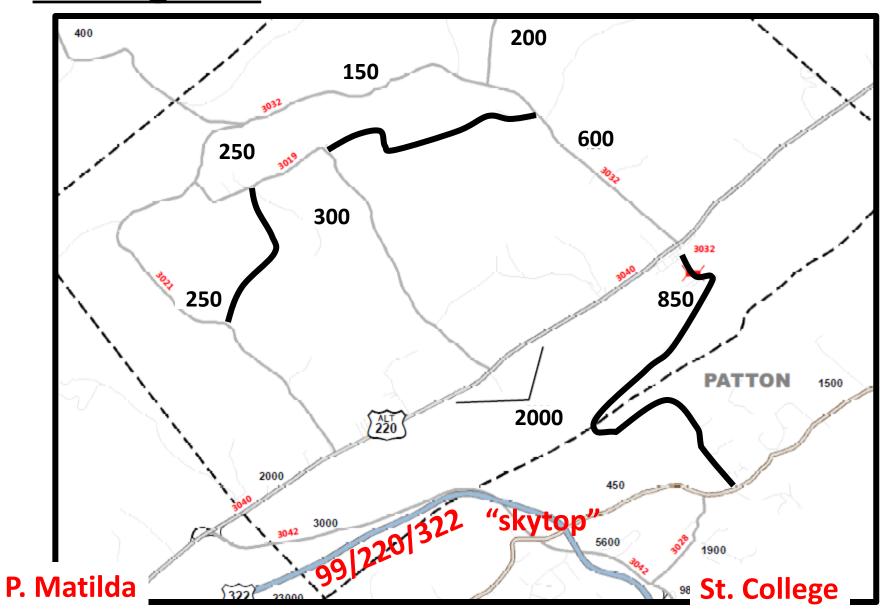
- Use existing data.
- Level 1 count (2 hour).
- Level 2 count (24 hour).

 This policy sets the minimum statewide Program standard. Your County can enact stricter count standards.

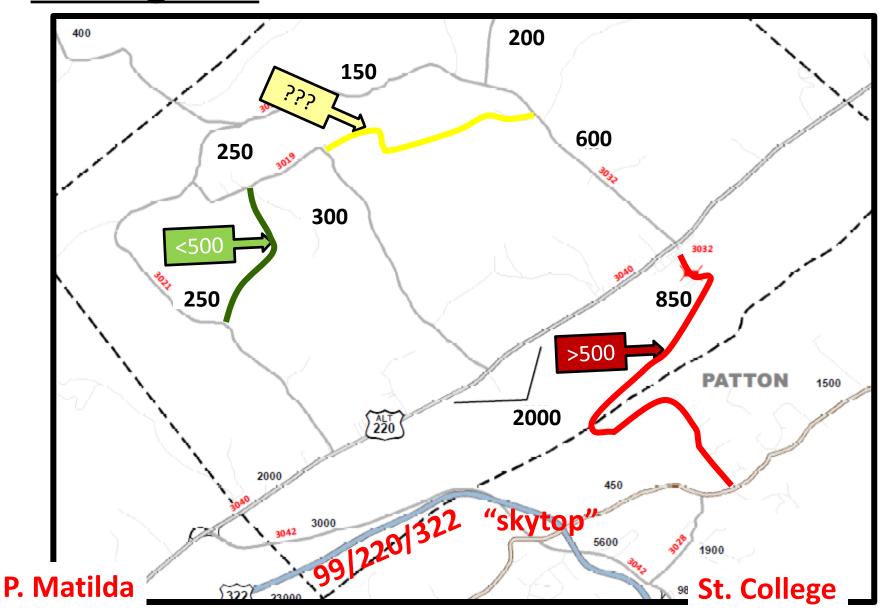
### **Existing Data**



# **Existing Data**



# **Existing Data**



### **Level 1 Counts**

• 2-hour Manual, video, or counter.

• Seasonal, day of week, and time constraints.

(March 1 through Thanksgiving)

 Provides an overestimate, so may not necessarily eliminate a site.

### **Level 2 Counts**

• 24-hour automatic counter.

• Seasonal, day of week, and time constraints.

(March 1 through Thanksgiving)

~\$100-\$300 each contracted

# Traffic Count Validation Form:

- Standard form
- Keep with project files.

Appendix F in manual

### Dirt, Gravel, and Low Volume Road Maintenance Program (DGLVRP) Traffic Count Validation Form

TRAFFIC COUNT	OCATION
Road Name and	Road Owner:
County:	Dood Information
GPS Location (if	Road Information
If GPS location r	t available, describe count location here:
	nt on Smith road, ½ mile north of intersection with SR180, Maple road.)
counts. Select the	be validated by use of existing data, a level 1 two-hourcount, or a level 2 twenty-four-hour
Existing Dodget data used data and e	Use Existing Traffic Data
LEVEL 1 TF	AFFIC COUNT DETAILS (2 hour count)
Count Perf	rmed From/,to/, DateTimeto,
Describe C	
Count Peri	Level 1 Count (organization)
Total Cou	ADT
	t =vehicles x 12 = ADT
	AFFIC COUNT DETAILS (24 hour (minimum) automatic count)
LEVEL 2 TE	h: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:
LEVEL 2 TE	h: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:
Count Peri	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other: to to to
Count Peri	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other: to to to
Count Peri	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other: to to
Count Peri	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:
Count Peri	h: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:  rmed From _/,
Count Len Count Peri Count Peri Total Cou	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:  rmed From/,to
Count Len Count Peri Count Peri Total Cou	h: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:  rmed From _/, to,  Date Time  Make/Model:  rm Level 2 Count  (organization)  t = 24 hour count = ADT
Count Len Count Peri Count Peri Total Cou	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:  rmed From/
Count Lenge Count Period Count	th: 24hr 48hr 72 hour other:  rmed From/

This form verifies eligibility of a sealed road for LVR funding as having a traffic count of 500 vehicles per day or less. It must be signed and

retained in the project files.

Conservation Districts may, at their discretion, use administrative and education funding to facilitate or support traffic counts for applicants.

- Buying and loaning counters.
- Paying for third party counts.

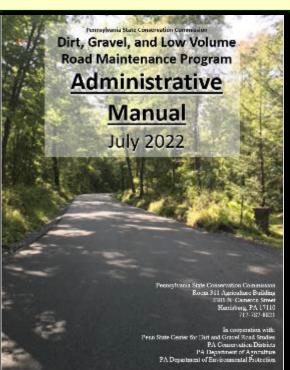
Districts should ensure that all potential applicants have equal access to any traffic count facilitation measures they may employ.

# 

### **Administrative Manual**

- 1) Introduction
- 2) SCC Role
- 3) Conservation District Role
- 4) Quality Assurance Board
- 5) Applicant Role
- 6) Center for Dirt and Gravel Roads
- 7) Additional Policies
- 8) Permits and Other Requirements

**Appendices** 



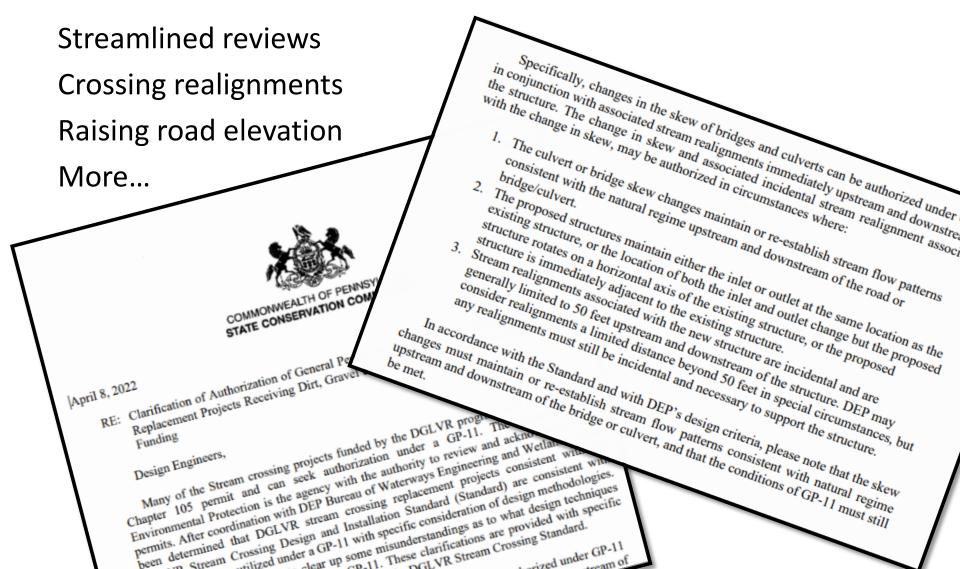
# As clear as the permit process...



All necessary permits must be obtained before work can begin on the portion of the project requiring a permit.

Can for example, do drainage work while waiting on a permit to replace stream crossing.

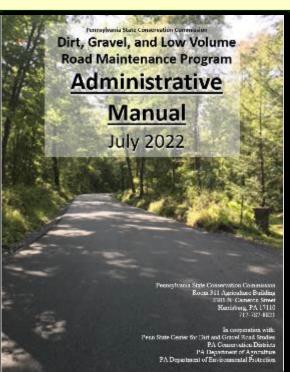
# SCC GP-11 Clarification Memo



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**Appendices** 



- Appendices: Program reference documentation and blank forms with instructions.
  - Appendix A: Dirt Gravel, And Low-Volume Road Program Law 9106
  - Appendix B: Commission Statement Of Policy
  - Appendix C: Grant Application
  - Appendix D: Traffic Count Validation and Instructions
  - Appendix E: Cost Allocation Method Examples
  - Appendix F: Driving Surface Aggregate Standard and Specification
  - Appendix G: Stream Crossing Design and Installation Standard
  - Appendix H: Stream Crossing Eligibility Determination
  - Appendix I: Exemptions from the Stream Crossing Standard
  - Appendix J: Stream Crossing Project Lifecycle Checklist
  - Appendix K: Definitions And Acronyms



#### **Contact Info**

### www.dirtandgravelroads.org

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- State Conservation Commission
- Pa Department of Agriculture
- rrichardso@pa.gov
- 717-787-2013



#### **Steve Bloser**

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- PSU Center for Dirt and Gravel Roads
- smb201@psu.edu
- **–** 814-865-5355



# Have a Question? Who to ask:

- Policy
- Legal
- Allocation/replenishment
- QAQC
- General Questions

- Trainings
- Technical Assistance
- Outreach
- GIS/Reporting
- General Questions